

Monterey County

*Monterey County Government Center
168 W. Alisal St.
Salinas, CA 93901*



Meeting Agenda

Thursday, December 17, 2020

12:00 PM

SPECIAL Legislative Committee Meeting
Monterey Room, 2nd Floor, Government Center
IMPORTANT COVID-19 NOTICE ON PAGES 2
AVISO IMPORTANTE SOBRE COVID-19 EN LA PAGINAS 2
<https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950>
Legislative Committee

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING COVID 19

Based on guidance from the California Department of Public Health and the California Governor's Office, in order to minimize the spread of the COVID 19 virus, please do the following:

1. You are strongly encouraged to observe the Special Legislative Committee meeting via Zoom at <https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950>

If you do not have access to a computer, you may call into the meeting and participate by calling the following number: 1-669-900-6833 and entering the following meeting ID: 924 5216 8950.

2. If you choose not to attend the Special Legislative Committee meeting but wish to make a comment on a specific agenda item, please submit your comment via email by 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, December 16, 2020.

Please submit your comment to Maegan Ruiz-Ignacio at ruiz-ignaciom@co.monterey.ca.us and your comment will be placed into the record at the meeting.

3. If you are watching via Zoom Conference of the Special Legislative Committee meeting and wish to make either a general public comment or to comment on a specific agenda item as it is being heard, please select the "raise hand" option on the Zoom screen, and your microphone will be unmuted so you can speak. To select the "raise hand" option, click on the 'participants' icon at the bottom of your Zoom screen, then click the "raise hand" icon next to your name.

4. If you attend the Special Legislative Committee meeting in person, you will be required to maintain appropriate social distancing, specifically you must maintain a 6-foot distance between yourself and other individuals and wear appropriate face covering.

Pursuant to Governor Newsom's Executive Order No. N-25-20, some or all Supervisors may participate in the meeting by telephone or video conference.

NOTE: All agenda titles related to numbered items are live web links. Click on the title to be directed to corresponding Committee Report.

Call to Order

Additions and Corrections

Public Comment

2021 Legislative Committee Meeting Calendar

1. Consider approval of 2021 Legislative Committee Meeting Calendar.

Attachments: [2021 Legislative Committee Calendar - DRAFT](#)

Action Minutes

2. Consider approval of the action minutes from the Legislative Committee meeting on November 9, 2020.

Attachments: [2020-11-09 LC Action Minutes - DRAFT](#)

Federal Report

Presenter: Brent Heberlee (Ballard Spahr LLP)

3. Receive reports, provide direction, and consider positions and/or recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on:
 - a. President-Elect Biden Transition
 - b. FY 2021 Appropriations
 - c. COVID-19 Relief Legislation
 - d. Legislation
 - i. Marijuana Opportunity Reinvestment and Expungement (MORE) Act (H.R. 3884)
 - ii. Hospitality and Commerce Job Recovery Act (H.R. 8802)
 - e. Federal Bill/Issues Track

Attachments: [2020-12-17 Federal Report](#)
[2020-12-17 Federal Track](#)
[US - Hospitality+Commerce Job Recovery Act \(HR 8802\) - Support](#)

State Report***Presenter: Ashley Walker (Nossaman LLP)***

4. Receive reports, provide direction, and consider positions and/or recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on:
 - a. 2021-22 Legislative Session
 - b. State Budget
 - c. Legislation
 - i. AB 14 (Aguiar-Curry) Communications: broadband services: California Advanced Services Fund.
 - ii. AB 15 (Chiu) COVID-19 relief: tenancy: Tenant Stabilization Act of 2021.
 - iii. AB 16 (Chiu) Tenancies: Tenant, Small Landlord, and Affordable Housing Provider Stabilization Act of 2021.
 - iv. AB 34 (Muratsuchi) Broadband for All Act.
 - v. AB 41 (Wood) Broadband infrastructure.
 - vi. AB 73 (Rivas) Employment safety: agricultural workers: wildfire smoke.
 - vii. AB 74 (L. Gonzalez) Unemployment and disability benefit payments: direct deposit.
 - viii. AB 89 (Jones-Sawyer) Peace officers: minimum qualifications.
 - ix. SB 3 (Caballero) Tenancy: COVID-19.
 - x. SB 4 (Gonzalez) Communications: California Advanced Services Fund.
 - xi. SB 28 (Caballero) Rural Broadband and Digital Infrastructure Video Competition Reform Act.
 - xii. SB 45 (Portantino) Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparedness, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022.
 - xiii. SB 59 (Caballero) Cannabis licenses.
 - d. Governor's Executive Orders that Impact Monterey County
 - e. State Bill Track

Attachments: [2020-12-17 State Report](#)
[2020-12-17 State Track](#)
[DRAFT - AB 14 \(Aguiar-Curry\)](#)
[DRAFT - SB 59 \(Caballero\)](#)
[DRAFT - SB 45 \(Portantino\)](#)

Grant Report

Presenter: Ashley Walker (Nossaman LLP)

5. Receive reports, provide direction, and consider positions and/or recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on:
 - a. California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) - State Budget Funding for Interlake Tunnel
 - b. San Lucas Drinking Water Project
 - c. Prop 68: Statewide Parks Program
 - d. Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program
 - e. Grant Track

Attachments: [2020-12-17 Grant Report](#)
[2020-12-14 Grant Track](#)

2021 Legislative Workshop***Presenter: Annette D'Adamo***

6. Receive report and provide direction on the development of the 2021 Legislative Workshop.

Attachments: [2020-12-17 LC Memo - 2021 Legislative Workshop](#)

2021-22 Legislative Program***Presenter: Annette D'Adamo***

7. Receive report and provide direction on the development of the 2021-22 Legislative Program.

Attachments: [2020-12-17 LC Memo - 2021-22 Legislative Program](#)
[DRAFT - 2021-22 Legislative Program 2020.12.17 LC Meeting](#)

2021 Strategic Grant Services Programs***Presenter: Annette D'Adamo***

8. Receive report and provide direction on the development of the 2021 Strategic Grant Services Program.

Attachments: [2020-12-17 LC Memo - 2021-22 Strategic Grant Services Program](#)
[DRAFT - 2021 Strategic Grant Services Program](#)

Adjournment

Next meeting scheduled for: January 11, 2021

Committee members: Supervisor Mary Adams (Chair) and Supervisor Luis A. Alejo (Vice Chair). Staff: Nicholas E. Chiulos, Assistant CAO; Annette D'Adamo, Management Analyst III; and Maegan Ruiz-Ignacio, Administrative Assistant Confidential.

