# County of Monterey Board Policy Manual

Policy Name	Policy Number	Page
Office Environment Guidelines	G-160	1 of 3
Policy Category		
Government and Administration		

#### I. Purpose

1. To establish Countywide guidelines for the office environment and during holiday seasons; and recommendations regarding receipt of unsolicited gifts from businesses and/or individuals to Departments and/or employees.

#### II. Background

- 1. During the holidays, many of us choose to decorate our work areas or wear costumes to reflect the themes of the season. This is also a time when many work groups plan holiday gatherings in the workplace as well as outside the workplace. Such activities serve to celebrate the year's accomplishments, improve morale, and provide recognition for a job well done. Most of these activities and expressions of sentiment are welcomed in the County workplace, as long as they are not offensive to other employees or members of the public. The holiday season is also a time when email and internet usage typically increases. Usage of County resources shall be appropriate and employees must refrain from distributing any email received if it does not have a business necessity.
- Also, during the holidays, businesses and/or individuals may provide unsolicited gifts to Departments and/or employees. These gifts may be in the form of candy, gift baskets, etc.

#### III. Policy

It is the policy of the County that:

- County resources, specifically internal email and intranet, are only to be utilized for business purposes. Use of the internet for incidental personal purposes is allowable consistent with the Information Technology Appropriate Use Policy.
- Work areas may be decorated with holiday and seasonal items but may not be offensive to other employees or members of the public.
- 3. Unless preempted by a more specific policy of a department, costumes worn on Halloween, or the work day in closest proximity to Halloween, are permitted in

most circumstances, but should be tasteful and respectful of others. Costumes and displays that are sexually provocative, expressive of violence, or revealing in nature are inappropriate for the workplace. If you are unsure if a display, activity, celebration, or costume is acceptable, please consult with your supervisor.

- 4. The County's Nondiscrimination Policy and Sexual Harassment Policy (further referred to as the County's Civil Rights policies) apply also to the office environment. Therefore, workplace decorations, celebrations, and costumes should support an organizational culture of inclusion.
  - a. Please see Policy P-160, Nondiscrimination Policy and P-260, Sexual Harassment Policy for further information.
- 5. Acceptance of gifts by public entities is generally inappropriate and discouraged. It is in the best interests of the County that employees return gifts. A template letter has been created but should be modified accordingly. The State guidelines relative to reporting gifts are provided by the Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC), California Form 700, Statement of Economic Interest (Schedule D – Income – Gifts).

The following documents are located in "Related Policy Documents" in the Policies section of the County of Monterey webpage.

- a. Form 700 FPPC Instructions (Schedule D) is included in this Policy. (See G-160, Attachment No. 1)
- b. Template letter is included in this Policy (See G-160, Attachment No. 2)
- c. Government Center Office Environment Guidelines (See G-160, Attachment No. 3)

#### IV. Procedure

- 1. Workstations: Employees may display/hang items inside their personal workstations as long as items do not protrude above the top panel of the workstation, or are displayed on top of the overhead cabinets/storage bins. Art, boards, photos, or other items placed on the outside of workstation panels, glass panels, windows, or in any workstation corridor is prohibited. Items displayed should not interfere with the efficient and professional conduct of business and may not violate the County's Civil Rights policies. Any decorations viewed as offensive by reasonable standards are not permitted. Questions regarding this section of the guidelines may be addressed through a supervisor, manager, department head, or with the County's Civil Rights Office at (831) 755-5117.
- 2. Private Offices: Employees may display/hang items in their private offices as long as they do not violate the County's Civil Rights policies and do not interfere with the efficient and professional conduct of business. Any decorations viewed as offensive by reasonable standards are not permitted. Private offices should follow the general guidelines as stated above in IV, No. 1.
- 3. Food in Workstations: Food can be stored and sealed in workstations as long as it is out-of-sight and only out while being consumed. Food that is intended for coworkers or visitors should be placed in the closest built-in coffee service area or break area. Treats, such as individually wrapped or sealed candies or chocolates, are permitted in

- the immediate work area. Workstations should be neat, professional looking, and presentable to the public at all times.
- 4. General Surfaces: Tape damages painted surfaces. The use of tape on any wall, door, or painted surface is prohibited.
- Columns: The use of tape, glue, tacks, and miscellaneous attachments or temporary or permanent markings of any kind on the interior building columns is prohibited either inside or outside the cubicles as the paint on these columns is unique and cannot be repaired.
- 6. File Cabinets/Bookcases/Bookshelves: Items on top of the file cabinets, bookcases, and bookshelves located in open areas/hallways shall be limited to official County business documents only, with the exception of treats, such as individually wrapped or sealed candies or chocolates.
- 7. Lobbies and Public Spaces: No items are allowed in the lobbies and public spaces except as authorized by the County Administrative Officer.
- 8. Posting of Public Notices: Posting of all public meeting notices are to be displayed in the bulletin board cases. If required, in addition to posting in the bulletin board cases, public meeting notices may be posted on the lobby glass doors. Posting notices on any wall surfaces is prohibited.
- 9. Public Counters: Public counters are to be free of all items, except official signage and County business documents.
- 10. Art in shared Conference Rooms: Please refer to G-94, County Facility Arts Policy.
- 11. Breakrooms and Copy/File Rooms: Department Heads shall approve all display/hung items in their breakrooms and copy/file rooms.
- 12. Department Conference Rooms: Department Heads shall approve all display/hung items in their Department's conference rooms.
- 13. Birthday, Holiday, and Other Seasonal Displays and Celebrations: These guidelines are not intended to limit or prohibit temporary displays commemorating holidays, holiday seasons, birthdays, anniversaries, or other special occasions as long as they do not offend other employees, meet departmental approval, and comply with the County's Civil Rights policies. Celebratory events should be optional, secular (non-religious) events that consider the comfort and traditions of the employees involved.
- 14. Department Heads will administer this policy and ensure guidelines are followed.

#### V. Review Date

1. This Policy will be reviewed for continuance by

#### VI. Board Action

1. Legistar File No. , date.

# 2016/2017 Statement of Economic Interests



# Form 700

A Public Document

Also available on the FPPC website:

- Form 700 in Excel format
- Reference Pamphlet for Form 700

California Fair Political Practices Commission

Email Advice: advice@fppc.ca.gov

Toll-free advice line: 1 (866) ASK-FPPC • 1 (866) 275-3772 Telephone: (916)322-5660 • Website: www.fppc.ca.gov

#### What's New

#### **Gift Limit Increase**

The gift limit increased to \$470 for calendar years 2017 and 2018. The gift limit during 2016 was \$460.

#### Gifts of Travel

If an individual receives a payment that is a reportable gift for travel taken on or after January 1, 2016, he or she must disclose the travel destination. (See Schedule E instructions for other details that must be disclosed.)

#### Who must file:

- Elected and appointed officials and candidates listed in Government Code Section 87200
- Employees, appointed officials, and consultants filing pursuant to a conflict of interest code ("code filers").
   Obtain your disclosure categories, which describe the interests you must report, from your agency; they are not part of the Form 700
- Candidates running for local elective offices that are designated in a conflict of interest code (e.g., county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, and water board members)

**Exception:** Candidates for a county central committee are not required to file the Form 700.

- Members of newly created boards and commissions not vet covered under a conflict of interest code
- Employees in newly created positions of existing agencies

See Reference Pamphlet, page 3, at www.fppc.ca.gov.

#### Where to file:

#### 87200 Filers

Your agency State offices 0 The clerk of your court Judicial offices 0 Directly with FPPC **Retired Judges** 0 Your county filing official County offices 0 Your city clerk City offices Multi-County offices Your agency

Code Filers — State and Local Officials, Employees, and Consultants Designated in a Conflict of Interest Code: File with your agency board or commission unle

Code: File with your agency, board, or commission unless otherwise specified in your agency's code (e.g., Legislative staff files directly with FPPC). In most cases, the agency, board, or commission will retain the statements.

