Briefing Materials on the Acquisition of Watsonville Community Hospital February 8, 2022

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

What is PVHDP?

- The Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project (PVHDP) is a nonprofit organization established to work towards community-led healthcare services in the Pajaro Valley.
- PVHDP was formed for the purpose of forming a California Healthcare District and acquiring Watsonville Community Hospital through a bankruptcy process.
- The four originating Board Members are designees from:
 - County of Santa Cruz
 - City of Watsonville
 - Community Health Trust of Pajaro Valley
 - · Salud Para La Gente

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

About California Healthcare Districts

- Created to address communities' health care needs
- A crucial part of California's health care system, healthcare districts meet the needs of
 - Communities with severe health care provider shortages
 - Uninsured Californians
 - Low-income seniors, adults, and children through Medi-Cal
 - Underserved populations
- Close community connections and services tailored to meet local needs
 - Healthcare Districts are crucial to making the Affordable Care Act and Medi-Cal expansion a success in California.
 - From specialized services for rural communities, to services tailored to the unique needs of diverse populations, to
 partnering with schools to keep children healthy, Healthcare Districts are innovating to deliver improved health care
 value for the local communities they serve.
- Openness, oversight and transparency
 - Local form of government, directly accountable to the communities they serve.
 - Residents elect the public boards that oversee local spending in pursuit of improved community health.
 - Operated and controlled by local voters who understand each community's concerns and ensure that each District is effectively meeting their local health care needs
 - Healthcare Districts must submit annual financial reports to the California State Controller and obey all state laws governing public records, record keeping, elections, and public access to documents.

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

The Watsonville Community

- 84% is Hispanic
- 80% of all households are families, 40% of all households earn under 50K
- 30% of the Watsonville population is 18 or under (pediatric)
- 30% of the population is childbearing age
- 60% of the population is working age
- The majority are essential workforce and work in agriculture, service, retail, healthcare and education.
 - 8400 employed as agriculture laborers, earning less than \$30K/year, majority live and work in the Pajaro Valley
 - Approximately 4000 work in supermarkets and retail, earning less than \$32K/year
 - Approximately 1000 work in the service industry in food preparation, buildings and grounds maintenance, earning less than \$35K/year



Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Situation Overview

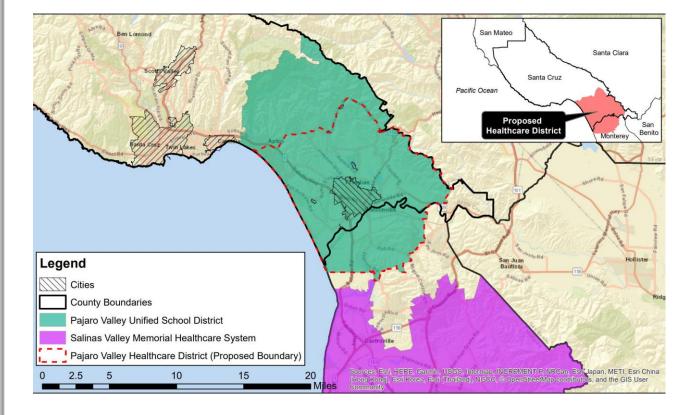
- Watsonville Community Hospital (WCH) filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy on December 6, 2021. It also issued WARN notices to employees warning of possible closure of the hospital.
- PVDHP decided that it's best course of action would be to form a **California Healthcare District**, because PVHDP believes that **community governance is crucial given the mission of the hospital**
- PVHDP finalized an Asset Sale Agreement with the WCH and this agreement was filed with the court – making PVHDP the "Stalking Horse" or lead bidder to buy the hospital. An auction will be held in February inviting other bids if there are any.
- Senator Laird has brought urgency legislation to form a new California healthcare district. Senator Laird will also be asking the appropriation committee to support the acquisition with funding as part the Governor's early action items in the budget.
- The bill for healthcare district formation, SB 418, has been unanimously (62-0) voted out of the Assembly and will be heard in the Senate Government and Finance Committee on February 2. It would go to the senate floor as early as the end of the week.