- Copies of staff reports or other written documentation relating to items referenced on this agenda and/or submitted after distribution of the agenda packet are on file and available for public inspection at the County Administrative Office, Monterey County Government Center, 168 West Alisal Street, 3rd Floor, Salinas.*
- Meetings of the Board of Supervisors' Legislative Committee are accessible to individuals with disabilities. Please contact the Monterey County Civil Rights Office at 831-755-5117 if you need assistance or accommodations in order to participate in a public meeting or if you need the agenda and public documents modified as required by Section 202 of the Americans with Disabilities Act.*
- The following services are available when requests are made at a minimum of one (1) business day before the meeting: American Sign Language interpreters during a meeting, large print agenda or minutes in alternative format.*
- If you require the assistance of an interpreter, please contact Maegan Ruiz-Ignacio in the County Administrative Office at 831-755-5508. Every effort will be made to accommodate requests for translation assistance. Requests should be made as soon as possible, and at a minimum of one (1) business day in advance of any meeting.*
- Si usted requiere la asistencia de un interprete, por favor comuniquese con las oficina de Administracion localizada en el Centro de Gobierno del Condado de Monterey, (Monterey County Government Center), 168 W. Alisal, Tercer Piso, Salinas - o por telefono llamar a Maegan Ruiz-Ignacio 831-755-5508. La asistente hara el esfuerzo para acomodar los pedidos de asistencia de un interprete.*



Monterey County

Board Report

Legistar File Number: 20-1057

Item No.

Board of Supervisors
Chambers
168 W. Alisal St., 1st Floor
Salinas, CA 93901

December 17, 2020

Introduced: 12/14/2020

Version: 1

Current Status: Agenda Ready

Matter Type: General Agenda Item

1. Consider approval of 2021 Legislative Committee Meeting Calendar.

MONTEREY COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

2021 Legislative Committee Meeting Calendar

The Legislative Committee meets the second Monday of the month at the Monterey County Government Center 168 W. Alisal Street, Salinas, CA 93901 (2nd Floor/Monterey Room), unless otherwise notified.

DATE	TIME	LOCATION
January 11, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
February 8, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
March 8, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
April 12, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
May 10, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
June 14, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
July 12, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
August 9, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
September 13, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
October 11, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
November 8, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950
December 13, 2021	1:30 - 3:00 p.m.	Monterey Room or via Zoom https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950

**Reports are due at 8:00 a.m. the Wednesday prior to the meeting.*

2021 CSAC, RCRC and NACo Conference Dates		
February 20-24, 2021	NACo Legislative Conference	Washington D.C.
April 31-22, 2021	CSAC Legislative Conference	Sacramento, CA
July 16-19, 2021	NACo Annual Conference	Travis County, Austin, TX
September 29-30, 2021	RCRC Annual Conference	Monterey County, CA
November 29-December 3, 2021	CSAC Annual Conference	Monterey County, CA

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING COVID-19

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Monterey County

Board Report

Legistar File Number: 20-1058

Item No.

Board of Supervisors
Chambers
168 W. Alisal St., 1st Floor
Salinas, CA 93901

December 17, 2020

Introduced: 12/14/2020

Version: 1

Current Status: Agenda Ready

Matter Type: General Agenda Item

2. Consider approval of the action minutes from the Legislative Committee meeting on November 9, 2020.



Monterey County

Monterey County
Government Center
168 W. Alisal St.
Salinas, CA 93901

Action Minutes - Draft Legislative Committee

Monday, November 9, 2020

1:30 PM

Monterey Room, 2nd Floor, Government Center
IMPORTANT COVID-19 NOTICE ON PAGES 2
AVISO IMPORTANTE SOBRE COVID-19 EN LA PAGINAS 2
<https://montereycty.zoom.us/j/92452168950>

Call to Order

The meeting was called to order at 1:31 p.m.

Additions and Corrections

None.

Public Comment Period

None.

Action Minutes

1. Consider approval of the action minutes from the Legislative Committee meeting on October 22, 2020.

ACTION:

- Approved action minutes from the Legislative Committee meeting on October 22, 2020.

Federal Report

Presenter: Brent Heberlee (Ballard Spahr LLP)

2. Receive reports, provide direction, and consider positions and/or recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on:
 - a. Election Results
 - b. Save Our Forest Act
 - c. 340B Medicaid Drug Program
 - d. Federal Bill/Issues Track

ACTIONS:

- Received reports;
- Received an oral report on November election results for federal offices, transition plans and potential priorities for President-Elect Biden;
- Took a support position on the Save Our Forests Act.

State Report***Presenter: Ashley Walker (Nossaman LLP)***

3. Receive reports, provide direction, and consider positions and/or recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on:
 - a. Election Results
 - b. Governor's Executive Orders that Impact Monterey County
 - c. Digital Divide
 - i. Senate Joint Informational Hearing: K-12 Distance Learning: How are students across the state served and how are they accessing online learning?
 - d. State Bill/Issues Track

ACTIONS:

- Received reports;
- Received an oral report on November election results for state offices and ballot measures.

Grant Report***Presenter: Ashley Walker (Nossaman LLP)***

4. Receive reports, provide direction, and consider positions and/or recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on:
 - a. California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) - State Budget Funding for Interlake Tunnel
 - b. San Lucas Drinking Water Project
 - c. Grant Track

ACTION:

- Received reports.

2021-22 Legislative Program, 2021 Legislative Workshop, and 2021 Strategic Grant Services Programs

Presenter: Annette D'Adamo

5. Receive report and provide direction on the development of the 2021-22 Legislative Program, 2021 Legislative Workshop and 2021 Strategic Grant Services Program.

ACTIONS:

- Received reports;
- Approved the proposed recommendations for the development of the 2021-22 Legislative Program, 2021 Legislative Workshop and 2021 Strategic Grant Services Program;
- Directed that immigration reform and support for the DACA program be added to the legislative priorities list for 2021.