Members of Boards and Commissions of Newly Created Agencies: File with your newly created agency or with your agency's code reviewing body.

Employees in Newly Created Positions of Existing Agencies: File with your agency or with your agency's code reviewing body. See Reference Pamphlet, page 3.

Candidates: File with your local elections office.

#### How to file:

The Form 700 is available at www.fppc.ca.gov. Form 700 schedules are also available in Excel format. All statements must have an original "wet" signature or be duly authorized by your filing officer to file electronically under Government Code Section 87500.2. Instructions, examples, FAQs, and a reference pamphlet are available to help answer your questions.

#### When to file:

#### **Annual Statements**

#### 3 March 1, 2017

- Elected State Officers
- Judges and Court Commissioners
- State Board and State Commission Members listed in Government Code Section 87200

#### ⇒ April 3, 2017

- Most other filers

Individuals filing under conflict of interest codes in city and county jurisdictions should verify the annual filing date with their local filing officers.

Statements postmarked by the filing deadline are considered filed on time.

#### **Assuming Office and Leaving Office Statements**

Most filers file within 30 days of assuming or leaving office or within 30 days of the effective date of a newly adopted or amended conflict of interest code.

#### Exception:

If you assumed office between October 1, 2016, and December 31, 2016, and filed an assuming office statement, you are not required to file an annual statement until March 1, 2018, or April 2, 2018, whichever is applicable. The annual statement will cover the day after you assumed office through December 31, 2017. See Reference Pamphlet, pages 6 and 7, for additional exceptions.

#### **Candidate Statements**

File no later than the final filing date for the declaration of candidacy or nomination documents.

#### **Amendments**

Statements may be amended at any time. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised. It is not necessary to amend the entire filed form. Obtain amendment schedules at <a href="https://www.fppc.ca.gov">www.fppc.ca.gov</a>.

There is no provision for filing deadline extensions unless the filer is serving in active military duty.

Statements of 30 pages or less may be faxed by the deadline as long as the originally signed paper version is sent by first class mail to the filing official within 24 hours.

#### Introduction

The Political Reform Act (Gov. Code Sections 81000-91014) requires most state and local government officials and employees to publicly disclose their personal assets and income. They also must disqualify themselves from participating in decisions that may affect their personal economic interests. The Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC) is the state agency responsible for issuing the attached Statement of Economic Interests, Form 700, and for interpreting the law's provisions.

#### Gift Prohibition

Gifts received by most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are subject to a limit. During 2015 and 2016, the gift limit was \$460 from a single source per calendar year. For years 2017-2018, the limit increased to \$470 from a single source during a calendar year.

In addition, state officials, state candidates, and certain state employees are subject to a \$10 limit per calendar month on gifts from lobbyists and lobbying firms registered with the Secretary of State. See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.

State and local officials and employees should check with their agency to determine if other restrictions apply.

#### Disqualification

Public officials are, under certain circumstances, required to disqualify themselves from making, participating in, or attempting to influence governmental decisions that will affect their economic interests. This may include interests they are not required to disclose (i.e., a personal residence is often not reportable, but may be disqualifying). Specific disqualification requirements apply to 87200 filers (e.g., city councilmembers, members of boards of supervisors, planning commissioners, etc.). These officials must publicly identify the economic interest that creates a conflict of interest and leave the room before a discussion or vote takes place at a public meeting. For more information, consult Government Code Section 87105, Regulation 18707, and the Guide to Recognizing Conflicts of Interest at www.fppc.ca.gov.

#### Honorarium Ban

Most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are prohibited from accepting an honorarium for any speech given, article published, or attendance at a conference, convention, meeting, or like gathering. See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.

#### **Loan Restrictions**

Certain state and local officials are subject to restrictions on loans. See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.

#### Post-Governmental Employment

There are restrictions on representing clients or employers before former agencies. The provisions apply to elected state officials, most state employees, local elected officials, county chief administrative officers, city managers, including the chief administrator of a city, and general managers or chief administrators of local special districts and JPAs. The FPPC website has fact sheets explaining the provisions.

#### Late Filing

The filing officer who retains originally-signed or electronically filed statements of economic interests may impose on an individual a fine for any statement that is filed late. The fine is \$10 per day up to a maximum of \$100. Late filing penalties may be reduced or waived under certain circumstances.

Persons who fail to timely file their Form 700 may be referred to the FPPC's Enforcement Division (and, in some cases, to the Attorney General or district attorney) for investigation and possible prosecution. In addition to the late filing penalties, a fine of up to \$5,000 per violation may be imposed.

For assistance concerning reporting, prohibitions, and restrictions under the Act:

- Email questions to advice@fppc.ca.gov.
- Call the FPPC toli-free at (866) 275-3772.

# Form 700 is a Public Document Public Access Must Be Provided

Statements of Economic Interests are public documents. The filing officer must permit any member of the public to inspect and receive a copy of any statement.

- Statements must be available as soon as possible during the agency's regular business hours, but in any event not later than the second business day after the statement is received. Access to the Form 700 is not subject to the Public Records Act procedures.
- No conditions may be placed on persons seeking access to the forms.
- No information or identification may be required from persons seeking access.
- Reproduction fees of no more than 10 cents per page may be charged.

#### Types of Form 700 Filings

#### **Assuming Office Statement:**

If you are a newly appointed official or are newly employed in a position designated, or that will be designated, in a state or local agency's conflict of interest code, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in or otherwise authorized to serve in the position. If you are a newly elected official, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in.

Investments, interests in real property, and business
positions held on the date you assumed the office
or position must be reported. In addition, income
(including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received
during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed the
office or position is reportable.

For positions subject to confirmation by the State Senate or the Commission on Judicial Performance, your assuming office date is the date you were appointed or nominated to the position.

#### Example:

Maria Lopez was nominated by the Governor to serve on a state agency board that is subject to state Senate confirmation. The assuming office date is the date Maria's nomination is submitted to the Senate. Maria must report investments, interests in real property, and business positions she holds on that date, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to that date.

If your office or position has been added to a newly adopted or newly amended conflict of interest code, use the effective date of the code or amendment, whichever is applicable.

 Investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the effective date of the code or amendment must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the effective date of the code or amendment is reportable.

#### **Annual Statement:**

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2016. If the period covered by the statement is different than January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2016, (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2015, and December 31, 2015 or you are combining statements), you must specify the period covered.

Investments, interests in real property, business
positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and
travel payments) received during the period covered
by the statement must be reported. Do not change the
preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless
you are required to report the acquisition or disposition
of an interest that did not occur in 2016.

 If your disclosure category changes during a reporting period, disclose under the old category until the effective date of the conflict of interest code amendment and disclose under the new disclosure category through the end of the reporting period.

#### **Leaving Office Statement:**

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2016, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position. If the period covered differs from January 1, 2016, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2015, and December 31, 2015, or you are combining statements), the period covered must be specified. The reporting period can cover parts of two calendar years.

Investments, interests in real property, business
positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and
travel payments) received during the period covered
by the statement must be reported. Do not change the
preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless
you are required to report the acquisition or disposition
of an interest that did not occur in 2016.

#### Candidate Statement:

If you are filing a statement in connection with your candidacy for state or local office, investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date of filing your declaration of candidacy must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months <u>prior to</u> the date of filing your declaration of candidacy is reportable. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B.

Candidates running for local elective offices (e.g., county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, or water district board members) must file candidate statements, as required by the conflict of interest code for the elected position. The code may be obtained from the agency of the elected position.

#### Amendments:

If you discover errors or omissions on any statement, file an amendment as soon as possible. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised; it is not necessary to refile the entire form. Obtain amendment schedules from the FPPC website at <a href="https://www.fppc.ca.gov">www.fppc.ca.gov</a>.

