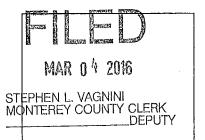
Exhibit E

This page intentionally left blank.

County of Monterey State of California

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION



Project Title:	PIETRO FAMILY INVESTMENTS
File Number:	PLN150598
Owner:	PIETRO FAMILY INVESTMENTS
Project Location:	26324 VALLEY VIEW AVE CARMEL
Primary APN:	009-463-016-000
Project Planner:	ELIZABETH GONZALES
Permit Type:	COMBINED DEVELOPMENT PERMIT
Project	Combined Development Permit to allow: 1) a Coastal Administrative Permit and
Description:	Design Approval to allow a 1,107 square foot second story addition to an existing
1	2,601 square foot single story single family dwelling with a new 483 square foot
	two-car garage; and 2) a Coastal Development Permit to allow development
	within 750 feet of a known archaeological resource.

THIS PROPOSED PROJECT WILL NOT HAVE A SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON THE ENVIRONMENT AS IT HAS BEEN FOUND:

- a) That said project will not have the potential to significantly degrade the quality of the environment.
- b) That said project will have no significant impact on long-term environmental goals.
- c) That said project will have no significant cumulative effect upon the environment.
- d) That said project will not cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.

Decision Making Body:	Monterey County Zoning Administrator
Responsible Agency:	County of Monterey
Review Period Begins:	March 7, 2016
Review Period Ends:	April 7, 2016

Further information, including a copy of the application and Initial Study are available at the Monterey County Resource Management Agency-Planning, 168 West Alisal St, 2nd Floor, Salinas,CA 93901 (831) 755-5025

Date Printed: 3/4/2016

MONTEREY COUNTY

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AGENCY – PLANNING 168 WEST ALISAL, 2ND FLOOR, SALINAS, CA 93901 (831) 755-5025 FAX: (831) 757-9516



NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION MONTEREY COUNTY ZONING ADMINISTRATOR

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Monterey County Resource Management Agency – Planning has prepared a draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, pursuant to the requirements of CEQA, for a Combined Development Permit (Pietro Family Partnership, File Number PLN150598) at 26324 Valley View Avenue, Carmel (APN 009-463-016-000) (see description below).

The Mitigated Negative Declaration and Initial Study, as well as referenced documents, are available for review at Monterey County Resource Management Agency – Planning, 168 West Alisal, 2nd Floor, Salinas, California. The Mitigated Negative Declaration and Initial Study are also available for review in an electronic format by following the instructions at the following link:

http://www.co.monterey.ca.us/planning/docs/environmental/circulating.htm .

The Zoning Administrator will consider this proposal at a meeting on April 28, 2016 at 9:30 a.m. in the Monterey County Board of Supervisors Chambers, 168 West Alisal, 2nd Floor, Salinas, California. Written comments on this Mitigated Negative Declaration will be accepted from March 7, 2016 to April 7, 2016. Comments can also be made during the public hearing.

Project Description: Combined Development Permit to allow: 1) a Coastal Administrative Permit and Design Approval to allow a 1,107 square foot second story addition to an existing 2,601 square foot single story single family dwelling with a new 483 square foot two-car garage; and 2) a Coastal Development Permit to allow development within 750 feet of a known archaeological resource.

We welcome your comments during the <u>30</u>-day public review period. You may submit your comments in hard copy to the name and address above. The Agency also accepts comments via e-mail or facsimile but requests that you follow these instructions to ensure that the Agency has received your comments. To submit your comments by e-mail, please send a complete document including all attachments to:

CEOAcomments@co.monterey.ca.us

An e-mailed document should contain the name of the person or entity submitting the comments and contact information such as phone number, mailing address and/or e-mail address and include any and all attachments referenced in the e-mail. To ensure a complete and accurate record, we request that you also provide a follow-up hard copy to the name and address listed above. If you do not wish to send a follow-up hard copy, then please send a second e-mail requesting confirmation of receipt of comments with enough information to confirm that the entire document was received. If you do not receive e-mail confirmation of receipt of comments, then please submit a hard copy of your comments to ensure inclusion in the environmental record or contact the Agency to ensure the Agency has received your comments.

Facsimile (fax) copies will be accepted with a cover page describing the extent (e.g. number of pages) being transmitted. A faxed document must contain a signature and all attachments referenced therein. Faxed document should be sent to the contact noted above at (831) 757-9516. To ensure a complete and accurate record, we request that you also provide a follow-up hard copy to the name and address listed above. If you do not wish to send a follow-up hard copy, then please contact the Agency to confirm that the entire document was received.

For reviewing agencies: Resource Management Agency – Planning requests that you review the enclosed materials and provide any appropriate comments related to your agency's area of responsibility. The space below may be used to indicate that your agency has no comments or to state brief comments. In compliance with Section 15097 of the CEQA Guidelines, please provide a draft mitigation monitoring or reporting program for mitigation measures proposed by your agency. This program should include specific performance objectives for mitigation measures identified (CEQA Section 21081.6(c)). Also inform this Agency if a fee needs to be collected in order to fund the mitigation monitoring or reporting by your agency and how that language should be incorporated into the mitigation measure.

All written comments on the Initial Study should be addressed to:

County of Monterey Resource Management Agency – Planning Attn: Mike Novo, Director of Planning 168 West Alisal, 2nd Floor Salinas, CA 93901

Re: Pietro Family Investments; File Number PLN150598

From:	Agency Name: Contact Person: Phone Number:			
Comme	nments provided ents noted below ents provided in separate	letter		. •
		·	 	

DISTRIBUTION

- 1. State Clearinghouse (15 CD copies + 1 hard copy of the Executive Summary) include the Notice of Completion
- 2. County Clerk's Office
- 3. California Coastal Commission
- 4. City of Carmel
- 5. Carmel Highlands Fire Protection District
- 6. Monterey County Water Resources Agency
- 7. Monterey County RMA-Public Works
- 8. Monterey County RMA-Environmental Services
- 9. Monterey County Environmental Health Bureau
- 10. Pietro Family Investments LP, Owner
- 11. Chris Adamski on behalf of Mike Pietro, Applicant
- 12. Adam Jeselnick, Agent
- 13. The Open Monterey Project
- 14. LandWatch
- 15. Property Owners & Occupants within 300 feet (Notice of Intent only)

Distribution by e-mail only (Notice of Intent only):

- 16. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (San Francisco District Office: Katerina Galacatos: galacatos@usace.army.mil)
- 17. Emilio Hipolito (ehipolito@necrc.org)
- 18. United Brotherhood of Carpenters & Joiners (nedv@nccrc.org)
- 19. Molly Erickson (Erickson@stamplaw.us)
- 20. Margaret Robbins (MM_Robbins@comcast.net)
- 21. Michael Weaver (michaelrweaver@mac.com)
- 22. Monterey/Santa Cruz Building & Construction (Office@mscbctc.com)
- 23. Tim Miller (Tim.Miller@amwater.com)

Revised 01/22/2015

MONTEREY COUNTY

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AGENCY

PLANNING

168 WEST ALISAL ST., 2nd FLOOR, SALINAS, CA 93901

PHONE: (831) 755-5025 FAX: (831) 757-9516



INITIAL STUDY

I. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Project Title: PIETRO FAMILY INVESTMENTS

File No.: PLN150598

Project Location: 26324 Valley View Avenue, Carmel

Name of Property Owner: Pietro Family

Name of Applicant: Adam Jeselnick Architect

Assessor's Parcel Number(s): 009-463-016-000

Acreage of Property: 8507.5 square feet

General Plan Designation: Residential

Zoning District: MDR/2-D(18)(CZ) (Medium Density Residential, 2 units per acre, Design Control, 18 foot height limit in the Coastal Zone)

Lead Agency: Monterey County RMA Planning Department

Prepared By: Elizabeth Gonzales, Associate Planner

Date Prepared: January, 2016

Contact Person: Elizabeth Gonzales, Associate Planner

Phone Number: (831) 755-5102 or gonzalesl@co.monterey.ca.us

II. DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT AND ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

A. Project Description:

This project application requests a 1,107 square foot second story addition to an existing 2,601 square foot single story single family dwelling with a new 483 square foot two-car garage. Currently, there is a 1,933 square foot single family dwelling with an attached garage on the parcel. There is also a small guesthouse behind the main residence. The proposal is to remodel the existing residence and attached the guesthouse with an addition of a second story master bedroom and bath and a new garage in front.