Adjournment

The meeting was adjourned at 3:15 p.m.



Monterey County

Item No.

Board Report

Board of Supervisors
Chambers
168 W. Alisal St., 1st Floor
Salinas, CA 93901

Legistar File Number: 20-1059

December 17, 2020

Introduced: 12/14/2020

Current Status: Agenda Ready

Version: 1

Matter Type: General Agenda Item

Presenter: Brent Heberlee (Ballard Spahr LLP)

3. Receive reports, provide direction, and consider positions and/or recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on:
 - a. President-Elect Biden Transition
 - b. FY 2021 Appropriations
 - c. COVID-19 Relief Legislation
 - d. Legislation
 - i. Marijuana Opportunity Reinvestment and Expungement (MORE) Act (H.R. 3884)
 - ii. Hospitality and Commerce Job Recovery Act (H.R. 8802)
 - e. Federal Bill/Issues Track

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MEMORANDUM

TO Legislative Committee

FROM Brent R. Heberlee

DATE December 14, 2020

RE Federal Legislative Update

This memo provides a Federal Legislative Update on the items appearing on the agenda for the December 17, 2020, Legislative Committee meeting.

1. President-elect Biden Transition

President-elect Joe Biden has begun to build out his administration as he and Vice President-elect Kamala Harris prepare to take office in January. The Biden-Harris Transition has identified COVID-19, Economic Recovery, Racial Equity, and Climate Change as its core priorities for the incoming administration. Beginning with his announcements of senior White House staff and his picks to lead the State Department, Homeland Security Department and other national security posts, the Biden transition team has been rapidly vetting and rolling out nominees for a range of Cabinet jobs in recent days and weeks, including the following individuals:

Cabinet

Homeland Security Secretary: Alejandro Mayorkas
Treasury Secretary: Janet Yellin
HHS Secretary: Xavier Becerra
Defense Secretary: Gen. Lloyd Austin
Secretary of State: Tony Blinkin
Agriculture Secretary: Tom Vilsack
HUD Secretary: Rep. Marcia Fudge

White House Staff

Chief of Staff: Ron Klain
Special Presidential Envoy for Climate: Fmr. Secretary John Kerry
Director of OMB: Neera Tanden
Director of Intergovernmental Affairs: Julie Rodriguez

2. FY2021 Appropriations

The Senate passed a one-week continuing resolution last Friday, forestalling the threat of a government shutdown and giving Congress additional time to complete negotiations on a \$1.4 trillion omnibus spending package that would boost federal agency budgets for the rest of the fiscal year. Most of the spending and policy differences between House and Senate negotiators have been resolved, although familiar issues related to border wall funding and immigration policy continue to be discussed and threaten to derail the 12-bill omnibus package. If a deal is reached, the appropriations package would likely serve as a vehicle for other legislative priorities, such as COVID relief, tax extenders, surprise medical billing, and energy measures.

3. COVID-19 Relief Legislation

A bipartisan group of senators is expected to introduce legislative text this week for a \$908 billion coronavirus relief bill. The deal would split the bill into two pieces. The first part would provide \$748 billion for less controversial items like support for education, health care, small businesses, unemployment assistance, broadband, nutrition, and child care; the other would marry \$160 billion in money for state and local governments with a temporary liability shield for businesses. The second part of the deal has been the toughest part of the negotiation, with Senate Majority Leader McConnell recently expressing a willingness to set aside his top priority of business liability relief in exchange for the elimination of state and local government aid. This idea was quickly rejected by Speaker Pelosi. This new construct of splitting the bill could make it more likely that a relief package can be finalized before Congress wraps up its business for the year, but it also lessens the likelihood that state and local aid will be included in the final product.

4. Legislative

Marijuana Opportunity Reinvestment and Expungement (MORE) Act (H.R. 3884): mostly along party lines, the House last week approved a bill to legalize cannabis at the federal level. Under the MORE Act, cannabis would become federally de-scheduled and those with prior convictions would have their records expunged. This would effectively end many of the obstacles created by the federal illegality of cannabis such as the lack of access to banking, tax consequences, adverse immigration impacts and threats of federal criminal enforcement. The bill would also authorize a 5 percent tax on marijuana that would fund

community and small business grant programs to help those most impacted by the criminalization of marijuana. Rep. Panetta voted for the MORE Act. The legislation is not expected to be acted upon by the Senate before the end of this Congress.

Hospitality and Commerce Job Recovery Act (H.R. 8802): Rep. Panetta is an original cosponsor of legislation that will provide comprehensive relief for the convention, entertainment, hospitality, and travel industries and their workers by creating new recovery incentives and enhancing the employee retention tax credit until regular travel and tourism safely resumes. Specifically, the legislation will:

- Support the convention and trade show industries by establishing a tax credit for the cost of attending or hosting a convention, business meeting, or trade show in the United States between January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2023.
- Make improvements to the Employee Retention Tax Credit.
- Restore the Entertainment Business Expense Deduction by repealing the changes made by the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.
- Support the restaurant industry by establishing a tax credit for restaurants or food service businesses, covering any cost associated with reopening or increasing service at an establishment forced to close down or reduce operations due to the COVID-19 pandemic—including any renovation, remediation, testing, or labor cost needed to prevent the spread of COVID-19. Credit would be effective between the date of enactment and December 31, 2022.
- Provide a modest tax credit for qualified travel expenses for many Americans.