#### Instructions Cover Page

Enter your name, mailing address, and daytime telephone number in the spaces provided. Because the Form 700 is a public document, you may list your business/office address instead of your home address.

#### Part 1. Office, Agency, or Court

- Enter the name of the office sought or held, or the agency or court. Consultants must enter the public agency name rather than their private firm's name. (Examples: State Assembly; Board of Supervisors; Office of the Mayor; Department of Finance; Hope County Superior Court)
- Indicate the name of your division, board, or district, if applicable. (Examples: Division of Waste Management; Board of Accountancy; District 45). Do not use acronyms.
- Enter your position title. (Examples: Director; Chief Counsel; City Council Member; Staff Services Analyst)
- If you hold multiple positions (i.e., a city council member who also is a member of a county board or commission), you may be required to file statements with each agency.
   To simplify your filing obligations, you may complete an expanded statement.
- To do this, enter the name of the other agency(ies) with which you are required to file and your position title(s) in the space provided. Do not use acronyms. Attach an additional sheet if necessary. Complete one statement covering the disclosure requirements for all positions. Each copy must contain an original signature. Therefore, before signing the statement, make a copy for each agency. Sign each copy with an original signature and file with each agency.

If you assume or leave a position after a filing deadline, you must complete a separate statement. For example, a city council member who assumes a position with a county special district after the April 1 annual filing deadline must file a separate assuming office statement. In subsequent years, the city council member may expand his or her annual filing to include both positions.

#### Example:

Scott Baker is a city council member for the City of Lincoln and a board member for the Camp Far West Irrigation District – a multi-county agency that covers Placer and Yuba counties. Scott will complete one Form 700 using full disclosure (as required for the city position) and covering interests in both Placer and Yuba counties (as required for the multi-county position) and list both positions on the Cover Page. Before signing the statement, Scott will make a copy and sign both statements. One statement will be filed with City of Lincoln and the other will be filed with Camp Far West Irrigation District. Both will contain an original signature.

#### Part 2. Jurisdiction of Office

- Check the box indicating the jurisdiction of your agency and, if applicable, identify the jurisdiction. Judges, judicial candidates, and court commissioners have statewide jurisdiction. All other filers should review the Reference Pamphlet, page 13, to determine their jurisdiction.
- If your agency is a multi-county office, list each county in which your agency has jurisdiction.

If your agency is not a state office, court, county office, city
office, or multi-county office (e.g., school districts, special
districts and JPAs), check the "other" box and enter the
county or city in which the agency has jurisdiction.

#### Example:

This filer is a member of a water district board with jurisdiction in portions of Yuba and Sutter Counties.

Agency Name (Do not use acronyms)	
Feather River Irrigation District	
Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable	Your Pesition
N/A	Board Member
<ul> <li>If fing for multiple positions, list below or on an attackment. ()</li> </ul>	
Agency, N/A	Position,
Agency, N/A  Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box)	=(6-54 >= ->.
Agency: N/A  Jurisdiction of Office (Check at feast one box)	=(6-54 >= ->.
Agency. N/A  Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box)	Position.

#### Part 3. Type of Statement

Check at least one box. The period covered by a statement is determined by the type of statement you are filing. If you are completing a 2016 annual statement, **do not** change the pre-printed dates to reflect 2017. Your annual statement is used for reporting the **previous year's** economic interests. Economic interests for your annual filing covering January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017, will be disclosed on your statement filed in 2018. See Reference Pamphlet, page 4.

Combining Statements: Certain types of statements may be combined. For example, if you leave office after January 1, but before the deadline for filing your annual statement, you may combine your annual and leaving office statements. File by the earliest deadline. Consult your filing officer or the FPPC.

#### Part 4. Schedule Summary

- Complete the Schedule Summary after you have reviewed each schedule to determine if you have reportable interests.
- Enter the total number of completed pages including the cover page and either check the box for each schedule you use to disclose interests; or if you have nothing to disclose on any schedule, check the "No reportable interests" box. Please do not attach any blank schedules.

#### Part 5. Verification

Complete the verification by signing the statement and entering the date signed. All statements must have an original "wet" signature or be duly authorized by your filing officer to file electronically under Government Code Section 87500.2. Instructions, examples, FAQs, and a reference pamphlet are available to help answer your questions. When you sign your statement, you are stating, under penalty of perjury, that it is true and correct. Only the filer has authority to sign the statement. An unsigned statement is not considered filed and you may be subject to late filing penalties.

#### Which Schedule Do I Use?

#### Common Reportable Interests

Schedule A-1 Stocks, including those held in an IRA or a 401K

Schedule A-2 Business entities (including certain independent contracting), sole proprietorships.

partnerships, LLCs, corporations, and trusts

Schedule B Rental property in the jurisdiction, or within two miles of the boundaries of the

jurisdiction

Schedule C Non-governmental salaries of public official and spouse/registered domestic partner

Schedule D Gifts from businesses (such as tickets to sporting or entertainment events)

Schedule E Travel payments from third parties (not your employer)

#### Common Non-Reportable Interests

Schedule A-1 Insurance policies, government bonds, diversified mutual funds, certain funds similar

to diversified mutual funds (such as exchange traded funds) and investments held in certain retirement accounts. See Reference Pamphlet, page 13, for detailed

information. (Regulation 18237)

Schedule A-2 Savings and checking accounts and annuities

Schedule B A residence used exclusively as a personal residence (such as a home or vacation

cabin)

Schedule C Governmental salary (such as a school district)

Schedule D Gifts from family members

Schedule E Travel paid by your government agency

#### Remember:

- Mark the "No reportable interests" box on Part 4 of the Schedule Summary on the Cover Page if you determine you have nothing to disclose and file the Cover Page only. Make sure you carefully read all instructions to ensure proper reporting.
- ✓ The Form 700 is a public document.
- Most individuals must consult their agency's conflict of interest code for reportable interests.
- Most individuals file the Form 700 with their agencies.

#### Questions and Answers

#### General

- Q. What is the reporting period for disclosing interests on an assuming office statement or a candidate statement?
- A. On an assuming office statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you assumed office. In addition, you must disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed office.
  - On a candidate statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you file your declaration of candidacy. You must also disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you file your declaration of candidacy.
- Q. I hold two other board positions in addition to my position with the county. Must I file three statements of economic interests?
- A. Yes, three are required. However, you may complete one statement listing the county and the two boards on the Cover Page or an attachment as the agencies for which you will be filing. Report your economic interests using the largest jurisdiction and highest disclosure requirements assigned to you by the three agencies. Make two copies of the entire statement before signing it, sign each copy with an original signature, and distribute one original to the county and to each of the two boards. Remember to complete separate statements for positions that you leave or assume during the year.
- Q. I am a department head who recently began acting as city manager. Should I file as the city manager?
- A. Yes. File an assuming office statement as city manager. Persons serving as "acting," "interim," or "alternate" must file as if they hold the position because they are or may be performing the duties of the position.
- Q. As a designated employee, I left one state agency to work for another state agency. Must I file a leaving office statement?
- A. Yes. You may also need to file an assuming office statement for the new agency.

- Q. My spouse and I are currently separated and in the process of obtaining a divorce. Must I still report my spouse's income, investments, and interests in real property?
- A. Yes. A public official must continue to report a spouse's economic interests until such time as dissolution of marriage proceedings is final. However, if a separate property agreement has been reached prior to that time, your estranged spouse's income may not have to be reported. Contact the FPPC for more information.