The parcel is located within 750 feet of a known archaeological resource. Pursuant to Section 20.146.090 of the Carmel Area Land Use Plan, Coastal Implementation Plan, a Coastal Development Permit is required for development proposed within 750 feet of a known archaeological resource. According to site records, the project parcel is located between three known and recorded archaeological sites. CA-MNT-1286 and CA-MNT-17 is adjacent to the south boundary of the parcel. CA-MNT-16 is one half block west of the project parcel.

The boundaries of these three prehistoric sites are not easily determined due to the nature of archaeological investigations, which are done on a parcel by parcel basis whenever a new construction project is initiated. Since adoption of CEQA in the 1970s, various studies have been conducted and boundaries of sites in the neighborhood have expanded. These three sites may have different components because they were established at different times, however, all are significant in that all have provided data and important information of prehistoric evidence. CA-MNT-17C has the most archaeological studies on Carmel Point. Early archaeologists have documented in depth, that this is an early occupation site along the central coast of California dated to 8,350 BC. The study provides evidence that a separate migration of people may have initially populated the central coast. This has been determined by the recovery of milling stones and crude core and flake lithic technologies that do not appear in association with inland sites.

Lead agencies must now evaluate under CEQA a project's potential impact to a "tribal cultural resource." Pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.1 et seq., the County shall request a consultation of the project's potential impact on tribal cultural resources prior to the release of a negative declaration, mitigated negative declaration or environmental impact report for a project. Assembly Bill 52 (Native Americans: California Environmental Quality Act) applies only to projects that have a notice of preparation or a notice of negative declaration or mitigated negative declaration filed on or after July 1, 2015. There are two tribes in the County's jurisdiction that the County confers with, the Salinan Tribe and the Ohlone/Costanoan-Esselen Nation (OCEN).

The aboriginal peoples of this area are known as the Esselen and Costanoan (Ohlone to some) people. They were hunter-gathers with a well-developed, intimate knowledge of the rich diversity of their aboriginal lands. Habitation is considered to have been semi-sedentary and occupation sites can be expected most often at the confluence of streams. They processed foods, fished the rivers for steelhead and salmon, sardines from the ocean, and hunted for deer, fowl, and rabbits. They did not cultivate the land but did manage the land by burning. Also, associated temporary campsites are frequently found on the coast and in other locations containing resources utilized by the group.

On December 7, 2015, a formal notification to the OCEN tribe was sent notifying them of the County's intent to prepare a CEQA document and giving them the opportunity to request a consultation. The consultation took place on January 12, 2016. OCEN's first priority is that their ancestors' remains be protected, undisturbed and the site preserved; and/or all cultural and sacred items be left with their ancestors on site or where they are discovered. Out of respect for their ancestors, the OCEN tribal representatives object to any disturbance. The tribe commented, should the County move forward on this project, the tribal representatives formally request that they be present onsite during any construction activities. See Section 5. Cultural Resources for specific mitigation measures

The primary CEQA issue involves cultural resources. Based on the archaeological report, this resource could potentially be affected by the proposed project. However, evidence supports the conclusion that impacts will be less-than-significant with mitigation incorporated. Detailed analysis for this issue can be found in Section VI. – Environmental Checklist.

This is an addition to an existing developed parcel that is consistent with the site development standards of the zoning in which it is located; it also meets the policies of the Carmel Area Land Use Plan. Less than significant impacts have been identified for Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Emissions (see Section VI, Environmental Checklist, of the Initial Study). As these were considered less than significant impacts, no mitigations were required. However, implementation of conditions of approval will be included to assure compliance with County requirements.

Other Project Impacts

The subject property is not located within Prime or Unique Farmlands, forest land, an area that poses a threat caused by flooding, or on a mineral resource recovery site. The project is not located within a public viewshed nor has any environmentally sensitive habitat areas located on the property. The result of the project will not require large amounts of water, induce or reduce the population or availability of housing, or cause reduction of the existing level of services for fire, police, public schools, or parks. Therefore, the project will have no impact on Aesthetics, Agriculture/Forest Resources, Biological Resources, Hazards/Hazardous Materials, Hydrology/Water Quality, Land Use/Planning, Mineral Resources, Noise, Population/Housing, Public Services, Recreation, Transportation or Utilities/Service Systems.

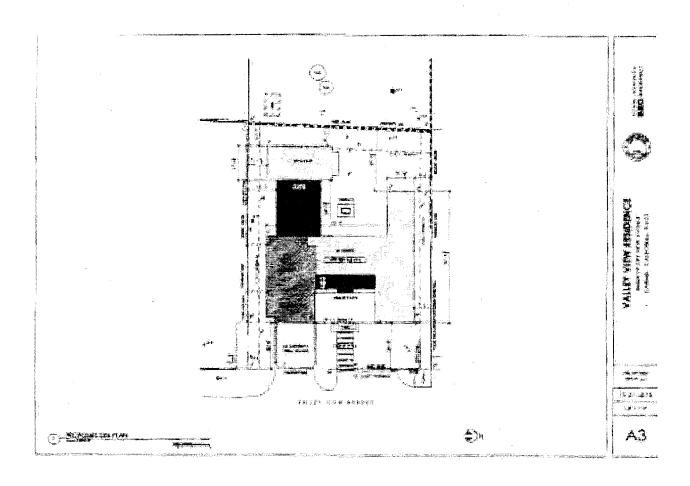
B. Surrounding Land Uses and Environmental Setting:

The property is zoned Medium Density Residential, 2 units per acre, Design Control with an 18 foot height limit within the Coastal Zone "MDR/2-D(18)(CZ)" and is located at 26324 Valley View Avenue, (Assessor's Parcel Number 009-463-016-000), Carmel, CA. The parcel (8507.5 square feet) is located between 16th and 17th Avenues on the north and south, and Carmelo Street on the east and Isabella Avenue on the west. The project is approximately 50 feet above the mean sea level. The nearest reliable source of fresh water is approximately 650 meters south, where the current Carmel River meets Carmel Bay. Vegetation on the project parcel consists of various non-native ornamental gardens and hedges. The lot slopes gently up from the street and is surrounded by residential development.

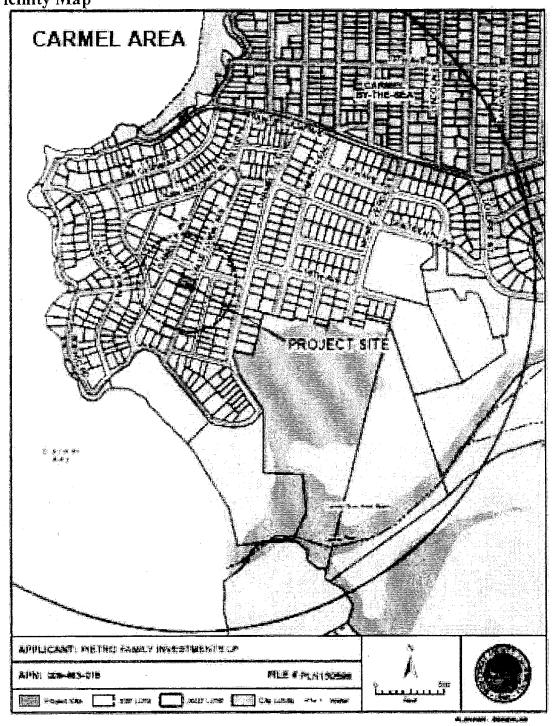
A construction management plan is required by the RMA Public Works Department. The applicant has indicated sufficient staging area would be located on the parcel.