Attachment:

- Federal Bill/Issues Track
- DRAFT Support Letter: Hospitality and Commerce Job Recovery Act (H.R. 8802)

County of Monterey Federal Issues Track 2019-20

Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Position	Notes
Medical Marijuana appropriations rider	Blumenauer	Cannabis	Prohibits DOJ from spending funds to prevent certain states “from implementing their own State laws that authorize the use, distribution, possession or cultivation of medical marijuana”	Monitor	1/28/19 passed House as part of appropriations package to reopen the government
H.R. 1595 S. 1200	Perlmutter Merkley	Cannabis	SAFE Banking Act – creates a safe harbor for financial institutions to provide services to lawful, state-authorized cannabis businesses	Monitor	3/28/19 approved by Financial Services Com 9/25/19 passed House 5/15/20 passed House in HEROES Act
<i>H.R. 3884 S. 2227</i>	<i>Nadler Harris</i>	<i>Cannabis</i>	<i>Marijuana Opportunity Reinvestment and Expungement (MORE) Act of 2019 -- decriminalizes and deschedules cannabis, provides for reinvestment in certain persons adversely impacted by the War on Drugs, provides for expungement of certain cannabis offenses</i>	<i>Monitor</i>	<i>12/4/20 passed House</i>
H.R. 3185	Panetta	Economic Development	Defense Language Improvement Act – authorizes the Defense Language Institute Foreign Language Center to confer a BA degree in foreign language	Monitor	
H.R. 7467	Panetta	Economic Development	Revolving Loan Fund Flexibility Act – provides flexibility for use of EDA grant funds	Monitor	6/26-29/20 emails with Panetta staff 7/1/20 passed House as amdt to H.R. 2
<i>H.R. 8802</i>	<i>Horsford</i>	<i>Economic Development</i>	<i>Hospitality and Commerce Job Recovery Act</i>	<i>Monitor</i>	
CAFE standards	EPA/NHTSA	Environment	EPA proposal would lower auto emission standards and revoke CA waiver to set more stringent standards	Oppose	10/25/18 comment letter submitted to regulations.gov
H.R. 4051 S. 2284	Panetta Feinstein	Environment	Climate Action Rebate Act – imposes a carbon fee on fossil fuels and rebates revenues to low-income citizens	Support	10/14/19 LC Support 10/15/19 letters to Rep. Panetta and Sen. Feinstein

Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Position	Notes
H.R. 310 H.R. 1941 S. 1318	Huffman Cunningham Feinstein	Environment	West Coast Ocean Protection Act – prohibits offshore oil and gas development	Support	5/13/19 LC Support 5/14/19 Letters to Panetta, Feinstein, Harris 9/11/19 passed House
BLM Central Coast Oil and Gas Proposal	BLM	Environment	Proposal to increase oil and gas fracking on public lands	Protest	6/4/19 BOS approved protest position 6/5/19 Letter filed with BLM 10/4/19 BLM ROD issued; County protest dismissed
H.R. 5303	Panetta	Environment	Establishes a moratorium on new oil and gas leasing on federal land on the central coast	Monitor	7/24/20 passed House as part of FY2021 appropriations bill
S. 4431	Feinstein	Environment	Emergency Wildfire and Public Safety Act	Monitor	9/1/20 letter received from Feinstein requesting support
H.R. 8731	Panetta	Environment	Save Our Forests Act	Support	10/19/20 request for support from Panetta 11/9/20 LC Support
H.R. 530	Eshoo	Government	Legislation to overturn an FCC rulemaking on 5G wireless network deployment that curtails local authority	Support	3/11/19 LC Support 3/15/19 letter sent to Panetta
2020 Census	Commerce Department	Government	The U.S. Census Bureau is conducting the 2020 Census and implementing policies that will fail to achieve a complete count	Support	10/1/18 letter to U.S. Census Bureau in support of opening a census office in Monterey County 11/13/18 response letter received from U.S. Census Bureau denying request 1/16/19 Panetta letter to Commerce 3/5/19 meeting with Department of Commerce and Census Bureau officials in DC 3/6/19 meeting with congressional delegation 10/15/20 call with Panetta's office
H.R. 3043	Kirkpatrick	Government	Permanently Authorizing PILT Act	Monitor	
H.R. 6467	Neguse	Government	Coronavirus Community Relief Act	Monitor	4/30/20 call with Panetta staff
H.R. 7090	Cook	Government	Coronavirus County Relief and Stability Act	Monitor	5/26-6/3/20 emails with Panetta staff
H.R. 1629	Torres	Government	911 SAVES Act	Monitor	

Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Position	Notes
S. 1015	Burr				
H.R. 2420 S. 1267	Serrano Menendez	Government	National Museum of the American Latino Act	Monitor	7/27/20 passed House
H.R. 8112	Thompson	Government	Increase Federal Disaster Cost Share Act	Monitor	
H.R. 3022 H.R. 3054	Engel Olson	Health	Repeal and/or delay of Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) payment reductions under the ACA	Support	7/22/19 LC Support
S. 1895	Alexander	Health	Lower Health Care Costs Act – extends mandatory funding for community health centers and authorizes new grant programs for local health departments	Support	7/22/19 LC Support
H.R. 987 S. 455 S. 1400	Rochester Shaheen Menendez	Health	Increases consumer access to comprehensive and affordable health care services	Support	6/7/19 Letters to Feinstein and Harris
H.R. 5438	Cox	Health	End Valley Fever Now Act – authorizes funding for research and clinical trials	Support	1/13/20 LC Support
H.R. 7327	Lowey	Health	Child Care for Economic Recovery Act	Monitor	7/29/20 passed House
H.R. 7027	DeLauro	Health	Child Care Is Essential Act	Monitor	7/29/20 passed House
340B Drug Program		Health	Pharmaceutical industry is seeking to restrict use of contract pharmacies for dispensing discounted drugs	Monitor	11/2/20 briefing with Health Dept and Panetta staff
McKinney-Vento program	Department of Education	Homelessness	Department of Education provides funding to local education departments to address student homelessness issues	Support	3/6/19 meeting with congressional delegation 5/8/19 FY2020 funding approved by House Appropriations Committee
H.R. 2001	Stivers	Homelessness	Homeless Children and Youth Act – expands HUD’s definition of “homeless” to include all children and youth who are already verified as homeless by other educational and social services programs	Monitor	

Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Position	Notes
Emergency Solutions Grant program	HUD	Homelessness	Provides grants to local governments to address homelessness issues	Support	3/6/19 meeting with congressional delegation
S. 923	Feinstein	Homelessness	Fighting Homelessness Through Services and Housing Act – provides grants to local governments for housing and homeless services	Support	4/8/19 LC Support 4/9/19 Letter to Sen. Feinstein
H.R. 7351	Gomez	Housing	Opportunity Starts at Home Act - establishes a new tax credit that supports affordable housing financed by the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit	Monitor	
Census Question on Citizenship	Commerce Department	Immigration	Commerce Department intends to include a question on citizenship on the 2020 Census	Oppose	1/30/18 letter to Secretary of Commerce and congressional delegation 3/5/19 meeting with Department of Commerce and Census Bureau officials in DC 3/6/19 meeting with congressional delegation
H.R. 6	Roybal-Allard	Immigration	American Dream and Promise Act of 2019 – provides Dreamers and TPS recipients with an earned pathway to citizenship	Monitor	3/12/19 cosponsored by Panetta 6/4/19 passed House
S. 879	Van Hollen	Immigration	SECURE Act – provides TPS recipients with an earned pathway to citizenship	Monitor	3/26/19 cosponsored by Feinstein
S. 175 H.R. 641	Feinstein Harris Panetta	Immigration	Agricultural Worker Program Act - farmworkers who have worked in agriculture for at least 100 days in each of the past two years may earn lawful “blue card” status and potentially transition to lawful permanent residency	Support	2/11/19 LC Support 2/12/19 letters to Panetta, Feinstein & Harris 3/6/19 meeting with congressional delegation
S. 292 H.R. 541	Feinstein Harris Panetta	Immigration	Keep Families Together Act – prohibits DHS from separating undocumented children from their parents at or near the border	Support	2/11/19 LC Support 2/12/19 letters to Panetta, Feinstein & Harris
H.R. 4916	Panetta	Immigration	Farm Workforce Modernization Act – establishes new program for ag workers to earn legal status	Support	11/12/19 LC Support 11/17/19 letters to Panetta, Feinstein & Harris

Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Position	Notes
H.R. 6437	Chu	Immigration	Coronavirus Immigrant Families Protection Act	Monitor	4/30/20 call with Panetta staff
H.R. 3328	Torres	Immigration	Citizenship Affordability Act – provides for fee waivers for naturalization	Monitor	12/5/19 comment letter submitted to USCIS
S. 2302	Barasso	Infrastructure	America’s Transportation Infrastructure Act – reauthorizes federal surface transportation programs for five years	Monitor	10/14/19 LC Watch
Pajaro River Flood Control Project		Infrastructure	Monterey and Santa Cruz counties are working with the Army Corps of Engineers to authorize and fund a flood control project for the Pajaro River	Support	3/2/19 NACo resolution cosponsored by Monterey and Santa Cruz counties adopted 3/5/19 meeting with Panetta 8/13-14/19 meetings with ACOE, House and Senate staff 12/12/19 ACOE signs Director’s Report 12/20/19 report language in FY20 budget 2/11/20 ACOE FY20 Work Plan - \$1.8M 11/20/20 MCWRA letter to Feinstein/Harris on FY2021 appropriations
S. 4131	Klobuchar	Infrastructure	Accessible, Affordable Internet for All Act – provides \$80 billion for broadband deployment	Monitor	
H.R. 8	Thompson	Justice	Bipartisan Background Checks Act – requires background checks for all gun sales	Monitor	2/27/19 passed House
H.R. 1112	Clyburn	Justice	Enhanced Background Checks Act – closes loophole related to three day waiting period for gun sales	Monitor	2/27/19 passed House
S. 488 H.R. 35	Harris Rush	Justice	Justice for Victims of Lynching Act	Support	6/7/19 Letter to Panetta 2/26/20 passed House
S. 4	Harris	Tax	LIFT Middle Class Act – establishes a refundable middle class tax credit of up to \$3,000 for individuals and \$6,000 for married couples	Support	4/8/19 LC Support 4/9/19 Letter to Sen. Harris

Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Position	Notes
H.R. 7197	Blumenauer	Tax	RESTAURANTS Act – establishes a \$120 billion revitalization fund to help independent restaurants deal with the COVID pandemic	Monitor	
H.R. 7222	Panetta	Tax	Safe Reopening Tax Credit Act - provides businesses and nonprofits a tax credit for expenses related to the COVID pandemic	Monitor	
S. 1932	Gardner Feinstein	Water	Drought Resiliency and Water Supply Infrastructure Act – extends water storage and recycling programs authorized by the WIIN Act	Support	7/22/19 LC Support 7/31/19 Letter to Sen. Feinstein
S. 2466	Harris	Water	Water Justice Act – provides funding for safe drinking water programs for high-risk communities	Monitor	10/14/19 LC Support 10/15/19 letter to Sen. Harris
Interlake Tunnel Project		Water	WIIN Act Section 4007 water storage funding opportunity through Bureau of Reclamation		7/1/19 call with Bureau of Reclamation 7/3/19 call with WRA and County staff 9/5/19 call with Bureau of Reclamation
San Antonio Dam Repairs		Water	Federal funding is needed to assist with costs associated with repairs to the spillway		11/6/19 call with Feinstein staff
Salinas Valley Water Project		Water	Biological Opinion for project has been rescinded by NOAA/NMFS		2/28/19 update provided to Rep. Panetta staff

MONTEREY COUNTY



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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JOHN M. PHILLIPS, *District 2*
CHRIS M. LOPEZ, *Chair, District 3*
JANE PARKER, *Vice Chair, District 4*
MARY ADAMS, *District 5*

December 17, 2020

The Honorable Jimmy Panetta
212 Cannon House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

Re: Hospitality and Commerce Job Recovery Act (H.R. 8802) – SUPPORT

Dear Congressman Panetta:

On behalf of Monterey County Board of Supervisors, I am writing to express our support for the Hospitality and Commerce Job Recovery Act (H.R. 8802). This bipartisan legislation would provide comprehensive relief and recovery measures for the convention, trade show, entertainment, travel and hospitality industries and their workers.

The COVID-19 pandemic presents a tremendous challenge to both public health and the economy, and no industry in the U.S. has been more severely impacted than the travel and hospitality sector. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment in travel and tourism has fallen by 23.9% across the nation this year.

As you know, Monterey County has been and continues to be heavily impacted by the coronavirus pandemic, and the County's hospitality, travel, and tourism sectors have been especially hard hit. Monterey County has long been a tourist destination, attracting 4.6 million visitors annually and generating \$2.8 billion in spending which supports 25,220 jobs. These industries are the economic engine of our county and our communities, and the incredible challenges they are now facing due to COVID-19 demand attention from Congress.