#### **Investment Disclosure**

- Q. I have an investment interest in shares of stock in a company that does not have an office in my jurisdiction. Must I still disclose my investment interest in this company?
- A. Probably. The definition of "doing business in the jurisdiction" is not limited to whether the business has an office or physical location in your jurisdiction. See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.
- Q. My spouse and I have a living trust. The trust holds rental property in my jurisdiction, our primary residence, and investments in diversified mutual funds. I have full disclosure. How is this trust disclosed?
- A. Disclose the name of the trust, the rental property and its income on Schedule A-2. Your primary residence and investments in diversified mutual funds registered with the SEC are not reportable.
- Q. I am required to report all investments. I have an IRA that contains stocks through an account managed by a brokerage firm. Must I disclose these stocks even though they are held in an IRA and I did not decide which stocks to purchase?
- A. Yes. Disclose on Schedule A-1 or A-2 any stock worth \$2,000 or more in a business entity located in or doing business in your jurisdiction.

# Questions and Answers Continued

- Q. I am the sole owner of my business, an S-Corporation. I believe that the nature of the business is such that it cannot be said to have any "fair market value" because it has no assets. I operate the corporation under an agreement with a large insurance company. My contract does not have resale value because of its nature as a personal services contract. Must I report the fair market value for my business on Schedule A-2 of the Form 700?
- A. Yes. Even if there are no tangible assets, intangible assets, such as relationships with companies and clients are commonly sold to qualified professionals. The "fair market value" is often quantified for other purposes, such as marital dissolutions or estate planning. In addition, the IRS presumes that "personal services corporations" have a fair market value. A professional "book of business" and the associated goodwill that generates income are not without a determinable value. The Form 700 does not require a precise fair market value; it is only necessary to check a box indicating the broad range within which the value falls.
- Q. I own stock in IBM and must report this investment on Schedule A-1. I initially purchased this stock in the early 1990s; however, I am constantly buying and selling shares. Must I note these dates in the "Acquired" and "Disposed" fields?
- A. No. You must only report dates in the "Acquired" or "Disposed" fields when, during the reporting period, you initially purchase a reportable investment worth \$2,000 or more or when you dispose of the entire investment. You are not required to track the partial trading of an investment.
- Q. On last year's filing I reported stock in Encoe valued at \$2,000 - \$10,000. Late last year the value of this stock fell below and remains at less than \$2,000. How should this be reported on this year's statement?
- A. You are not required to report an investment if the value was less than \$2,000 during the entire reporting period. However, because a disposed date is not required for stocks that fall below \$2,000, you may want to report the stock and note in the "comments" section that the value fell below \$2,000. This would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.

- Q. We have a Section 529 account set up to save money for our son's college education. Is this reportable?
- A. If the Section 529 account contains reportable interests (e.g., common stock valued at \$2,000 or more), those interests are reportable (not the actual Section 529 account). If the account contains solely mutual funds, then nothing is reported.

#### Income Disclosure

- Q. I reported a business entity on Schedule A-2. Clients of my business are located in several states. Must I report all clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2, Part 3?
- A. No, only the clients located in or doing business on a regular basis in your jurisdiction must be disclosed.
- Q. I believe I am not required to disclose the names of clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2 because of their right to privacy. Is there an exception for reporting clients' names?
- A. Regulation 18740 provides a procedure for requesting an exemption to allow a client's name not to be disclosed if disclosure of the name would violate a legally recognized privilege under California or Federal law. This regulation may be obtained from our website at www.fppc.ca.gov. See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.
- Q. I am sole owner of a private law practice that is not reportable based on my limited disclosure category. However, some of the sources of income to my law practice are from reportable sources. Do I have to disclose this income?
- A. Yes, even though the law practice is not reportable, reportable sources of income to the law practice of \$10,000 or more must be disclosed. This information would be disclosed on Schedule C with a note in the "comments" section indicating that the business entity is not a reportable investment. The note would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.

# Questions and Answers Continued

- Q. I am the sole owner of my business. Where do I disclose my income on Schedule A-2 or Schedule C?
- A. Sources of income to a business in which you have an ownership interest of 10% or greater are disclosed on Schedule A-2. See Reference Pamphlet, page 8, for the definition of "business entity."
- Q. My husband is a partner in a four-person firm where all of his business is based on his own billings and collections from various clients. How do I report my community property interest in this business and the income generated in this manner?
- A. If your husband's investment in the firm is 10% or greater, disclose 100% of his share of the business on Schedule A-2, Part 1 and 50% of his income on Schedule A-2, Parts 2 and 3. For example, a client of your husband's must be a source of at least \$20,000 during the reporting period before the client's name is reported.
- Q. How do I disclose my spouse's or registered domestic partner's salary?
- A. Report the name of the employer as a source of income on Schedule C.
- Q. I am a doctor. For purposes of reporting \$10,000 sources of income on Schedule A-2, Part 3, are the patients or their insurance carriers considered sources of income?
- A. If your patients exercise sufficient control by selecting you instead of other doctors, then your patients, rather than their insurance carriers, are sources of income to you. See Reference Pamphlet, page 14, for additional information.
- Q. I received a loan from my grandfather to purchase my home. Is this loan reportable?
- A. No. Loans received from family members are not reportable.
- Q. Many years ago, I loaned my parents several thousand dollars, which they paid back this year. Do I need to report this loan repayment on my Form 700?
- A. No. Payments received on a loan made to a family member are not reportable.

#### **Real Property Disclosure**

- Q. During this reporting period we switched our principal place of residence into a rental. I have full disclosure and the property is located in my agency's jurisdiction, so it is now reportable. Because I have not reported this property before, do I need to show an "acquired" date?
- A. No, you are not required to show an "acquired" date because you previously owned the property. However, you may want to note in the "comments" section that the property was not previously reported because it was used exclusively as your residence. This would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.
- Q. I am a city manager, and I own a rental property located in an adjacent city, but one mile from the city limit. Do I need to report this property interest?
- A. Yes. You are required to report this property because it is located within 2 miles of the boundaries of the city you manage.
- Q. Must I report a home that I own as a personal residence for my daughter?
- A. You are not required to disclose a home used as a personal residence for a family member unless you receive income from it, such as rental income.
- Q. I am a co-signer on a loan for a rental property owned by a friend. Since I am listed on the deed of trust, do I need to report my friend's property as an interest in real property on my Form 700?
- A. No. Simply being a co-signer on a loan for property does not create a reportable interest in real property for you.

#### **Gift Disclosure**

- Q. If I received a reportable gift of two tickets to a concert valued at \$100 each, but gave the tickets to a friend because I could not attend the concert, do I have any reporting obligations?
- A. Yes. Since you accepted the gift and exercised discretion and control of the use of the tickets, you must disclose the gift on Schedule D.

# Questions and Answers Continued

- Q. Mary and Joe Benson, a married couple, want to give a piece of artwork to a county supervisor. Is each spouse considered a separate source for purposes of the gift limit and disclosure?
- A. Yes, each spouse may make a gift valued at the gift limit during a calendar year. For example, during 2016 the gift limit was \$460, so the Bensons may have given the supervisor artwork valued at no more than \$920. The supervisor must identify Joe and Mary Benson as the sources of the gift.
- Q. I am a Form 700 filer with full disclosure. Our agency holds a holiday raffle to raise funds for a local charity. I bought \$10 worth of raffle tickets and won a gift basket valued at \$120. The gift basket was donated by Doug Brewer, a citizen in our city. At the same event, I bought raffle tickets for, and won a quilt valued at \$70. The quilt was donated by a coworker. Are these reportable gifts?
- A. Because the gift basket was donated by an outside source (not an agency employee), you have received a reportable gift valued at \$110 (the value of the basket less the consideration paid). The source of the gift is Doug Brewer and the agency is disclosed as the intermediary. Because the quilt was donated by an employee of your agency, it is not a reportable gift.
- Q. My agency is responsible for disbursing grants. An applicant (501(c)(3) organization) met with agency employees to present its application. At this meeting, the applicant provided food and beverages. Would the food and beverages be considered gifts to the employees? These employees are designated in our agency's conflict of interest code and the applicant is a reportable source of income under the code.
- A. Yes. If the value of the food and beverages consumed by any one filer, plus any other gifts received from the same source during the reporting period total \$50 or more, the food and beverages would be reported using the fair market value and would be subject to the gift limit.