C. Other public agencies whose approval is required: (e.g. permits, financing approval, or participation agreement). No other public agency permits would be required under this request.

Site Plan



Vicinity Map



III. PROJECT CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER APPLICABLE LOCAL AND STATE PLANS AND MANDATED LAWS

Use the list below to indicate plans applicable to the project and verify their consistency or non-consistency with project implementation.

General Plan/Area Plan		Air Quality Mgmt. Plan	
Specific Plan		Airport Land Use Plans	
Water Quality Control Plan		Local Coastal Program-LUP	

General Plan/Area Plan. The proposed project was reviewed for consistency with the 1982 Monterey County General Plan and the Carmel Area Land Use Plan (CLUP). Policy 4.5.H of the CLUP categorizes Medium Density Residential as the primary use of this category. Maximum development densities from 2-6 units per acre would be allowed according to site evaluation of slope and natural resource, septic system and public facility constraints. The proposed project meets those categories, as there is already an existing single family dwelling on this parcel. Land Use and Planning (Section IV. evidence) discusses whether the project physically divides an established community; conflicts with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (refer to Local Coastal Program-LUP discussion below); or conflicts with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. CONSISTENT (References IX 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7)

Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP).

Consistency with the AQMP is an indication of a project's contribution to a cumulative adverse impact on regional air quality. It is not an indication of project-specific impacts, which are evaluated according to the Air District's adopted thresholds of significance. Inconsistency with the AQMP is considered a significant cumulative air quality impact. Consistency of a residential project is determined by comparing the project population at the year of project completion with the population forecast for the appropriate five year increment that is listed in the AQMP. If the population increase resulting from the project would not cause the estimated cumulative population to exceed the relevant forecast, the project would be consistent with the population forecasts in the AQMP. The project is consistent with the 1982 Monterey County General Plan and with the Association of Monterey Bay Area Governments (AMBAG) regional population and employment forecast. The proposed project will not increase the population of the area nor generate additional permanent vehicle trips above levels projected in the AQMP. Therefore, the project will be consistent with the AQMP. CONSISTENT (References IX 1, 2, 5)

Local Coastal Program-LUP. The proposed project was reviewed for consistency with the Carmel Area Land Use Plan (CLUP). Land Use and Planning (Section IV. Evidence) discusses whether the project physically divides an established community; conflicts with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project; or conflicts with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. As discussed therein, the proposed project is consistent with the Carmel Area LUP. **CONSISTENT** (References IX 1, 3, 4, 6, 7)

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED AND IV. **DETERMINATION**

FACTORS A.

The	environmental	factors	checked	below	would	be	potentially	affected	by	this	project,	as
discı	ussed within the	checkli	st on the	followii	ng pages	3.						

☐ Aesthetics	3		Agriculture and Forest Resources		Air Quality			
☐ Biological	Resources		Cultural Resources		Geology/Soils			
Greenhous	se Gas Emissions		Hazards/Hazardous Materials		Hydrology/Water Quality			
☐ Land Use/	Planning/		Mineral Resources		Noise			
☐ Population	n/Housing		Public Services		Recreation			
☐ Transport	ation/Traffic		Utilities/Service Systems		Mandatory Findings of Significance			
Some proposed applications that are not exempt from CEQA review may have little or no potential for adverse environmental impact related to most of the topics in the Environmental Checklist; and/or potential impacts may involve only a few limited subject areas. These types of projects are generally minor in scope, located in a non-sensitive environment, and are easily identifiable and without public controversy. For the environmental issue areas where there is no potential for significant environmental impact (and not checked above), the following finding can be made using the project description, environmental setting, or other information as supporting evidence.								
CHOOK HOL	e if this finding is i	1000	P.P. P.					
FINDING: For the above referenced topics that are not checked off, there is no potential for significant environmental impact to occur from either construction, operation or maintenance of the proposed project and no further discussion in the								

Environmental Checklist is necessary.

EVIDENCE: Based upon the planner's project analysis, many of the above topics on the checklist do not apply. Less than significant impacts or potentially significant impacts are identified for air quality, cultural resources, and greenhouse gas emissions. The project will have no quantifiable adverse environmental effect on the categories not checked above as follows:

Aesthetics. The project will not have a substantial effect on a scenic vista nor 1) substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway nor substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings. The project will not create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area. (References IX 1, 3, 6, 7)

The Scenic qualities of the Carmel area have long been a cherished part of the Monterey coast. Therefore, development is regulated within the viewshed and must harmonize and be clearly subordinate to the natural scenic character of the area. (Policy 2.2.2) The parcel is not located within the General Viewshed according to Viewshed Map A of the Carmel Area Land Use Plan. The proposed project is a second story addition to an existing single family dwelling with a limited height requirement of 18 feet. The parcel is located within a Design Control area and has provided colors and materials that blend into the character of the neighborhood. The project will have no impacts to Aesthetics.

Agricultural and Forest Resources: The project site is not designated as Prime, Unique or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance, and the proposed project would not result in conversion of prime agricultural lands to non-agricultural uses. The site is not under a Williamson Act Contract. The project will have no impacts to agricultural and forest resources. (References IX 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)

The Carmel Area Land Use Plan states that development adjacent to prime farmland shall be planned to be compatible with the continued agricultural use of the land. (Policy 2.6.2 CLUP) The project parcel is not located near any farmland and therefore, there is no impact to agricultural and Forest resources.

- 3) <u>Air Quality</u>. See Section VI. for detailed analysis.
- Biological Resources. The proposed site does not contain any environmentally sensitive habitat areas (ESHA). The project would not have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a sensitive or special status species and would not have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community. (References IX.1, 3, 6, 7).

The environmentally sensitive habitats of the Carmel Coastal Segment are unique, limited and fragile resources of statewide significance, important to the enrichment of present and future generations of County residents and visitors; accordingly, they shall be protected, maintained and where possible, enhanced and restored. (Policy 2.3.2) There is no evidence of ESHA on the property; therefore, no impact on biological resources is anticipated as a result of the project.

- 5) <u>Cultural Resources.</u> See Section VI. for detailed analysis.
- 6) <u>Geology/Soils.</u> The proposed project will not expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death

involving: Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault nor have strong seismic ground shaking, seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction, landslides, result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil, be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse nor be located on expansive soil, nor have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater defined in Chapter 18A of the 2007 California Building Code, nor will it create substantial risks to life or property. (References IX 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 9)

- 7) <u>Greenhouse Gas Emissions.</u> See Section VI. for detailed analysis.
- Hazards/Hazardous Materials: The project does not involve the transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials that would constitute a threat of explosion or other significant release that would pose a threat to neighboring properties. There is no storage of large quantities of hazardous materials on site. The project would not involve stationary operations, create hazardous emissions or handle hazardous materials. The site location and scale have no impact on emergency response or emergency evacuation. The site is not located near an airport or airstrip. (References IX 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7)
- 9) <u>Hydrology/Water Quality.</u> The proposed project will not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements nor substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area. The proposed project is not located within a 100 year floodplain and would not impede or redirect flood flows.
- 10) <u>Land Use/Planning.</u> The proposed project will not physically divide an established community. The project does not conflict with any of the policies within the Carmel Area Land Use Plan. There is no habitat or natural community conservation plan that the proposed project is required to conform to. (Source: IX. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7)
- 11) <u>Mineral Resources.</u> No mineral resources have been identified or would be affected by the project. (References IX 1, 2, 6, 7) Therefore, the proposed project would have no impacts.
- Noise. The project would not change the existing residential use of the property, would not expose the surrounding properties to noise levels that exceed standards or to substantial vibration from construction activity, and would not substantially increase ambient noise levels. (References IX 1, 2, 6, 7)

The project site is not located in the vicinity of an airport or private airstrip. The generation of substantial or significant noise over the long-term is not typically associated with a project of this scope. The proposed project would have temporary minor noise impacts due to construction of the addition, but those

would cease once the project was completed. Neighboring residences are located on both sides of the property. The temporary noise will be occurring during daylight and weekday times. Therefore, there is no impact to noise.