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

The Proposed District

 The proposed Healthcare District boundaries include Southern Santa Cruz County and a portion of Northern Monterey County and were based on the existing Pajaro Valley School District boundaries, except Aptos

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District



Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Local Support

- The Board of Supervisors of the **County of Santa Cruz** has approved a total of \$5.5 million in funding for PVHDP and the acquisition.
- PVHDP has also secured funding from the Community Health Trust of the Pajaro Valley, the Central Coast Alliance for Health, City of Watsonville, Dignity/Common Spirit and Kaiser Foundation Health Plan.
- PVHDP has made requests for additional funding from Sutter Health, Salinas Valley Memorial Hospital, Stanford Healthcare/Stanford Children's, and the Community Hospital of the Monterey Peninsula
- PVHDP enjoys the support of organized labor, local businesses, political leaders and even competitors to the hospital. Below is only a
 partial list
 - SEIU
 - Teamsters
 - California Nurse's Association
 - County of Santa Cruz
 - County of Monterey
 - Pajaro Valley Unified School District*
 - Kaiser Permanente
 - Sutter Health
 - S. Martinelli & Co
 - City of Monterey
 - Driscoll's

- California Association of Healthcare Districts
- California Medical Association
- Central Coast Alliance for Health
 - Catholic Charities Archdioses of Monterey
- United Way of Santa Cruz County
- Community Foundation of Santa Cruz County
- Graniterock



Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Causes of Recent Financial Failure

- Over the last 21 years of for-profit ownership, the hospital administration has changed 20 times.
- In 2019 it was sold to a company called Halsen Healthcare. The real estate was purchased by a Medical Properties Trust (MPT), a real estate investment trust, and then leased back to the hospital. The cost of the **lease was significantly above market** and Halsen Healthcare had never operated a hospital. Within a year, Halsen was in default. MPT exercised its rights under the lease to replace the board and bring in a new operator, Prospect Holdings, which also had a **high management fee**.
- In 2020 and 2021, during the COVID epidemic, with **rising costs of labor and supplies**, the hospital experienced significant losses. As of August 2021, WHC had a year-to-date cash flow shortfall of over \$17 million. It also became arrears in its obligations to suppliers, employees, and lenders.
- In order to staff the hospital, **traveling nurses were brought in at premium pay**. Physicians were also paid significant amounts of money to take call for the hospital.
- As a **stand-alone hospital**, it does not have the opportunities to negotiate favorable terms with vendors or payors
- Going into bankruptcy, the **billing and accounts receivable management system had failed** and there is as much as \$10 mm in uncollected fees otherwise due the hospital for inaccurate or incomplete claims.

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Vision for the Future

<u>The Past</u>

- For-profit, stand-alone operation has prevented the hospital from investing in care systems outside the hospital
- Lack of systems, technology and financial incentive has prevented the hospital from creating integrated and seamless information exchange that follows the patient



- The primary care infrastructure in Watsonville is fragmented. While Sutter Health, Dignity and Kaiser have a primary care presence in Watsonville, patients have historically been sent elsewhere for hospital care
- There is a large FQHC, Salud Para La Gente, in Watsonville serving the MediCal population. Historically its relationship with the hospital has been arms length.

<u>The Future</u>

- A community owned and governed inpatient and outpatient facility that is <u>aligned with many partner</u> <u>organizations</u> in service to the local population -from prevention to acute care
- A collaborative care model that addresses the social determinants of health, and improves quality at every step of the patient's journey
- Through information technology, financial alignment and collaborative clinical care, the patient has a well coordinated and "integrated" care experience – locally in their community



Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Business Plan for Future Success

- Short Term Objectives based on available information and in a compressed timeframe, conduct sufficient due diligence to build a path toward profitability. Identify initiatives that close the gap in operating margin
- Intermediate Term Objectives build a business plan from the "ground up" looking at the health care needs of the community and strengthening and building service lines that meet its needs.
- Long Term Objectives Create Strategic Plan that builds the elements needed to achieve vision (e.g., an integrated care model that fosters wellness, prevention and produces improved health outcomes)



Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Path Toward Profitability

- PVHDP's financial due diligence and forecasting has been carried out by leading healthcare management consulting firms
- Health Management Associates
- Kauffmann Hall
- Significant progress made by existing management and restructuring firm puts the hospital on a trajectory toward profitability.
- Our current business plan shows EBITDA loss of \$22.7M in 2021 turning positive by 2023 and growing to ~7.5% margin by 2026.
- Detailed assumptions in the business plan are included in the appendix to this document



Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Major Drivers of Change

NPR = Net Patient Revenue **QAF/DSH** = Supplemental payments made based on quality and the "disproportionate" share of MediCal and Medicare

HMA = Health Management Associates, a national financial services firm with specific expertise on government program reimbursement