- Q. I received free admission to an educational conference related to my official duties. Part of the conference fees included a round of golf. Is the value of the golf considered informational material?
- A. No. The value of personal benefits, such as golf, attendance at a concert, or sporting event, are gifts subject to reporting and limits.

# Instructions – Schedules A-1 and A-2 Investments

"Investment" means a financial interest in any business entity (including a consulting business or other independent contracting business) that is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or that has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more at any time during the reporting period. See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.

#### Reportable investments include:

- Stocks, bonds, warrants, and options, including those held in margin or brokerage accounts and managed investment funds (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)
- Sole proprietorships
- Your own business or your spouse's or registered domestic partner's business (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8, for the definition of "business entity.")
- Your spouse's or registered domestic partner's investments even if they are legally separate property
- Partnerships (e.g., a law firm or family farm)
- Investments in reportable business entities held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)
- If you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and dependent children together had a 10% or greater ownership interest in a business entity or trust (including a living trust), you must disclose investments held by the business entity or trust. See Reference Pamphlet, page 15, for more information on disclosing trusts.
- Business trusts

#### You are not required to disclose:

- Government bonds, diversified mutual funds, certain funds similar to diversified mutual funds (such as exchange traded funds) and investments held in certain retirement accounts. See Reference Pamphlet, page 13, for detailed information. (Regulation 18237)
- Bank accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposits
- · Insurance policies
- Annuities
- Commodities
- Shares in a credit union
- Government bonds (including municipal bonds)
- Retirement accounts invested in non-reportable interests (e.g., insurance policies, mutual funds, or government bonds) (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)

#### Reminders

- · Do you know your agency's jurisdiction?
- Did you hold investments at any time during the period covered by this statement?
- Code filers your disclosure categories may only require disclosure of specific investments.

- Government defined-benefit pension plans (such as CalPERS and CalSTRS plans)
- Certain interests held in a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16.)

**Use Schedule A-1** to report ownership of less than 10% (e.g., stock). Schedule C (Income) may also be required if the investment is not a stock or corporate bond. See second example below.

Use Schedule A-2 to report ownership of 10% or greater (e.g., a sole proprietorship).

#### To Complete Schedule A-1:

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

- Disclose the name of the business entity.
- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity (e.g., pharmaceuticals, computers, automobile manufacturing, or communications).
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your investment during the reporting period. If you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement, indicate the fair market value on the filing date or the date you took office, respectively.
- Identify the nature of your investment (e.g., stocks, warrants, options, or bonds).
- An acquired or disposed of date is only required if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of the investment interest during the reporting period. The date of a stock dividend reinvestment or partial disposal is not required. Generally, these dates will not apply if you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement.

#### Examples:

John Smith holds a state agency position. His conflict of interest code requires full disclosure of investments. John must disclose his stock holdings of \$2,000 or more in any company that is located in or does business in California, as well as those stocks held by his spouse or registered domestic partner and dependent children.

Susan Jones is a city council member. She has a 4% interest, worth \$5,000, in a limited partnership located in the city. Susan must disclose the partnership on Schedule A-1 and income of \$500 or more received from the partnership on Schedule C.

#### SCHEDULE A-1 Investments

# Stocks, Bonds, and Other Interests (Ownership Interest is Less Than 10%)

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

CALIFORNIA FORM	
Name	

NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
FAIR MARKET VALUE  \$2,000 - \$10,000  \$100,000  \$100,001 - \$1,000,000  Over \$1,000,000  NATURE OF INVESTMENT  Stock  Other  (Describe)  Partnership  Income Received of \$0 - \$499	FAIR MARKET VALUE  \$2,000 - \$10,000  \$10,001 - \$100,000  \$100,001 - \$1,000,000  Over \$1,000,000  NATURE OF INVESTMENT  Stock Other  (Describe)  Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499  Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
FAIR MARKET VALUE  \$2,000 - \$10,000  \$10,001 - \$100,000  \$100,001 - \$1,000,000  Over \$1,000,000  NATURE OF INVESTMENT  Stock Other (Describe)  Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499  Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	FAIR MARKET VALUE  \$2,000 - \$10,000  \$10,001 - \$100,000  \$100,001 - \$1,000,000  Over \$1,000,000  NATURE OF INVESTMENT  Stock Other (Describe)  Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499  Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: // 16// 16  ACQUIRED DISPOSED	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE://_16//_16
NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
FAIR MARKET VALUE  \$2,000 - \$10,000  \$10,001 - \$100,000  \$100,001 - \$1,000,000  Over \$1,000,000  NATURE OF INVESTMENT  Stock Other (Describe)	FAIR MARKET VALUE  \$2,000 - \$10,000  \$10,001 - \$100,000  \$100,001 - \$1,000,000  Over \$1,000,000  NATURE OF INVESTMENT  Stock Other
Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499 O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	(Describe)  Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499 O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
Comments:	

# Instructions – Schedule A-2 Investments, Income, and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

Use Schedule A-2 to report investments in a business entity (including a consulting business or other independent contracting business) or trust (including a living trust) in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and your dependent children, together or separately, had a 10% or greater interest, totaling \$2,000 or more, during the reporting period and which is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or which has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. See Reference Pamphlet, page 13. A trust located outside your agency's jurisdiction is reportable if it holds assets that are located in or doing business in the jurisdiction. Do not report a trust that contains non-reportable interests. For example, a trust containing only your personal residence not used in whole or in part as a business, your savings account, and some municipal bonds, is not reportable.

Also report on Schedule A-2 investments and real property held by that entity or trust if your pro rata share of the investment or real property interest was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period.

#### To Complete Schedule A-2:

Part 1. Disclose the name and address of the business entity or trust. If you are reporting an interest in a business entity, check "Business Entity" and complete the box as follows:

- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your investment during the reporting period.
- If you initially acquired or entirely disposed of this interest during the reporting period, enter the date acquired or disposed.
- · Identify the nature of your investment.
- Disclose the job title or business position you held with the entity, if any (i.e., if you were a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or held any position of management). A business position held by your spouse is not reportable.

Part 2. Check the box indicating your pro rata share of the gross income received by the business entity or trust. This amount includes your pro rata share of the gross income from the business entity or trust, as well as your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes.

Part 3. Disclose the name of each source of income that is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or that has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction, as follows:

Disclose each source of income and outstanding loan to the business entity or trust identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the gross income (including your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share) to the business entity or trust from that source was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period. See Reference Pamphlet, page 11, for examples. Income from governmental sources may be reportable if not considered salary. See Regulation 18232. Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.

 Disclose each individual or entity that was a source of commission income of \$10,000 or more during the reporting period through the business entity identified in Part 1. See Reference Pamphlet, page 8, for an explanation of commission income.

You may be required to disclose sources of income located outside your jurisdiction. For example, you may have a client who resides outside your jurisdiction who does business on a regular basis with you. Such a client, if a reportable source of \$10,000 or more, must be disclosed.

Mark "None" if you do not have any reportable \$10,000 sources of income to disclose. Using phrases such as "various clients" or "not disclosing sources pursuant to attorney-client privilege" may trigger a request for an amendment to your statement. See Reference Pamphlet, page 14, for details about requesting an exemption from disclosing privileged information.

Part 4. Report any investments or interests in real property held or leased by the entity or trust identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the interest held was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period. Attach additional schedules or use FPPC's Form 700 Excel spreadsheet if needed.