The Hospitality and Commerce Job Recovery Act would stimulate the economy by creating new recovery incentives for hospitality and trade shows, enhance the employee retention tax credit to help maintain worker connections to their employer, and provide recovery incentives for middle class families to jumpstart travel when safe.

We greatly appreciate your cosponsoring this important legislation. Thank you for your continued leadership and support for important economic recovery legislation that will benefit Monterey County and the nation.

Sincerely,

DRAFT

Chris M. Lopez
Chair, Board of Supervisors

Cc: U.S. Senator Dianne Feinstein
U.S. Senator Kamala Harris



Monterey County

Item No.

Board Report

Board of Supervisors
Chambers
168 W. Alisal St., 1st Floor
Salinas, CA 93901

Legistar File Number: 20-1060

December 17, 2020

Introduced: 12/14/2020

Current Status: Agenda Ready

Version: 1

Matter Type: General Agenda Item

Presenter: Ashley Walker (Nossaman LLP)

4. Receive reports, provide direction, and consider positions and/or recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on:
 - a. 2021-22 Legislative Session
 - b. State Budget
 - c. Legislation
 - i. AB 14 (Aguiar-Curry) Communications: broadband services: California Advanced Services Fund.
 - ii. AB 15 (Chiu) COVID-19 relief: tenancy: Tenant Stabilization Act of 2021.
 - iii. AB 16 (Chiu) Tenancies: Tenant, Small Landlord, and Affordable Housing Provider Stabilization Act of 2021.
 - iv. AB 34 (Muratsuchi) Broadband for All Act.
 - v. AB 41 (Wood) Broadband infrastructure.
 - vi. AB 73 (Rivas) Employment safety: agricultural workers: wildfire smoke.
 - vii. AB 74 (L. Gonzalez) Unemployment and disability benefit payments: direct deposit.
 - viii. AB 89 (Jones-Sawyer) Peace officers: minimum qualifications.
 - ix. SB 3 (Caballero) Tenancy: COVID-19.
 - x. SB 4 (Gonzalez) Communications: California Advanced Services Fund.
 - xi. SB 28 (Caballero) Rural Broadband and Digital Infrastructure Video Competition Reform Act.
 - xii. SB 45 (Portantino) Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparedness, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022.
 - xiii. SB 59 (Caballero) Cannabis licenses.
 - d. Governor's Executive Orders that Impact Monterey County
 - e. State Bill Track

TO: Monterey County Legislative Committee

FROM: Ashley S. Walker, Senior Policy Advisor

DATE: December 17, 2020

STATE LEGISLATIVE REPORT

a. 2021-22 Legislative Session

Members were sworn in on December 7, 2020 and nearly 200 bills have already been introduced. There are clear policy themes that the Legislature is focusing on, based on what proposal have been introduced so far. So far, legislative proposal focuses include: affordable housing, broadband, climate change, wildfire and Public Safety Power Shutoffs (PSPS), bond proposals (broadband, K-14, and climate change bonds) and COVID-19 related proposals addressing emergency response, labor and employment laws and benefits, vaccination planning, and more.

The Senate and Assembly leadership released Committee Membership for the 2021-22 Legislation Session. The Assembly announced the formation of a new standing Committee Emergency Management (the only standing committee in the Legislature focused exclusively on the issues of emergencies and disasters) while the Senate has a dedicated Special Committee on Pandemic Emergency Response.

b. State Budget

The Governor's 2020-21 January Budget proposal will be released in early January.

The Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO) produced a report on the State budget, *The 2021-22 Budget: California's Fiscal Outlook*. The report summary states, "We find the budget situation has improved considerably relative to the June budget act with an estimated \$26 billion windfall in 2021-22. However, the state also faces an operating deficit beginning in 2021-22 and throughout the outlook period, growing to \$17 billion by 2024-25. Our analysis also finds it is quite unlikely for revenues to grow fast enough for the budget to break even and erase the operating deficit."

The Senate Pro Tem released the Senate's budget priorities for the coming year. They include:

- Restore trigger solutions that were originally expected to be reversed with federal funds, including Proposition 98 deferrals, cuts to higher education, and state employee compensation.
- Eliminate the scheduled program suspensions set to effect the 2020-21 fiscal year, which are primarily focused on health care, aging, and development disability programs.
- Assist local governments whose revenues are suffering due to the economic impacts of the pandemic, including those reliant on tourism and hotel occupancy taxes.
- Repay recent borrowing and return reserve funds.

- Make targeted, new investments to meet current challenges, including the COVID-19 health crisis, Californians experiencing homelessness, and emergency preparedness.

We will monitor the release of the budget details, help the County to analyze impacts, and advocate for budget priorities.

c. Legislation

The following bills have been identified as priorities for the County to either watch, support or oppose.

- i. **AB 14 (Aguiar-Curry) Communications: broadband services: California Advanced Services Fund - *recommend support*:** Existing law establishes the State Department of Education in state government, and vests the department with specified powers and duties relating to the state's public school system. This bill would authorize local educational agencies to report to the department their pupils' estimated needs for computing devices and internet connectivity adequate for at-home learning. The bill would require the department, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission, to compile that information and to annually post that compiled information on the department's internet website.
- ii. **AB 15 (Chiu) COVID-19 relief: tenancy: Tenant Stabilization Act of 2021 - *informational*:** Would extend the definition of "COVID-19 rental debt" as unpaid rent or any other unpaid financial obligation of a tenant that came due between March 1, 2020, and December 31, 2021. The bill would also extend the repeal date of the act to January 1, 2026. The bill would make other conforming changes to align with these extended dates. By extending the repeal date of the act, the bill would expand the crime of perjury and create a state-mandated local program.
- iii. **AB 16 (Chiu) Tenancies: Tenant, Small Landlord, and Affordable Housing Provider Stabilization Act of 2021 - *informational*:** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact the Tenant, Small Landlord, and Affordable Housing Provider Stabilization Act of 2021 to address the long-term financial impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on renters, small landlords, and affordable housing providers, ensure ongoing housing stability for tenants at risk of eviction, and stabilize rental properties at risk of foreclosure. This bill would include legislative findings and declarations in support of the intended legislation.
- iv. **AB 34 (Muratsuchi) Broadband for All Act - *County sent support letter 12/10/20*:** Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would enact the Broadband for All Act of 2022, to become operative only if approved by the voters at the November 8, 2022, statewide general election, to authorize the issuance of state general obligation bonds to fund increased access to broadband services to rural, urban, suburban, and tribal unserved and underserved communities.
- v. **AB 41 (Wood) Broadband infrastructure - *informational*:** Existing law provides that the Department of Transportation has full possession and control of state highways and associated property. Existing law requires the department to develop guidelines to facilitate the installation of a broadband conduit on state highway rights-of-way. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation that will improve California's "Dig Once" policy and expedite the deployment of broadband infrastructure in communities that are currently unserved and underserved.