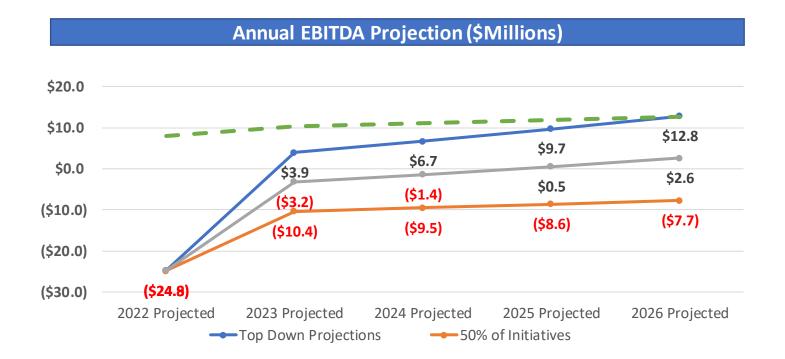
EBITDA = Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization

	L	FY Ending September 30	Actual			Projection			2021-202
Hospital volume to		(\$Millions)	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	CAGR
returning to pre-COVID		Net Patient Revenue	\$91.6	\$107.7	\$142.6	\$154.4	\$167.0	\$180.3	14.5%
levels and Kaiser		QAF/DSH Revenue	\$22.5	\$22.9	\$23.5	\$23.5	\$23.5	\$23.5	0.9%
growth drive NPR		Other Operating Revenue	\$1.4	\$1.0	\$1.7	\$6.7	\$6.9	\$7.0	37.9%
growth in 2023+		Total Operating Revenue	\$115.5	\$131.6	\$167.8	\$184.7	\$197.4	\$210.8	12.8%
Ū		% Growth	0.0%	13.9%	27.5%	10.1%	6.9%	6.8%	0.0%
	-	Salaries and Wages	\$60.5	\$76.6	\$80.2	\$91.9	\$100.3	\$109.2	12.5%
Supplemental revenue		Benefits	\$17.5	\$18.7	\$17.1	\$17.4	\$17.6	\$17.9	0.4%
(from HMA); New		Registry	\$9.8	\$6.2	\$5.4	\$5.4	\$5.4	\$5.4	-11.2%
"other" operating		Labor Subtotal	\$87.7	\$101.5	\$102.7	\$114.7	\$123.4	\$132.5	8.6%
		% Growth	0.0%	15.8%	1.1%	11.7%	7.6%	7.4%	1
revenue from bed leases for Adult Psych		Benefits as a % of Salaries	28.9%	24.4%	21.3%	18.9%	17.6%	16.4%	
and SNF		Supplies/Drugs	\$12.3	\$13.8	\$12.6	\$12.8	\$13.0	\$13.2	1.4%
		Purchased Services	\$13.5	\$12.4	\$12.4	\$12.4	\$12.4	\$12.4	-1.7%
		Professional Fees	\$7.0	\$7.2	\$7.4	\$7.4	\$7.4	\$7.4	1.2%
Expense savings in		Other Expenses	\$7.5	\$9.5	\$18.2	\$15.2	\$16.0	\$17.0	17.7%
various categories	(QAF Expense	\$6.9	\$6.5	\$6.7	\$6.7	\$6.7	\$6.7	-0.6%
assumed beginning in		Management Fees	\$3.3	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	-1.9%
FY 2022		MPT Lease	-	\$2.5	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	-
]	Other Operating Expense	\$50.5	\$54.8	\$63.3	\$60.5	\$61.5	\$62.6	4.4%
		% Growth	0.0%	8.6%	15.5%	-4.5%	1.7%	1.9%	
EBITDA improves		Total Operating Expense	\$138.2	\$156.4	\$166.0	\$175.2	\$184.9	\$195.1	7.1%
meaningfully from		% Growth	\$0.0	13.1%	6.2%	5.5%	5.5%	5.6%	
2022 to 2023 with		EBITDA	(\$22.7)	(\$24.8)	\$1.8	\$9.5	\$12.5	\$15.7	
margins improving		% Margin	-19.7%	-18.8%	1.1%	5.2%	6.3%	7.4%	
each year of the		Net QAF/DSH Benefit	\$15.6	\$16.4	\$16.8	\$16.8	\$16.8	\$16.8	
projection		EBITDA excluding QAF/DSH	(\$38.3)	(\$41.1)	(\$15.0)	(\$7.3)	(\$4.3)	(\$1.1)	

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Earnings relative to Lending Guidelines

- Hospitals measure profitability based on a cash flow calculation called "Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization" – "EBITDA"
- EBITDA requirements for credit-worthiness can vary, would be about 6-8%⁽¹⁾