- Check the applicable box identifying the interest held as real property or an investment.
- If investment, provide the name and description of the business entity.
- If real property, report the precise location (e.g., an assessor's parcel number or address).
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your interest in the real property or investment during the reporting period. (Report the fair market value of the portion of your residence claimed as a tax deduction if you are utilizing your residence for business purposes.)
- · Identify the nature of your interest.
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property or investment during the reporting period.

### SCHEDULE A-2 Investments, Income, and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts (Ownership Interest is 10% or Greater)

	00
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COM	MISSION
Name	

► 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	► 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST
Name	· Name
	Name
Address (Business Address Acceptable)	Address (Business Address Acceptable)
Check one ☐ Trust, go to 2 ☐ Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2	Check one
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	☐ Trust, go to 2 ☐ Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE LIST DATE:	
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$2,000 - \$10,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED   \$100,001 - \$1,000,000
Over \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INVESTMENT	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
Partnership Sole Proprietorship Other	Partnership Sole Proprietorship Other
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	VOUR RURINGER ROOMEN
	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
► 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME <u>TO</u> THE ENTITY/TRUST)	2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)
\$0 - \$499 \$10,001 - \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
☐ \$500 - \$1,000 ☐ OVER \$100,000 ☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000	\$500 - \$1,000 OVER \$100,000
➤ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF	➤ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF
INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary)  None or Names listed below	INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary)  None or Names listed below
	Note of Marines listed below
4-4	
► 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	▶ 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR
Check one box:	LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST  Check one box:
☐ INVESTMENT ☐ REAL PROPERTY	☐ INVESTMENT ☐ REAL PROPERTY
Name of Business Entity, if Investment, or Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property	Name of Business Entity, if Investment, or Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property
	-
Description of Business Activity or City or Other Precise Location of Real Property	Description of Business Activity or City or Other Precise Location of Real Property
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$2,000 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000//16//16 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED	\$10,001 - \$100,000
Over \$1,000,000	S100,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED  Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST
Property Ownership/Deed of Trust Stock Partnership	Property Ownership/Deed of Trust Stock Pertnership
Leasehold Other	Leasehold Other
Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached	Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached
·	
Comments:	FPPC Form 700 (2016/2017) Sch. A-2

# Instructions – Schedule B Interests in Real Property

Report interests in real property located in your agency's jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more any time during the reporting period. Real property is also considered to be "within the jurisdiction" of a local government agency if the property or any part of it is located within two miles outside the boundaries of the jurisdiction or within two miles of any land owned or used by the local government agency. See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.

#### Interests in real property include:

- An ownership interest (including a beneficial ownership interest)
- · A deed of trust, easement, or option to acquire property
- A leasehold interest (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)
- A mining lease
- An interest in real property held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)
- An interest in real property held by a business entity or trust in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and your dependent children together had a 10% or greater ownership interest (Report on Schedule A-2.)
- Your spouse's or registered domestic partner's interests in real property that are legally held separately by him or her

#### You are not required to report:

 A residence, such as a home or vacation cabin, used exclusively as a personal residence (However, a residence in which you rent out a room or for which you claim a business deduction may be reportable. If reportable, report the fair market value of the portion claimed as a tax deduction.)

**Please note:** A non-reportable residence can still be grounds for a conflict of interest and may be disqualifying.

 Interests in real property held through a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16, for exceptions.)

#### To Complete Schedule B:

- Report the precise location (e.g., an assessor's parcel number or address) of the real property.
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your interest in the property (regardless of what you owe on the property).
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property during the reporting period.
- Identify the nature of your interest. If it is a leasehold, disclose the number of years remaining on the lease.

#### Reminders

- Income and loans already reported on Schedule B are not also required to be reported on Schedule C.
- Real property already reported on Schedule A-2, Part 4 is not also required to be reported on Schedule B.
- Code filers do your disclosure categories require disclosure of real property?

- If you received rental income, check the box indicating the gross amount you received.
- If you had a 10% or greater interest in real property and received rental income, list the name of the source(s) if your pro rata share of the gross income from any single tenant was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period. If you received a total of \$10,000 or more from two or more tenants acting in concert (in most cases, this will apply to married couples), disclose the name of each tenant. Otherwise, mark "None."
- Loans from a private lender that total \$500 or more and are secured by real property may be reportable. Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.

When reporting a loan:

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Describe the lender's business activity.
- Disclose the interest rate and term of the loan. For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period. The term of a loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was established.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Identify a guarantor, if applicable.

If you have more than one reportable loan on a single piece of real property, report the additional loan(s) on Schedule C.

#### Example:

Joe Nelson is a city planning commissioner. Joe received rental income of \$12,000 during the reporting period from a single tenant who rented property Joe owned in the city's jurisdiction. If Joe had received the \$12,000 from two or more tenants, the tenants' names would not be required as long as no single tenant paid \$10,000 or more. A married couple would be considered a single tenant.

4600 24th Street	MBER OR STREET ADDRESS
OITY	
Sacramento	
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	F APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
X \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
NATURE OF INTEREST	
Ownership/Deed of Tru	st Easement
	Deber Deber
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, G	ROSS INCOME RECEIVED
D \$0 - \$499 D \$56	000,018 - 100,000
interest, fist the name of income of \$10,000 or m	
SOURCES OF RENTAL IN	COME: If you own a 10% or greater I each tenent that is a single source o
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SOURCES OF RENTAL IN Interest, fiel the name of income of \$10,000 or m   None   Henry Wolls  NAME OF LENDER' Sophia Petroillo ADDRESS glesiness Address	COME: If you own a 10% or greater feach tenent that is a single source or a second or a se
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SOURCES OF RENTAL INITIATIVES, But the name of moreone of 310,000 or in	COMET. If you own a 10% or greater reach tenent that is a single source or an acceptable.  MAY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE STREET OF T
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FPPC Form 700 (2016/2017)

FPPC Advice Email: advice@fppc.ca.gov

FPPC Toll-Free Helpline: 866/275-3772 www.fppc.ca.gov

Instructions – 12

### SCHEDULE B

# Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

CALIFORNIA FORM	Marie College College
Name	
Market and the second s	

CITY	CITY
FAIR MARKET VALUE   IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:   \$2,000 - \$10,000   \$10,001 - \$100,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE   IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:  \$2,000 - \$10,000  //16  /_/1  \$100,001 - \$1,000,000   ACQUIRED DISPOSED  Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST
Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement	Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement
Leasehold Other	Leasehold Other
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	
\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.	income of \$10,000 or more.
L. Notice	None
You are not required to repeat leave (see	
loans received not in a lender's regular course of but	lic without regard to your official status. Personal loans an
business on terms available to members of the publoans received not in a lender's regular course of business of Lender*	lic without regard to your official status. Personal loans an usiness must be disclosed as follows:
loans received not in a lender's regular course of but have of LENDER*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	lic without regard to your official status. Personal loans an usiness must be disclosed as follows:  NAME OF LENDER*
Dusiness on terms available to members of the pub loans received not in a lender's regular course of but name of Lender*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)  BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	lic without regard to your official status. Personal loans an usiness must be disclosed as follows:  NAME OF LENDER*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
Dusiness on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of but the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of but the publicans of the publicans are course of but the publicans of the publicans are course of the publicans are co	NAME OF LENDER*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)  BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER  INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
Dusiness on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of bit NAME OF LENDER*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)  BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER  NTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	Ilic without regard to your official status. Personal loans an usiness must be disclosed as follows:  NAME OF LENDER*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)  BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER  INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
Dusiness on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of bit NAME OF LENDER*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)  BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER  NTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	Ilic without regard to your official status. Personal loans an usiness must be disclosed as follows:  NAME OF LENDER*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)  BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER  INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
Dusiness on terms available to members of the publicans received not in a lender's regular course of bit NAME OF LENDER*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)  BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER  NTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	Ilic without regard to your official status. Personal loans an usiness must be disclosed as follows:  NAME OF LENDER*  ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)  BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER  INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)

#### Instructions – Schedule C Income, Loans, & Business Positions (Income Other Than Gifts and Travel Payments)

#### Reporting Income:

Report the source and amount of gross income of \$500 or more you received during the reporting period. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes and includes loans other than loans from a commercial lending institution. See Reference Pamphlet, page 11. You must also report the source of income to your spouse or registered domestic partner if your community property share was \$500 or more during the reporting period.