Population/Housing The proposed project would not substantially induce population growth in the area, either directly, or indirectly, as no new infrastructure would be extended to the site. The project would not alter the existing location, distribution, or density of human population in the area, nor create a demand for additional housing, or displace people. (References IX 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)

Since the proposed project requests an addition of an existing single family dwelling, the housing element within the Carmel Area Land Use Plan does not apply. There would be no impacts to Population or Housing.

Public Services. The project would have no substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services. (References IX. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)

The proposed project's residential use and proximity to other residential uses signify that any potential impact to public services will be insignificant, given that adequate public services exist to properly serve the area, as evidenced by the County's interdepartmental review and recommended Conditions of Approval for the project. The Carmel Highlands Fire Protection District is approximately eight to ten miles from the property. Therefore, the proposed project will not impact Public Services.

- Recreation. The project, as proposed, would not result in an increase in the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities causing substantial physical deterioration. The proposed project does not include or require construction or expansion of recreational facilities. (References IX. 1, 3, 6, 7) No parks, trail easements, or other recreational opportunities would be adversely impacted by the proposed project, based on review of Figure 3 (Public Access) of the Carmel Area LUP and staff site visits. The project would not create significant recreational demands.
- Transportation/Traffic. The contribution of traffic from the proposed project would not cause any roadway or intersection level of service to be degraded. The project would not result in a change in air traffic patterns or an increase in traffic levels. It would not substantially increase hazards due to a design feature, nor result in inadequate emergency access or parking capacity. The project also would not conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation. (References IX. 1, 3, 6, 7)

The addition to the existing single family dwelling is considered minor construction. The property has sufficient parking. Other vehicles will be limited to parking on the street. Therefore, proposed project would have no impact to Transportation or Traffic.

17) <u>Utilities.</u> The proposed project does not require water supply or wastewater treatment. The proposed project consists of an addition to an existing single family dwelling and therefore, existing public utilities public utilities will not be affected. (Source IX. 1, 3, 6, 7, 12). Therefore, the proposed project would have no impacts related to Utilities and Service Systems.

B. DETERMINATION

On the basis of this initial evaluation: I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the П environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed. I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

Elizabeth Gonzales

Associate Planner

V. EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take into account the whole action involved, including offsite as well as onsite, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level mitigation measures from Section XVII, "Earlier Analyses," may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a

previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.

- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

VI. ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

l.	AESTHETICS ald the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				Impact
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings? (Source: 1, 3,6, 7				
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
	cussion/Conclusion/Mitigation: Sections II and IV.				
2.	AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES				
refer Dept whet refer inver proje	termining whether impacts to agricultural resources are sign to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site As. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing their impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are so to information compiled by the California Department of Intory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assess set; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided urces Board.	ssessment Mod impacts on agri ignificant envious Forestry and Fi ment Project a	el (1997) prepar iculture and farm ronmental effect re Protection reg nd the Forest Le	red by the Cali nland. In deter is, lead agencion garding the sta gacy Assessm	fornia mining es may te's ent
			Less Than		
Wou	ld the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				

refer Dep wher refer inve proje	In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board.						
		Potentially	Less Than Significant With	Less Than			
W.oı	ıld the project:	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact		
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)						
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)						
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)						
	cussion/Conclusion/Mitigation: ESections II and IV.						
3.	AIR QUALITY			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
Whe	ere available, the significance criteria established by the rol district may be relied upon to make the following dete	e applicable a rminations.	ir quality manag	gement or air	pollution		
Wo	uld the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7)						
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7)						

AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES

2.

•		QUAL	THIS
- 1	AIR	(31 A	. I I Y
J.	CAAAN	Q ULL	

Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations.

Wo	uld the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7)				
d)	Result in significant construction-related air quality impacts? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7)				
e)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7)				
f)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7)				

Discussion/Conclusion/Mitigation:

Air Quality 3(a, b, c, e, and f) - No Impact.

The proposed project site is located in the North Central Coast Air Basin, which is comprised of Monterey, Santa Cruz, and San Benito counties. The Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District (MBUAPCD) is the agency with jurisdiction over the air quality regulation in the subject air basin. In 2008, the MBUAPCD adopted an Air Quality Management Plan, which outlines the steps necessary to reach attainment with the state standards of air quality for criteria pollutants. The project involves the construction of a two story addition to an existing single family dwelling. Construction would be a temporary impact that will not permanently conflict with or obstruct the implementation of Air Quality Management Plan, nor would it violate any air quality standard or result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the region is in non-attainment. (Source: IX. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7) The project would not expose any sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations, and would not create any objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people. The generation of substantial or significant odors over the long-term is not typically associated with a project of this scope. Once construction is completed the parcel will be fully restored. Therefore, there are no impacts to Air Quality.

Air Quality 3(d) - Less than Significant.

The temporary and short-term impacts from project-related construction activities will be required to accommodate the new addition. There is no grading proposed and there is very minor increase in emissions from construction vehicles and dust generation; therefore, the project would result in construction-related air quality impacts that are less than significant. Construction activities will be required to comply with the Air Quality Guidelines, including the

standard MBUAPCD measures addressing dust control. Implementation of these standard dust-control measures will maintain any temporary increases in PM-10 at insignificant levels. (References 1, 2, 5, 7)

4.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES		Less Than		
W	ould the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
. — — — —	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)	. 🗆 .			
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				

Discussion/Conclusion/Mitigation:

See Sections II and IV.

5. W	CULTURAL RESOURCES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in 15064.5? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 8)				
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to 15064.5? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 8)				
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 8)				
d)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 8)				

Discussion:

Carmel is known for archaeological resources, which are maintained and protected for their scientific and cultural heritage values. Archaeological surveys are required for all development within close proximity of known sites.

According to the Monterey County Geographic Information System, the project site is identified as an area of high archaeological sensitivity. The parcel is also located within 750 feet of a known archaeological resource. Pursuant to Section 20.146.090, Coastal Implementation Plan, County staff requested that an archaeological report be prepared for the project to evaluate the potential for significant archaeological resources on-site and the potential for impacts to these resources as a result of the project. A Preliminary Cultural Resources Reconnaissance of Assessor's Parcel Number 009-463-016-000, was prepared by Susan Morley, M.A., dated September 2015. The parcel was methodically inspected for evidence of significant prehistoric or historic material remains.

When other site planning constraints do not permit avoidance of construction on archaeological or other types of a cultural site, adequate preservation measures are required. Mitigation must be designed in accordance with guidelines of the State Office of Historic Preservation and the State of California Native American Heritage Commission (Policy 2.8.4.6 Carmel Area Land Use Plan).

Conclusion:

5 (a) (b): Less than Significant with Mitigation. .

The estimated boundary line for CA-MNT-17 is the southern boundary of the project parcel. Several Native American burials have been encountered in this neighborhood. This parcel sits in an area bounded by three known prehistoric sites. The surface soils were examined under the existing residence and in the back yard between the main house and the guesthouse. During the surface survey there was the presence of midden like soil. Midden soils are dark, greasy soils

that could be the result of human habitation. However, no other evidence for cultural resources are apparent in the surface soils on the project parcel. The topsoil has been turned from years of gardening. The proposed plans are to excavate trenches across the back yard, and along the drive way will be graded. Based upon the background research, and the parcel being located at the intersection of three recorded sites, and as the existence of cultural resources are known in this neighborhood, especially the known presence of Native American burials, the archaeologist is recommending on-site monitoring. Also, based on the consultation with the Tribal Representative as required by AB52, the Representative has made a formal request for on-site monitoring as well. Therefore, the following mitigation measures shall be enforced:

Mitigation Measure #1:

An on-site pre-construction meeting shall be held between the applicant, the archaeologist, an OCEN Tribal monitor, and the contractor to discuss and assure the understanding of the mitigation measures required of this permit and scheduling of construction with regard to monitoring.