• If the identified initiatives are successful, **the hospital is projected to generate positive EBITDA by FY23, and to achieve the lender benchmark by 2026.**

1. EBITDA Target of 6.1% based on Moody's BBB medians.

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Capital Need

- Capital requirements include acquisition funding, the administrative costs of the project, capital and ongoing working capital
- For the bankruptcy bid qualification hearing on 2/14, PVHDP needs to show liquidity to support 2 months of working capital (\$5 mm)

Capital Requirements

Description	
Acquisition Cost:	
Purchase Price	\$ 9,000,000
Debtor in Possession Financing during	
Bankruptcy	\$ 25,000,000
Employee Benefit Liabilities	\$ 11,000,000
Sales Tax, Misc Closing	\$ 2,000,000
Cure Costs for Assumed Contracts	\$ 3,000,000
Total Acquisition Cost	\$ 50,000,000
Admin and Consulting Costs:	
Legal Fees	\$ 800,000
Financial Consultants	\$ 400,000
Project Management	\$ 150,000
Legislative Advisors	\$ 30,000
Communication Management	\$ 25,000
Administrative Support	\$ 20,000
Total Admin and Consulting Cost	\$ 1,425,000
Working Capital	
Deficit Funding and Capital Investment	\$ 25,000,000
Total Working Capital	\$ 25,000,000
Grand Total	\$ 76,425,000

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Request to the State of California

- Of the \$76 million required funding for the acquisition and transition of WCH, PVHDP is urgently requesting \$40 million from the State of California as part of the early action portion of the 2022-2023 budget
- Time is of the essence as the sale is subject to the bankruptcy proceeding and the sale hearing is scheduled for February 22, 2022
- Remaining funding will be secured from the County of Santa Cruz, the County of Monterey, the Central Coast Alliance for Health, the Community Health Trust of the Pajaro Valley, Kaiser Permanente, local not-for-profit healthcare provider organizations and private philanthropy.

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Capital Sources

Description		Budget		Committed	Yet to be Committed	
County of Santa Cruz	\$	5,500,000.00	\$	5,500,000.00	\$	-
County of Monterey	\$	3,000,000.00	\$	-	\$	3,000,000.00
Community Trust of Pajaro Valley	\$	9,000,000.00	\$	4,650,000.00	\$	4,350,000.00
Kaiser Foundation Health Plan	\$	3,000,000.00	\$	3,000,000.00	\$	-
Sutter Health	\$	250,000.00	\$	-	\$	250,000.00
City of Watsonville	\$	100,000.00	\$	-	\$	100,000.00
Dominican Hospital / Common Spirit	\$	300,000.00	\$	300,000.00	\$	-
State of California	\$	40,000,000.00	\$	-	\$	40,000,000.00
Central Coast Alliance for Health	\$	3,000,000.00	\$	3,000,000.00	\$	-
Provider Funding (Salud, Stanford, CHOMP, SVMH, etc)		8,550,000.00	\$	150,000.00	\$	8,400,000.00
Other Fundraising (Community Foundation, Blue Shield Foundation, Family Offices)	\$	3,725,000.00	\$	-	\$	3,725,000.00
Total Funding	\$	76,425,000.00	\$	16,600,000.00	\$	59,825,000.00

* Kaiser Foundation Health Plan has also agreed to contribute their information technology platform and electronic health record, HealthConnect (EPIC)

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Two Paths

- If PVHDP and the newly formed district are not successful in acquiring the hospital during the bankruptcy process, the hospital will likely close, leaving tens of thousands of lowincome residents without access to hospital services.
- If PVHDP and the newly formed district are successful in acquiring the hospital, there is an opportunity to build better healthcare infrastructure for the community and achieve our vision for better health.



Appendix: Business Plan Detail

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Financial Improvement Detail