- vi. **AB 73 (Rivas) Employment safety: agricultural workers: wildfire smoke - informational:** Would require the Division of Occupational Safety and Health within the Department of Industrial Relations to designate a wildfire smoke strike team within each regional office for purposes of enforcing regulations regarding air quality safety for agricultural workers, as defined. The bill would require the department, by January 1, 2023, in coordination with other state agencies to establish a stockpile of N95 filtering facepiece respirators, as defined, of sufficient size to adequately equip all agricultural workers during wildfire smoke emergencies. The bill would require the department to establish guidelines for procurement, management, and distribution of the N95 respirators.
- vii. **AB 74 (L. Gonzalez) Unemployment and disability benefit payments: direct deposit - informational:** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require the Employment Development Department to make benefit payments available through direct deposit to ensure recipients are able receive payments in a quick, secure manner.
- viii. **AB 89 (Jones-Sawyer) Peace officers: minimum qualifications - informational:** Current law requires peace officers in this state to meet specified minimum standards, including age and education requirements. This bill would increase the minimum qualifying age from 18 to 25 years of age. This bill would permit an individual under 25 years of age to qualify for employment as a peace officer if the individual has a bachelor's or advanced degree from an accredited college or university. The bill would provide legislative findings in support of the measure.
- ix. **SB 3 (Caballero) Tenancy: COVID-19 - informational:** The COVID-19 Tenant Relief Act of 2020 establishes certain procedural requirements and limitations on evictions for nonpayment of rent due to COVID-19 rental debt, as defined. Existing law defines COVID-19 rental debt as unpaid rent or any other unpaid financial obligation of a tenant that came due during the covered time period, defined as the period between March 1, 2020, and January 31, 2021. The act also requires a notice that demands payment of rent that came due during the transition time period, defined as the period between September 30, 2020, and January 31, 2021, to comply with additional specified requirements. This bill would extend the covered time period and transition time period for purposes of the act to March 31, 2021.
- x. **SB 4 (Gonzalez) Communications: California Advanced Services Fund - County signed coalition letter in support on 12/7/20:** Current law establishes the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development, known as "GO-Biz," within the Governor's office to serve the Governor as the lead entity for economic strategy and the marketing of California on issues relating to business development, private sector investment, and economic growth. This bill would require the office to coordinate with other relevant state and local agencies and national organizations to explore ways to facilitate streamlining of local land use approvals and construction permit processes for projects related to broadband infrastructure deployment and connectivity.
- xi. **SB 28 (Caballero) Rural Broadband and Digital Infrastructure Video Competition Reform Act - informational:** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation relative to the Digital Infrastructure and Video Competition Act of 2006, to be known as the California Rural Broadband and DIVCA Reform Act of 2021.

- xii. **SB 45 (Portantino) Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparedness, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022 - *recommend support*:** Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$5,510,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.
- xiii. **SB 59 (Caballero) Cannabis licenses - *recommend support*:** MAUCRSA, until January 1, 2022, authorizes a licensing authority, in its sole discretion, to issue a provisional license if the applicant has submitted a completed license application to the licensing authority, including evidence that compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) or local cannabis ordinances is underway, if applicable, as specified. This bill would extend the repeal date of these provisional license provisions to July 1, 2028. By extending provisional licensure, the applications for which are required to be signed under penalty of perjury, the bill would expand the scope of the crime of perjury, and would thereby impose a state-mandated local program.

d. Governor's Executive Orders that Impact Monterey County

The following actions have been taken by the Governor since the last Legislative Committee meeting. This list was provided by CSAC to all County officials. We are happy to provide the details of any item listed below, should the Committee desire.

- December 7: Governor Newsom announced statewide expansion of CA Notify, a smart phone tool designed to slow the spread of COVID-19. CA Notify is a completely private, anonymous and secure tool that allows Apple and Google smart phone users to help slow the spread by opting in to receive COVID-19 exposure alerts letting them know when they've come into contact with someone who has tested positive.
- December 3: The Governor, due to unprecedented COVID-19 case surge and viral transmission, along with growing concern for a dwindling intensive care unit bed capacity and healthcare staffing, laid the groundwork to put the state, by region, under a more restrictive Stay-at-home Order should a region drop below the ICU capacity threshold.
- November 30: Governor Gavin Newsom announced he would build on the state's ongoing support throughout the pandemic, with the following immediate support and relief: 1) Tax Relief for Businesses Impacted by COVID-19. 2) \$500 Million for New COVID Relief Grant for Small Business. 3) Increase Funding for the California Rebuilding Fund by \$12.5 million.
- November 24: Governor Gavin Newsom issued the state's first-ever Social Innovation Impact Report highlighting innovative public-private-partnerships that have contributed \$3.9 billion toward the state's housing efforts, COVID-19 response and more. A copy of the report can be found [here](#).
- November 20: Governor Gavin Newsom released "Recovery for All," the final report by the Task Force Co-Chairs Ann O'Leary and Tom Steyer. Additionally, Governor Gavin Newsom announced the opening of the California Rebuilding Fund to help impacted small businesses rebuild from the economic crisis and keep local economies strong.

- November 19: Governor Gavin Newsom and the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) announced a month-long Stay-at-Home Order, effective November 21, in counties in the purple tier. This comes in response to an unprecedented, rapid rise in COVID-19 cases across California and in an effort to decrease transmission and slow hospitalizations before the death count surges.
- November 16: Governor Gavin Newsom and state public health officials have taken necessary action to slow advancement of the Blueprint for a Safer Economy county tier assignments in response to record rate increases of COVID19 cases in the state.

e. State Bill/Issues Track: See attached.