Monitoring Action #1:

Prior to issuance of any permits, the preconstruction meeting between all parties involved shall be conducted with a letter summarizing what was discussed and submitted to RMA-Planning.

Mitigation Measure #2:

A professional archaeologist and a Tribal Monitor shall supervise soil disturbing activities such as demolition, excavation and driveway removal. If, at any time, potentially significant archaeological resources are discovered, the Tribal monitor and/or the archaeologist are authorized to temporarily halt work until the find has been evaluated and, if determined significant, until mitigation measures have been formulated and implemented with the concurrence of the County. A sampling of soil may be screened during monitoring to facilitate resource identification and data recovery. A least two single specimen radiocarbon dates shall be obtained.

Monitoring Action #2:

Prior to issuance of any grading/building permits, a copy of a signed agreement between the applicant, archaeologist and Tribal monitor shall be submitted to RMA-Planning Department for review and approval.

Additional on-going monitoring Action:

The text of the mitigation measure shall be posted and maintained at the project site for the duration of construction.

Mitigation Measure #3:

If archaeological resources or human remains are unexpectedly discovered during construction, the following steps shall be taken:

- There shall be no further excavation or disturbance of the site or any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlie adjacent human remains until:
- The coroner of the county in which the remains are discovered must be contacted to determine that no investigation of the cause of death is required, and

- If the coroner determines the remains to be Native American:
 - The coroner shall contact the Native American Heritage Commission and the RMA Planning Department within 24 hours.
 - The Native American Heritage Commission shall identify the person or persons from a recognized local tribe of the Esselen, Salinan, Costonoan/Ohlone and Chumash tribal groups, as appropriate, to be the most likely descendent.
 - The most likely descendent may make recommendations to the landowner or the person responsible for the excavation work, for means of treating or disposing of, with appropriate dignity, the human remains and any associated grave goods as provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.9 and 5097.993, or
 - Where the following conditions occur, the landowner or his authorized representatives shall rebury the Native American human remains and associated grave goods with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further subsurface disturbance.
 - 1. The Native American Heritage Commission is unable to identify a most likely descendent or the most likely descendent failed to make a recommendation within 24 hours after being notified by the commission.
 - 2. The descendent identified fails to make a recommendation; or
 - 3. The landowner or his authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the descendent, and the mediation by the Native American Heritage Commission fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner.

Monitoring Action #3:

Prior to issuance of any permits, the language of this mitigation measure shall be placed on the construction plans.

5 (c) (d): Less than Significant Impact The project does not have any evidence of these resources at the site that would indicated that the project will not directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or geologic feature. However, since the parcel is also located among known abundance of archaeological sites, staff will incorporate a standard condition of approval that states "If, during the course of construction, cultural, archaeological, historical or paleontological resources are uncovered at the site (surface or subsurface resources) work shall be halted immediately within 50 meters (165 feet) of the find until a qualified professional archaeologist can evaluate it."

6.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS	<u></u>	Less Than Significant		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
W c	uld the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 9) Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.		<u>П</u>		#
	ii) Strong seismic ground shaking? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 9)				
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 9)				
	iv) Landslides? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 9)				
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 9)				
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 9)				
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 9)				
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 9)				

7. W	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS ould the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment? (Source: 1, 2, 5, 6, 7)				
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases? (Source: 1, 2, 5, 6, 7)				

Discussion/Conclusion/Mitigation:

Greenhouse gases (GHG) are emitted by natural processes and human activities such as electricity production, motor vehicle use, and agricultural uses. It has been found that elevation of GHGs has led to a trend of unnatural warming of the earth's climate, otherwise known as the "greenhouse effect". In order to reduce the statewide level of GHG emissions, the State Legislature adopted California Assembly Bill 32 (AB 32) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006. AB 32 established a comprehensive statewide program of regulatory and market mechanisms to achieve reductions in GHG emissions, thereby reducing the State's vulnerability to global climate change (GCC). Pursuant to Senate Bill 97 (SB 97), the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR) issued interim guidance for addressing climate change through CEQA and recommends that each agency develop an approach to address GHG emissions based on the best available information. At this time, the County of Monterey and the Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District (agency responsible for regulating air quality in the region) have not identified a significance threshold for GHG emissions. There will be GHG emissions associated with the use and transport of construction materials to and from the project site.

7(a) and (b). Conclusion: Less than Significant.

Although the proposed project will create a temporary impact to air quality caused by construction activities, the result of the project will not increase the baseline amount of GHGs emitted prior to the project to a level of significance. The temporary impacts of construction of the addition to an existing single family dwelling will not permanently create a greater amount of vehicle trips nor will it cause an increase in the emission of carbon dioxide (CO₂) by fuel combustion.

8.	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS		Less Than		
Wo	ould the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				•
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				,
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				

9,	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY	Potentially	Less Than Significant With	Less Than	
Wo	uld the project:	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				 .
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				
e)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				,
i)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				
j)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow? (Source: 1, 3, 7)				

10. LAND USE AND PLANNING		Less Than Significant	-	Table in
Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Physically divide an established community? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)	Π.			
b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)	. □			
c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)				
Discussion/Conclusion/Mitigation: See Sections II and IV.			Account of the control of the contro	uning under the second
11. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? (Source: 1, 2, 6, 7)				
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan? (Source: 1, 2, 6, 7)				
Discussion/Conclusion/Mitigation:				

	and the second s				
12.	NOISE	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact
_W	ould the project result in:	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	Impact
a)	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? (Source: 1, 2, 6, 7)				
b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels? (Source: 1, 2, 6, 7)				
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? (Source: 1, 2, 6, 7)				
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? (Source: 1, 2, 6, 7)				
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels? (Source: 1, 2, 6, 7)				•
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels? (Source: 1, 2, 6, 7)				
	iscussion/Conclusion/Mitigation: ee Sections II and IV.				
13 W	ould the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
			-		
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)				

13. POPULATION AND	HOUSING		Less Than	<u> </u>	
Would the project:		Potentially Significant Impact	Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	rs of neonle necessitating				
the construction of replacer (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)	nent housing elsewhere?				
Discussion/Conclusion/Nee Sections II and IV.	Aitigation:				
		ivi on	Less Than		
14. PUBLIC SERVICES Would the project result in:	5	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Substantial adverse physical in provision of new or physically facilities, need for new or physically facilities, the construction of wenvironmental impacts, in ordeservice ratios, response times objectives for any of the public	altered governmental sically altered governmental which could cause significant or maintain acceptable or other performance				
a) Fire protection? (Sour	rce: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 10)				
b) Police protection? (So	ource: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 10)				
c) Schools? (Source: 1, 2	2, 3, 6, 7, 10)			. 🗀	
d) Parks? (Source: 1, 2,	3, 6, 7, 10)				
e) Other public facilities	s? (Source: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 10)				
	N. 2011				

	No. 2 de Company de la Company				
15.	RECREATION		Less Than		
•		Daw at the	Significant With	Less Than	
		Potentially	Mitigation	Significant	No
		Significant Impact	Incorporated	Impact	Impact
	ıld the project:	mpact	meorporated	TILL PAGE	
	ncrease the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				:
1	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
ъ.	' Caralasian Mitigation				
Dis	cussion/Conclusion/Mitigation:				
See	e Sections II and IV.				
			Less Than		
16.	TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC		Significant		
		Potentially	With	Less Than	
		Significant	Mitigation	Significant	No
Wo	uld the project:	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	Impact
	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the	·			
	performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit? (Source: 1, 3, 5, 6, 7)	· 🔲			
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways? (Source: 1, 3, 5, 6, 7)	. 🗆		□ ,	
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks? (Source: 1, 3, 5, 6, 7)				
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)? (Source: 1, 3, 5, 6, 7)				
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access? (Source: 1, 3, 5, 6, 7)				

16.	TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	ld the project:				
ro	conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs egarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, r otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such acilities? (Source: 1, 3, 5, 6, 7)				
Dise See	cussion/Conclusion/Mitigation: Sections II and IV.				
17.	UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)]	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				: 🛱
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				:
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)	, 			
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7)				
D Se	iscussion/Conclusion/Mitigation: ee Sections II and IV.				- 22

Pietro Family Initial Study PLN150598

VII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

NOTE: If there are significant environmental impacts which cannot be mitigated and no feasible project alternatives are available, then complete the mandatory findings of significance and attach to this initial study as an appendix. This is the first step for starting the environmental impact report (EIR) process.