The source and income must be reported only if the source is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. See Reference Pamphlet, page 13, for more information about doing business in the jurisdiction. Reportable sources of income may be further limited by your disclosure category located in your agency's conflict of interest code.

#### **Reporting Business Positions:**

You must report your job title with each reportable business entity even if you received no income during the reporting period. Use the comments section to indicate that no income was received.

#### Commonly reportable income and loans include:

- Salary/wages, per diem, and reimbursement for expenses including travel payments provided by your employer
- Community property interest (50%) in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's income - report the employer's name and all other required information
- Income from investment interests, such as partnerships, reported on Schedule A-1
- Commission income not required to be reported on Schedule A-2 (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.)
- Gross income from any sale, including the sale of a house or car (Report your pro rata share of the total sale price.)
- · Rental income not required to be reported on Schedule B
- · Prizes or awards not disclosed as gifts
- Payments received on loans you made to others
- An honorarium received prior to becoming a public official (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10, concerning your ability to receive future honoraria.)
- Incentive compensation (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)

#### Reminders

- Code filers your disclosure categories may not require disclosure of all sources of income.
- If you or your spouse or registered domestic partner are self-employed, report the business entity on Schedule A-2.
- Do not disclose on Schedule C income, loans, or business positions already reported on Schedules A-2 or B.

#### You are not required to report:

- Salary, reimbursement for expenses or per diem, or social security, disability, or other similar benefit payments received by you or your spouse or registered domestic partner from a federal, state, or local government agency.
- Stock dividends and income from the sale of stock unless the source can be identified.
- Income from a PERS retirement account.

See Reference Pamphlet, page 11, for more exceptions to income reporting.

#### To Complete Schedule C:

#### Part 1. Income Received/Business Position Disclosure

- Disclose the name and address of each source of income or each business entity with which you held a business position.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the amount of gross income received.
- Identify the consideration for which the income was received.
- For income from commission sales, check the box indicating the gross income received and list the name of each source of commission income of \$10,000 or more.
   See Reference Pamphlet, page 8. Note: If you receive commission income on a regular basis or have an ownership interest of 10% or more, you must disclose the business entity and the income on Schedule A-2.
- Disclose the job title or business position, if any, that you held with the business entity, even if you did not receive income during the reporting period.

### Part 2. Loans Received or Outstanding During the Reporting Period

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the lender is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- · Disclose the interest rate and the term of the loan.
  - For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period.
  - The term of the loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was entered into.
- Identify the security, if any, for the loan.

### SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business **Positions**(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES CO	700
Name	(1) (1) (1)

► 1. INCOME RECEIVED	► 1. INCOME RECEIVED
NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business Position Only \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business Position Only \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED  Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED  Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)
Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)	Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)
Sale of	Sale of
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)	(Real property, car, boat, etc.)
Loan repayment	Loan repayment
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more
(Describe)	(Describe)
Other(Describe)	Other
2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD	(Describe)
* You are not required to report loans from commercial ler	nding institutions, or any indebtedness created as part of a lender's regular course of business on terms available to tus. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's
NAME OF LENDER*	INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	% None
, ,	SECURITY FOR LOAN
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	None Personal residence
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	Real PropertyStreet address
\$500 - \$1,000	
\$1,001 - \$10,000	City
\$10,001 - \$100,000	Guarantor
OVER \$100,000	Other(Describe)
	(Dodding)
Comments:	

## Instructions – Schedule D

A gift is anything of value for which you have not provided equal or greater consideration to the donor. A gift is reportable if its fair market value is \$50 or more. In addition, multiple gifts totaling \$50 or more received during the reporting period from a single source must be reported.

It is the acceptance of a gift, not the ultimate use to which it is put, that imposes your reporting obligation. Except as noted below, you must report a gift even if you never used it or if you gave it away to another person.

If the exact amount of a gift is unknown, you must make a good faith estimate of the item's fair market value. Listing the value of a gift as "over \$50" or "value unknown" is not adequate disclosure. In addition, if you received a gift through an intermediary, you must disclose the name, address, and business activity of both the donor and the intermediary. You may indicate an intermediary either in the "source" field after the name or in the "comments" section at the bottom of Schedule D.

#### Commonly reportable gifts include:

- Tickets/passes to sporting or entertainment events
- · Tickets/passes to amusement parks
- Parking passes not used for official agency business
- Food, beverages, and accommodations, including those provided in direct connection with your attendance at a convention, conference, meeting, social event, meal, or like gathering
- Rebates/discounts not made in the regular course of business to members of the public without regard to official status
- · Wedding gifts (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16)
- An honorarium received prior to assuming office (You may report an honorarium as income on Schedule C, rather than as a gift on Schedule D, if you provided services of equal or greater value than the payment received. See Reference Pamphlet, page 10, regarding your ability to receive future honoraria.)
- · Transportation and lodging (See Schedule E.)
- · Forgiveness of a loan received by you

#### You are not required to disclose:

 Gifts that were not used and that, within 30 days after receipt, were returned to the donor or delivered to a charitable organization or government agency without

#### Reminders

- Gifts from a single source are subject to a \$460 limit during 2016. See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.
- Code filers you only need to report gifts from reportable sources.

#### **Gift Tracking Mobile Application**

 FPPC has created a gift tracking app for mobile devices that helps filers track gifts and provides a quick and easy way to upload the information to the Form 700. Visit FPPC's website to download the app.

- being claimed by you as a charitable contribution for tax purposes
- Gifts from your spouse or registered domestic partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, and certain other famly members (See Regulation 18942 for a complete list.). The exception does not apply if the donor was acting as an agent or intermediary for a reportable source who was the true donor.
- Gifts of similar value exchanged between you and an individual, other than a lobbyist registered to lobby your state agency, on holidays, birthdays, or similar occasions
- Gifts of informational material provided to assist you in the performance of your official duties (e.g., books, pamphlets, reports, calendars, periodicals, or educational seminars)
- A monetary bequest or inheritance (However, inherited investments or real property may be reportable on other schedules.)
- Personalized plaques or trophies with an individual value of less than \$250
- · Campaign contributions
- Up to two tickets, for your own use, to attend a fundraiser for a campaign committee or candidate, or to a fundraiser for an organization exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The ticket must be received from the organization or committee holding the fundraiser.
- Gifts given to members of your immediate family if the source has an established relationship with the family member and there is no evidence to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you. (See Regulation 18943.)
- Free admission, food, and nominal items (such as a pen, pencil, mouse pad, note pad or similar item) available to all attendees, at the event at which the official makes a speech (as defined in Regulation 18950(b)(2)), so long as the admission is provided by the person who organizes the event.
- Any other payment not identified above, that would otherwise meet the definition of gift, where the payment is made by an individual who is not a lobbyist registered to lobby the official's state agency, where it is clear that the gift was made because of an existing personal or business relationship unrelated to the official's position and there is no evidence whatsoever at the time the gift is made to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you.

#### To Complete Schedule D:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym), address, and, if a business entity, the business activity of the source.
- Provide the date (month, day, and year) of receipt, and disclose the fair market value and description of the gift.