Initiative		EBITDA Projection				2021-2026	
(\$ Thousands)	Description	2022	2023	2024 ⁽¹⁾	2025 ⁽¹⁾	2026 ⁽¹⁾	CAGR ⁽²⁾
Baseline		(\$41.3)	(\$41.5)	(\$42.5)	(\$43.7)	(\$45.0)	2.1%
Supplemental		\$16.4	\$16.8	\$16.8	\$16.8	\$16.8	0.7%
Baseline Subtotal		(\$24.9)	(\$24.7)	(\$25.7)	(\$26.9)	(\$28.2)	2.8%
% Growth			-1.1%	4.3%	4.5%	4.7%	0.0%
Cath Lab	Online in FY22, fully ramped in Sep. '22	(\$0.1)	\$2.2	\$2.3	\$2.3	\$2.4	2.7%
Wound Center	Online in FY22, fully ramped in Feb. '22	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	3.0%
Wage increases limited to current CBA	3%	\$0.0	\$1.5	\$1.6	\$1.6	\$1.7	5.0%
Benefits Administrator Change	More effective carrier	\$0.3	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$1.3	\$1.3	43.0%
Revenue Cycle 1	FY22 Initiative - March 2022 Start	\$0.0	\$3.2	\$3.3	\$3.4	\$3.5	3.0%
Revenue Cycle 2	FY23 Initiative	\$0.0	\$1.8	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$1.9	2.5%
Supply Chain Savings	Supply Chain Contract Negotiations	\$0.0	\$1.5	\$1.5	\$1.5	\$1.5	1.5%
Managed Care Contracts	Commercial and Managed Care Contract Negotiations	\$0.0	\$0.9	\$0.9	\$1.0	\$1.0	3.0%
Physician Call Coverage	\$3M of revenue for physician call subsidy	\$0.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	0.0%
Kaiser Partnership - Minimum Spend	Increase in minimum spend to \$20M, ramps to \$25M by 2026	\$0.0	\$5.0	\$5.7	\$6.6	\$7.5	14.5%
Kaiser Partnership - Supplies Savings	10% Supply Expense Savings	\$0.0	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$1.4	\$1.4	1.5%
Scheduling Efficiency	Increase scheduling efficiency	\$0.0	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.4	1.5%
MOB Sublease	New Tenants to lease 45K sqft of unused space	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.9	\$0.9	2.0%
ADC Increase (Non-Kaiser)	ADC increase by 10 by 2026	\$0.0	\$2.5	\$5.1	\$8.0	\$10.9	63.5%
Skilled Nursing	Third Party Bed Lease for 15 Beds	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.1	2.0%
Acute Psych Services	Third Party Bed Lease for 20 Beds	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.0	\$3.1	\$3.1	2.0%
Initiative Subtotal		\$0.2	\$26.5	\$35.3	\$39.4	\$43.9	<u> </u>
Grand Total		(\$24.8)	\$1.8	\$9.5	\$12.5	\$15.7	

1. Forecasted years based Force 10 Global Assumptions

2. For initiatives starting in FY23, CAGR was calculated based on 4 years

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project

Financial Improvement Detail

In 2019, the hospital's cardiac catheterization equipment failed. New equipment was ordered prior to the bankruptcy and will be fully installed by mid-2022, restoring volume previously lost.	The wound care services at the hospital were provided in partnership with an outside company. The fees for the outside company have been eliminated with no change in service	Previous budgets and forecasts suggested a 5% annual inflation rate in wages. Current collective bargaining agreements call for an average wage increase of 3%. These contracts will be recognized by the buyer.	It is believed that the costs of administering self-funded insurance benefits for employees could be reduced without a reduction in coverage levels provided to employees	There are two revenue cycle initiatives that will result in improved financial performance. The first involved transitioning from two vendors to one, thereby improving efficiency. The second is reducing the rate of denial for submitted claims.
WCH has recruited a Stanford-trained hand surgeon who will relocate to the area later this year	There is a significant need for acute psychiatric beds in the County. Assumes third party operator	The cath lab will enable interventional radiology procedures to be performed locally	Increase in Worker's Compensation services	Imaging – increased imaging associated with increased medical and surgical volume
It is assumed that the hospital be able to standardize purchasing and increase compliance.	The plan assumes a 3% increase in payment rates from managed care organizations in addition to a previously assumed inflation rate of 3%	Through the bankruptcy process, contracts with physicians will be restructured yielding a targeted savings of \$3 mm per year	Kaiser Permanente uses WHC as part of its network in Santa Cruz County. WHC intends to renegotiate its contract with KP to provide a minimum spending level of \$20 mm in 2023, increasing to \$25 mm in 2028.	Iti s assumed that WCH will be able to purchase drugs and supplies through the purchasing agreements held by KP
	It is assumed that the District will adopt new scheduling practices, eliminating the inefficiencies of offering half time shifts	Assumed increase in lease revenue for buildings on the hospital campus. Space likely occupied by the County of Santa Cruz and Salud Para La Gente	It is assumed that post-bankruptcy, volumes at the hospital for non- Kaiser will return to pre-COVID levels	

Pajaro Valley Healthcare District Project