Does the project:		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 8)				
b)	Have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 8) ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 8)				,
c)	Have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? (Source: 1, 3, 6, 7, 8)				

Discussion/Conclusion/Mitigation:

(a) Less Than Significant With Mitigation: Based upon the analysis throughout this Initial Study, the project will not have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal. The project is prepared to mitigate for any evidence of examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory. Archaeological analyses above indicates the possibility of significant impacts if not mitigated. Mitigation Measures have been implemented. The applicant will be required to adhere to mitigations as required in the archaeological sections of this Initial Study.

(b), (c) No Impact. The project would not result in significant construction-related impacts, and would not create any long-term impacts on the local area. The temporary and short-term environmental effects from project-related construction activities would not cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly. Because the project is not a

construction project that will take many months to complete, there will be no cumulative effects from this project or any projects currently in the area.

VIII. FISH AND GAME ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENT FEES

Assessment of Fee:

The State Legislature, through the enactment of Senate Bill (SB) 1535, revoked the authority of lead agencies to determine that a project subject to CEQA review had a "de minimis" (minimal) effect on fish and wildlife resources under the jurisdiction of the Department of Fish and Game. Projects that were determined to have a "de minimis" effect were exempt from payment of the filing fees.

SB 1535 has eliminated the provision for a determination of "de minimis" effect by the lead agency; consequently, all land development projects that are subject to environmental review are now subject to the filing fees, unless the Department of Fish and Game determines that the project will have no effect on fish and wildlife resources.

To be considered for determination of "no effect" on fish and wildlife resources, development applicants must submit a form requesting such determination to the Department of Fish and Game. Forms may be obtained by contacting the Department by telephone at (916) 631-0606 or through the Department's website at www.dfg.ca.gov.

Conclusion: The project will be required to pay the fee.

Evidence:

Based on the record as a whole as embodied in the Planning Department files pertaining to PLN150598 and the attached Initial Study / Proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as proposed may have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive or special status species or have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community. The project as proposed, conditioned, and mitigated will not have the potential to degrade the environment (Source: IX. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12).

IX. REFERENCES

- 1. Project Application, Plans and Materials in File No. PLN150598;
- 2. Monterey County General Plan (1982 Coastal Zone);
- 3. Carmel Area Land Use Plan and Coastal Implementation Plan, Part 4;

- 4. Title 20 of the Monterey County Code (Zoning Ordinance);
- 5. CEQA Air Quality Guidelines, Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District, Revised June 2008;
- 6. Monterey County Planning Department GIS System, Property Report for Selected Parcel 009-463-016-000;
- 7. Site Visit Conducted by RMA Planning Department on January 8, 2016.
- 8. Preliminary Archaeological Assessment (LIB150393), prepared by Archaeological Consulting, Salinas, CA, dated September, 2015;
- 9. Geotechnical Investigation (LIB150392), prepared by Haro, Kasunich and Associates, Inc., dated September 25, 2015.
- 10. Interdepartmental Review Comments located in Project File PLN150598;
- 11. California Coastal Act of 1976;
- 12. Erosion Control Ordinance, Chapter 16.12;

Attachments:

Plans

TILE SHEET

10-01-2015

AS NOTED

SHEET INDEX

THE SHEEL AND SITE DATA
SITE SURVEY
FORTING SHE PLAN
FORTING SHE FLAN
FORTING HIGHER
FORTING HIGHER
FORTING HIGHER
FORTING HIGHER
FORTING ELEVATIONS
FORTING
F २, दश्चर ११२१६



SITE INFORMATION

SCOPE OF WORK:

REMODEL AND ADDITION TO AN EXBTING SINGLEFAMULY RESIDENCE WITH ATACHED 2-CAR GARAGE, NEW FATIOS, DRIVEWAY, KETAINING WALLS AND UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL SERVICE.

SONING A A

> 5 CONSTRUCTION TYPE: FIRE SPRINKLERS: OCCUPANCY

CARMEL AREA WASTE WATER DISTRICT (E) 8507.5 SQUARE FEET PROPERTY AREA:

SEWER: WATER.

2 COVERED PARKING SPACES (E) AND (P) 375 CUBIC YARDS CUT +/-TREE REMOVAL:

GRADING: PARKING:

EXISTING (E) HOUSE, MAIN LEVEL (E) GARAGE, ATTACHED PLOOR AREA CALCULATIONS:

2.170 SF 1,107 SF 483 SF 2,601 SF (E) HOUSE, MAIN LEVEL (P) HOUSE, ADIONIONS (P) GARAGE, RE-BUILT TOTAL, (E) HOUSE

3,760 SF [44,2% FAK] ADDS 1,159 SOUARE FEET. VOOTE: MAX, ALLOWABLE FLOOR AREA # 3,828 SF (45%) TOTAL, (P) SP:



IMPERVIOUS COVERAGE CALCULATIONS:

2,136 SF 490 SF 1,538 SF 4,164 SF 2.975 SF 1,410 SF 4,385 SF EXISTING
(E) HOUSE, MAIN LEVEL
(E) GUEST HOUSE
(E) WALKWAYS, PAIJOS, DRIVEWAY PROPOSED (P) HOUSE AND GARAGE (P) PATIOS, WALKWAYS, DRIVEWAY TOTAL, (E): TOTAL (P):

PROJECT DATA

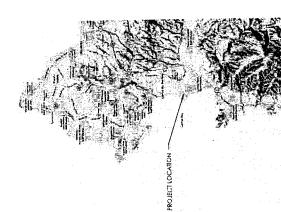
26324 VALLEY VIEW AVENUE CARMEL, CALIFORNIA 93923 MDR/2-D (18) (CZ) SINCYLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL 000-910-675-600 PROPERTY ADDRESS:

MIKE PIETRO PIETRO FAMILY TRUST



CONTRACTOR

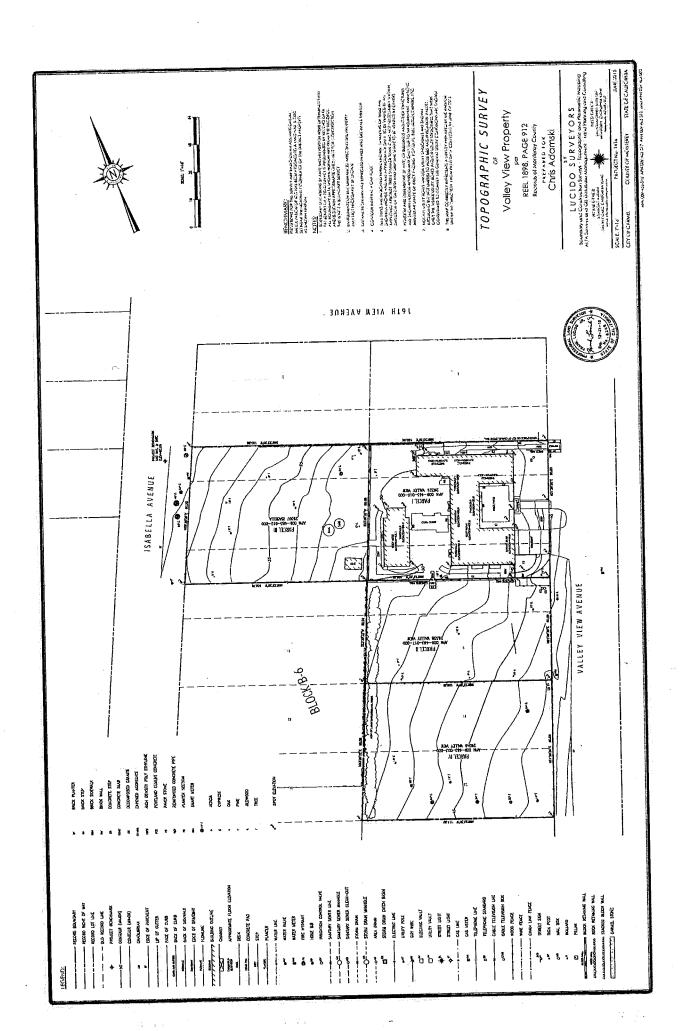
ARCHITECT:

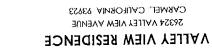


UCINITY MAP

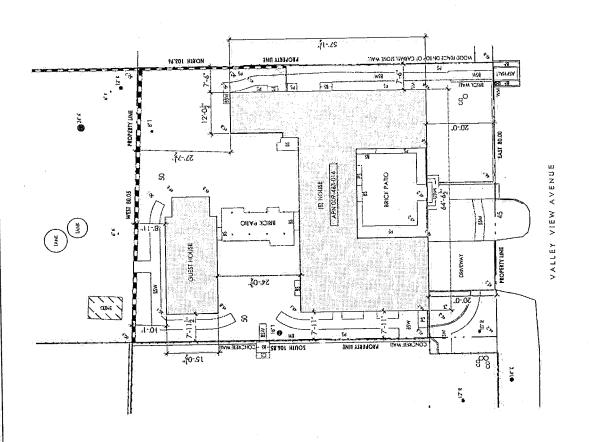
26324 VALLEY VIEW AVENUE PIETRO REMODEL + ADDITION

素面口 ARCHITECT



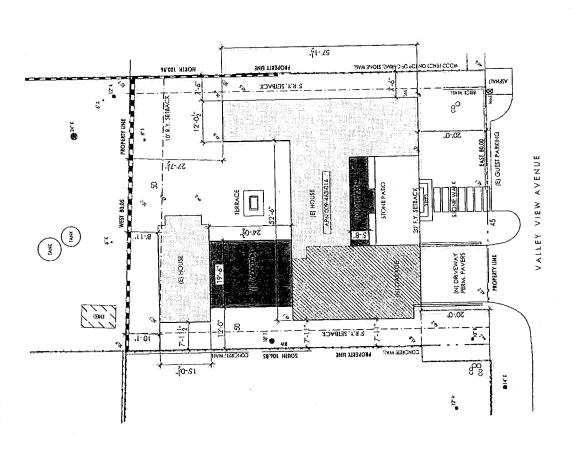




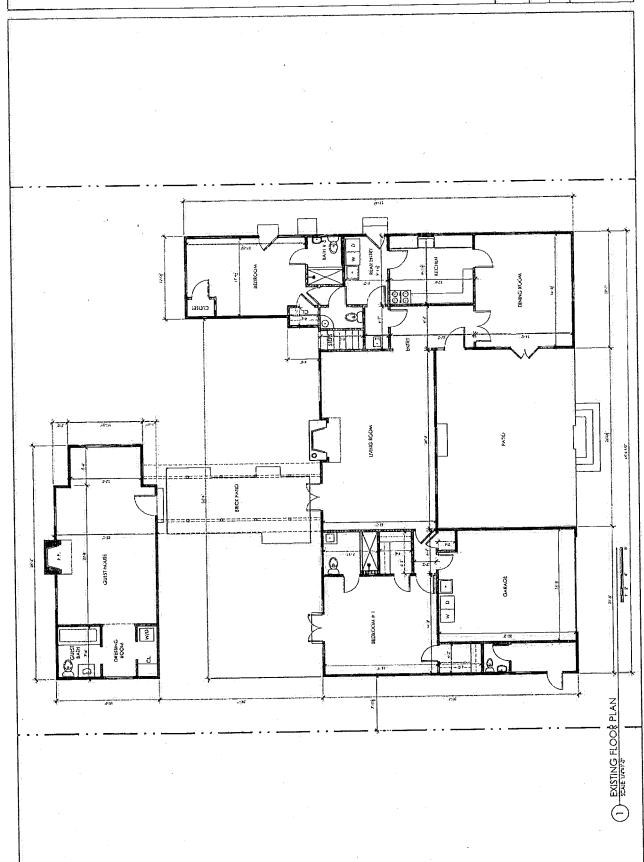


WE DESERVICE

VALLEY VIEW RESIDENCE



PROPOSED SITE PLAN



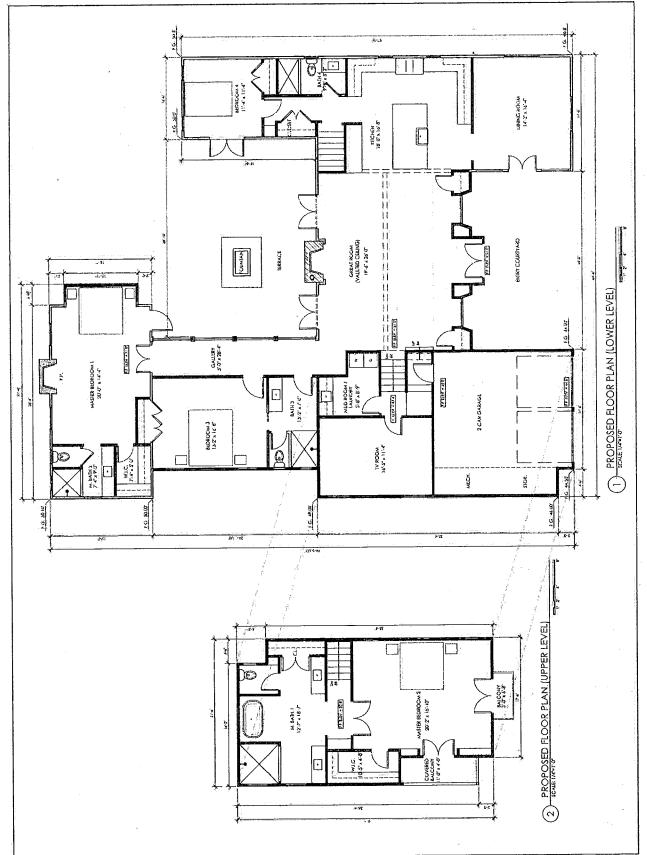
NALLEY VIEW RESIDENCE

CARMEL, CALIFORNIA 93923

26324 VALLEY VIEW AVENUE



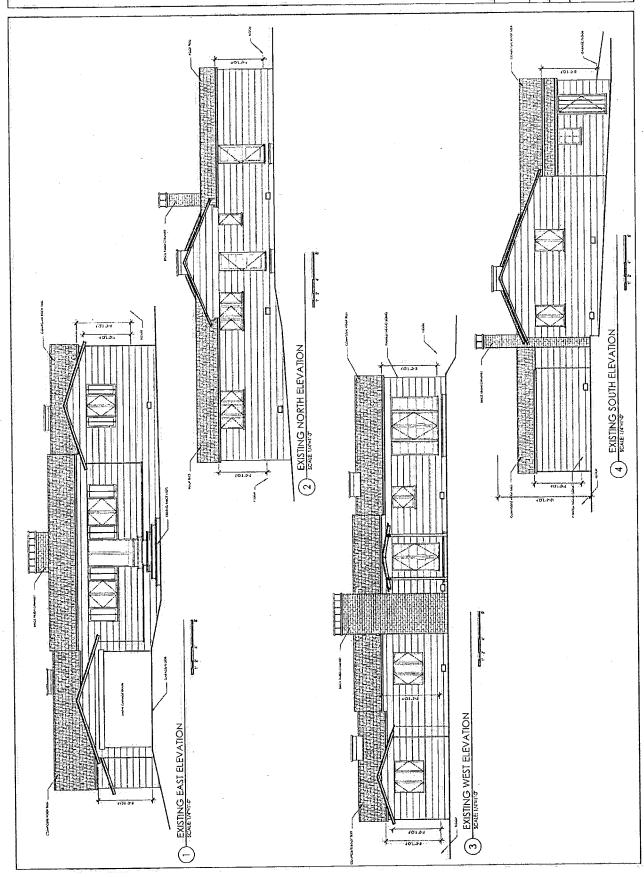
素面口 ARCHITECT









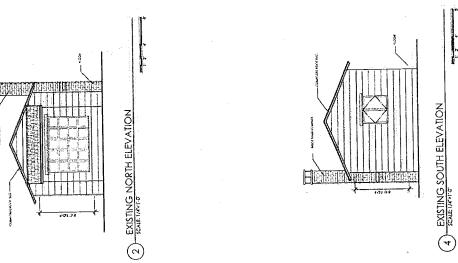


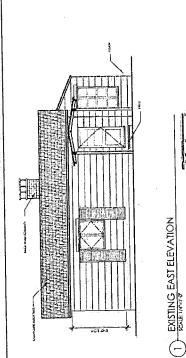