FPPC Form 700 (2016/2017)
FPPC Advice Email: advice@fppc.ca.gov
FPPC Toll-Free Helpline: 866/275-3772 www.fppc.ca.gov
Instructions – 16

#### SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts

CALIFORNIA FORM	700
Name	

▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	
	\$	
▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	
\$		
\$		
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	
\$		
	\$	
Comments:		

#### Instructions – Schedule E Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

Travel payments reportable on Schedule E include advances and reimbursements for travel and related expenses, including lodging and meals.

Gifts of travel may be subject to the gift limit. In addition, certain travel payments are reportable gifts, but are not subject to the gift limit. To avoid possible misinterpretation or the perception that you have received a gift in excess of the gift limit, you may wish to provide a specific description of the purpose of your travel. See the FPPC fact sheet entitled "Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel, and Loans" at www.fppc.ca.gov.

#### You are not required to disclose:

- Travel payments received from any state, local, or federal government agency for which you provided services equal or greater in value than the payments received, such as reimbursement for travel on agency business from your government agency employer.
- A payment for travel from another local, state, or federal government agency and related per diem expenses when the travel is for education, training or other inter-agency programs or purposes.
- Travel payments received from your employer in the normal course of your employment that are included in the income reported on Schedule C.
- A travel payment that was received from a non-profit entity exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) for which you provided equal or greater consideration, such as reimbursement for travel on business for a 501(c)(3) organization for which you are a board member.

Note: Certain travel payments may not be reportable if reported on Form 801 by your agency.

#### To Complete Schedule E:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym) and address of the source of the travel payment.
- Identify the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box to identify the payment as a gift or income, report the amount, and disclose the date(s).
  - Travel payments are gifts if you did not provide services that were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose gifts totaling \$50 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement.

When reporting travel payments that are gifts, you must provide a description of the gift and the date(s) received. If the travel occurred on or after January 1, 2016, you must also disclose the travel destination.

Travel payments are income if you provided services that were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose income totaling \$500 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement. You have the burden of proving the payments are income rather than gifts. When reporting travel payments as income, you must describe the services you provided in exchange for the payment. You are not required to disclose the date(s) for travel payments that are income.

#### Example:

City council member Rick Chandler is the chairman of a 501 (c)(6) trade association and the association pays for Rick's travel to attend its meetings. Because Rick is deemed to be

providing equal or greater consideration for the travel payment by virtue of serving on the board, this payment may be reported as income. Payments for Rick to attend other events for which he is not providing services are likely considered gifts.

14412 0. 000	RCE (Not an Acronym)
Health Sen	vices Trade Association
ADDRESS (Bus	iness Address Acceptable)
1230 K Str	eet, Suite 610
CITY AND STAT	TE .
Sacrament	o, CA
Association	DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE 1 Of Healthcare Workers  AMT. \$ 150.00
B4112(0)	(If gift)
MUST CHECK	DNE: Gift +or+ X Income
	ipeech/Participated in a Panel
0	rovide Description Travel reimbursement fo

# SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name

- Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization
  or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. These payments are not
  subject to the gift limit, but may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.
- · For gifts of travel, provide the travel destination.

▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S):/ AMT: \$	DATE(S):/ AMT: \$
▶ MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift -or- ☐ Income	▶ MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift -or- ☐ Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination	▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S):/ AMT: \$	DATE(S):/
MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- Income	▶ MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift -or- ☐ Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
If Gift, Provide Travel Destination	▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
Comments:	

{Date}
Dear {}}:
Thank you so much for the {gift} you recently {delivered/sent} to the department. While the gesture was thoughtful, it would be inappropriate for Monterey County, as a public agency, to accept. Accordingly, we are returning the package.
We appreciate your kind gesture of generosity and wish you the happiest of holidays.
Sincerely,
MONTEREY COUNTY {DEPARTMENT NAME}

# COUNTY OF MONTEREY COUNTY FACILITIES Office Environment Guidelines

**Purpose:** The County of Monterey has adopted the following minimum guidelines in order to assist managers and employees maintain a safe, clean, healthy, respectful, and professional office environment. These guidelines will assist in maintaining the integrity of County facilities in a manner that is consistent with the Public Trust by minimizing excessive wear and tear on work areas and common areas. The guidelines will also allow for the maximum comfort, safety, and personalization of individual workspaces in a manner that is consistent with the Monterey County Values statement and respectful of our coworkers. Employees having questions or seeking guidance on these guidelines should do so through their immediate supervisor. Department Heads shall have the overall authority and be responsible for their department's work areas consistent with these guidelines.

- 1. Workstations: Employees may display/hang items inside their personal workstations as long as items do not protrude above the top panel of the workstation, or are displayed on top of the overhead cabinets/storage bins. Art, boards, photos, or other items placed on the outside of workstation panels, glass panels, windows, or in any workstation corridor is prohibited. Items displayed should not interfere with the efficient and professional conduct of business and may not violate the County's antidiscrimination policies. The County's Civil Rights Office Nondiscrimination Policy may be referenced at http://www.in.co.monterey.ca.us/policies/board-policy-manual. Items displayed should exclude photographs, images, graphics, illustrations, logos, buttons, icons, or other materials that may offend employees or members of the public because of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, veteran status, or any other protected status recognized under the law. Questions regarding this section of the guidelines may be addressed through a supervisor, manager, department head, or with the County's Civil Rights Office at (831) 755-5117.
- 2. Private Offices: Employees may display/hang items in their private offices as long as they do not violate the County's Civil Rights Office Nondiscrimination Policy and related policies, do not interfere with the efficient and professional conduct of business, and do not violate the County's Civil Rights Office Nondiscrimination Policy and related policies as outlined above in paragraph 1. Workstations.
- 3. Food in Workstations: Food can be stored and sealed in workstations as long as it is out-of-sight and only out while being consumed. Food that is intended for coworkers or visitors should be placed in the closest built-in coffee service area or break area. Treats, such as individually wrapped or sealed candies or chocolates, are permitted in the immediate work area. Workstations should be neat, professional looking, and presentable to the public at all times.
- 4. General Surfaces: The use of tape on any wall, door, or painted surface is prohibited. Tape damages painted surface.
- 5. Columns: The use of tape, glue, tacks, and miscellaneous attachments or temporary or permanent markings of any kind on the interior building columns is prohibited either inside or outside the cubicles as the paint on these columns is unique and cannot be repaired.

- 6. File Cabinets/Bookcases/Bookshelves: Items on top of the file cabinets, bookcases, and bookshelves located in open areas/hallways shall be limited to official County business documents only, with the exception of treats, such as individually wrapped or sealed candies or chocolates.
- 7. Lobbies and Public Spaces: No items are allowed in the lobbies and public spaces except as authorized by the County Administrative Officer.
- 8. Posting of Public Notices: Posting of all public meeting notices are to be displayed in the bulletin board cases as designated by each facility. If required, in addition to posting in the bulletin board cases, public meeting notices may be posted on the lobby glass doors. Posting notices on any wall surfaces is prohibited.
- 9. Public Counters: Public counters are to be free of all items, except official signage and County business documents.
  - 10. Shared Conference Rooms: The Arts Review Committee shall approve all displayed/hung items in shared conference rooms. Please refer to G-94, County Facility Arts Policy located at: <a href="http://www.in.co.monterey.ca.us/policies/board-policy-manual">http://www.in.co.monterey.ca.us/policies/board-policy-manual</a>.
- 11. Breakrooms and Copy/File Rooms: Departments shall approve all display/hung items in their breakrooms and copy/file rooms.
- 12. Department Conference Rooms: Departments shall approve all display/hung items in their Department's conference rooms.
- 13. Birthday, Holiday, and Other Seasonal Displays: These guidelines are not intended to limit or prohibit temporary displays commemorating holidays, holiday seasons, birthdays, anniversaries, or other special occasions as long as they do not offend other employees, meet departmental approval, and do not violate the County's Civil Rights Office Nondiscrimination Policy and related policies.

Approved by

County Administrative Officer