CARMEL, CALIFORNIA 93923

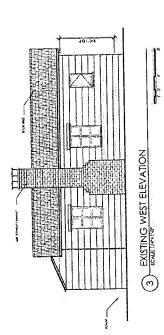
26324 VALLEY VIEW AVENUE **NALLEY VIEW RESIDENCE**

CARMEL, CALIFORNIA 93923 S93S4 AVITEL AIEM VAENDE **AALLEY VIEW RESIDENCE**





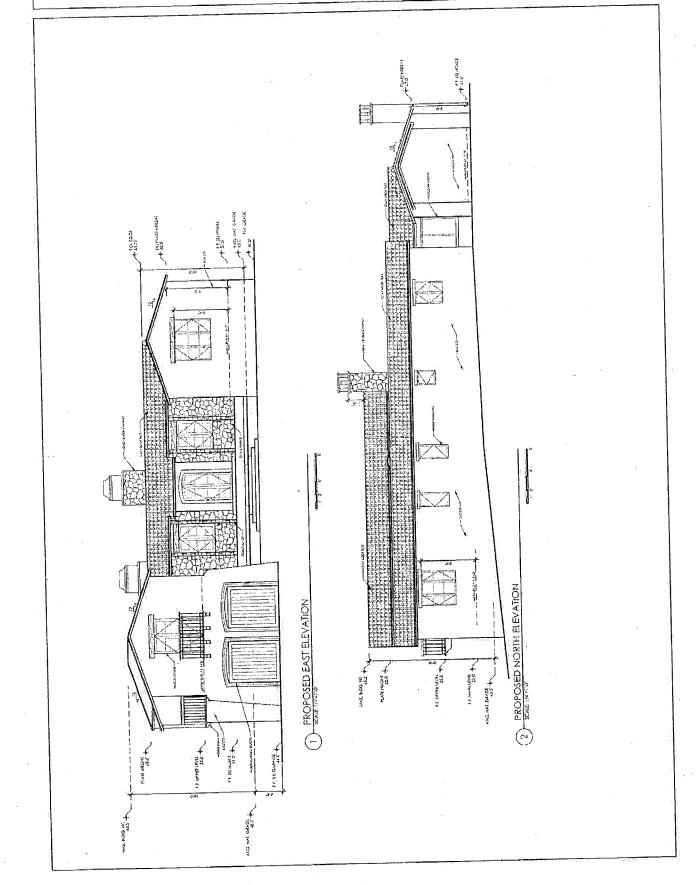




PROPOSED EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

CARMEL CALIFORNIA 93923 AALLEY VIEW RESIDENCE



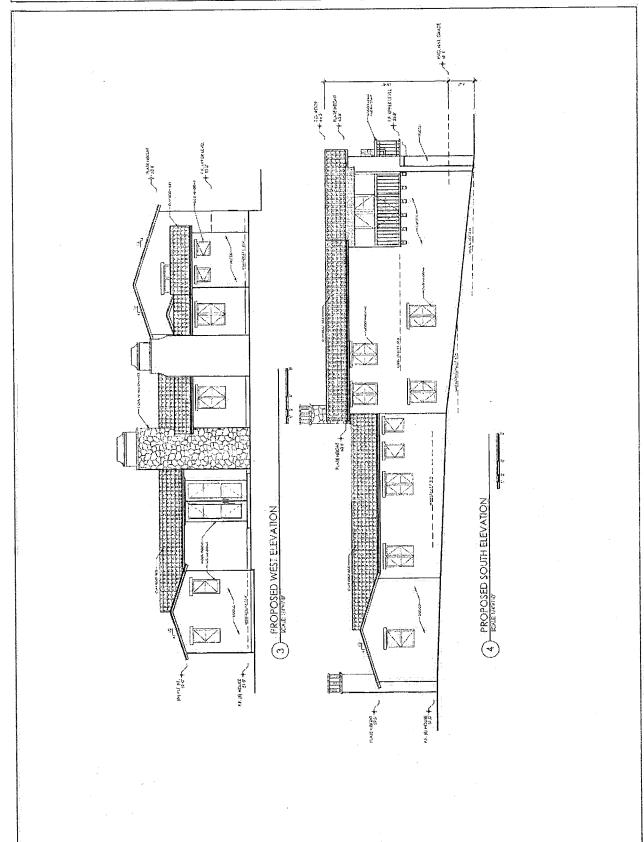


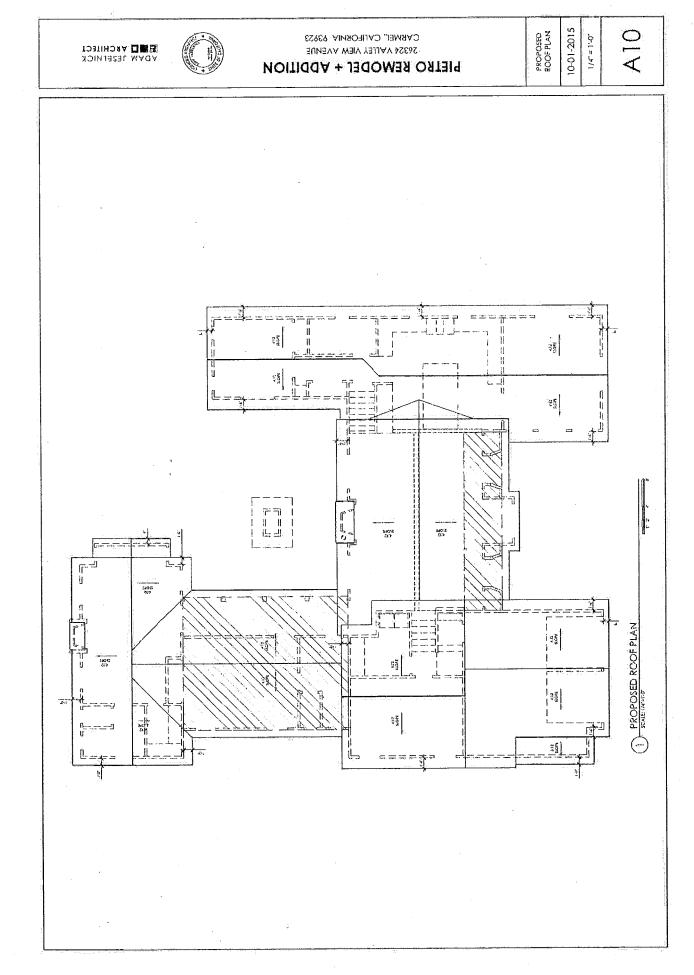
08-04-2015

PRCPOSED BUILDING ELEVATIONS

CARMEL, CALIFORNIA 93923 AVITEL AIEM BEZIDENCE







This page intentionally left blank.