ATTACHMENTS: DRAFT SUPPORT LETTERS

- AB 14 (Aguiar-Curry) Communications: broadband services: Advanced Services Fund.
- SB 45 (Portantino) Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparedness, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022.
- SB 59 (Caballero) Cannabis licenses.

County of Monterey – 2021-22 Legislative Report as of 12/14/2020

Measure	Author	Topic	Location	Brief Summary	Position	Notes
AB 34	Muratsuchi D	Communications: Broadband for All Act of 2022.	12/7/2020-A. PRINT	Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would enact the Broadband for All Act of 2022, to become operative only if approved by the voters at the November 8, 2022, statewide general election, to authorize the issuance of state general obligation bonds to fund increased access to broadband services to rural, urban, suburban, and tribal unserved and underserved communities.	Support	12/10/20 Letter to Author
SB 4	Gonzalez D	Communications: California Advanced Services Fund.	12/7/2020-S. RLS.	Current law establishes the Governor’s Office of Business and Economic Development, known as “GO-Biz,” within the Governor’s office to serve the Governor as the lead entity for economic strategy and the marketing of California on issues relating to business development, private sector investment, and economic growth. This bill would require the office to coordinate with other relevant state and local agencies and national organizations to explore ways to facilitate streamlining of local land use approvals and construction permit processes for projects related to broadband infrastructure deployment and connectivity.	Support	12/7/20 Coalition letter to Author

Budget Items and Other Issues:

COVID-19 Food and Supplies	Request assistance to ensure the availability of resources and commodities to local businesses so that necessary supplies, food and water are available to our community.	3/20/20 Letter to Governor
COVID-19 Disaster Relief for Undocumented	Request creation of a disaster relief fund for undocumented community members that do not qualify for other public benefits and resources.	4/8/20 Letter to Governor, Pro Tem, Speaker
COVID-19 PPE & Testing for Farmworkers	Request assistance in securing Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and testing supplies to protect essential farmworkers.	4/17/20 Letter to Governor, Pro Tem, Speaker, Cal OES, CDPH from CAO
COVID-19 All Mail November Election	Request issuance of Executive Order to conduct the November 3, 2020 Presidential Election entirely by mail. Board Resolution No. 20-091	4/21/20 Letter to Governor
COVID-19 Food Emergency	Request that the State expand resources to support California’s food banks including local capacity and ongoing sustenance of waivers in the CalFresh and WIC Programs.	4/24/20 Letter to Governor
COVID-19 Cal OES Trailers	Request the State fulfill its commitment by Cal OES to provide Monterey County with 100 trailers to assist with housing efforts related to COVID-19 pandemic.	4/30/20 Letter to Governor, Cal OES

COVID-19 CARES Act Funding for Counties	Request that CARES Act funding be allocated to the 42 of 48 small counties with populations under 500,000.	5/4/20 Letter to Governor from CAOs of California Counties.
COVID-19 Spanish Translation	Request for Spanish Translation of Industry Guidance and Checklist Documents.	5/29/20 Letter to the Governor
COVID-19 Barbershops and Hair Salons	Request reconsideration of guidelines to allow outdoor operations for barbershops and hair salons.	7/14/20 Letter to Board of Barbering and Cosmetology
COVID-19 School Reopening	Request guidance and resources to assist K-12 school districts and students to facilitate reopening (testing/response, PPE, technology).	7/15/20 Letter to Governor and Superintendent of Public Instruction
COVID-19 Beach Closures– Labor Day Weekend	Requesting closure of State beaches in Monterey County during Labor Day Weekend.	8/18/20 Letter to Governor and State Parks Director
COVID-19 Restaurant Reopening	Request to allow counties to implement safe restaurant policies in accordance with established state and county safety protocols, thus enabling restaurants in the purple tier to open immediately for indoor dining at 25% of pre-COVID-19 capacity – moving to 50% once counties achieve the red tier.	9/24/20 Letter to Governor 10/5/20 Met w/ Senator Caballero, Governor's Office, GoBiz, CRA, NFIB.
COVID-19 Vaccine – Farmworker Prioritization	Request that the State's farmworker population be prioritized to receive COVID-19 vaccinations to protect our farmworkers who are providing critical and essential service for our community, region, and state.	12/3/20 Letter to Governor and Dr. Gahly
COVID-19 Wine Tasting Rooms	Request to allow counties to permit winery tasting rooms to open immediately for indoor wine tasting experiences at a safe capacity, without any food service requirements. This reopening incorporates the implementation of safe winery tasting room practices according to established State, County, and industry health protocols.	10/6/20 Letter to Governor 10/5/20 Met w/ Senator Caballero, Governor's Office, GoBiz, CRA, NFIB.
BUDGET Food Bank Resources	Request to provide funding to local food banks.	5/11/20 LC Support See 4/24/20 Letter re: COVID-19 food emergency. May 2020 Nossaman relayed request to County legislative delegation.
BUDGET Realignment Funding	Request stabilization of funding for 1991 and 2011 Realignment funded programs (public health, public safety, social services, and behavioral health services) to avoid massive cuts or service disruptions.	6/3/20 Nossaman relayed request to County legislative delegation.
BUDGET Vape Tax Proposal – First 5	Request that First 5 receive 14.8% of Vape Tax revenues.	8/10/20 Joint letter from County and First 5 to Sen. Monning, Sen. Caballero, Asm. Stone, Asm. Rivas
Climate Resiliency Bond proposals	Request a minimum of \$700M be included for critically needed dam safety improvements.	5/11/20 LC Support 5/28/20 Letter to Governor, Sen. Allen, Asm. E. Garcia from Coalition

November 3, 2020 Election Proposition 16	Proposition 16 would remove the ban on affirmative action involving race-based or sex-based preferences from the California Constitution.	8/10/20 LC recommends support position to BoS 9/1/20 BoS Adopts support position 9/1/20 Support registered with Prop 16 website
November 3, 2020 Election Proposition 17	Proposition 17 would amend the Constitution of California to allow people who are on parole for felony convictions to vote.	8/10/20 LC recommends support position to BoS 9/1/20 BoS Adopts support position 9/1/20 Support registered with Prop 17 website
November 3, 2020 Election Proposition 18	Proposition 18 would authorize a United States citizen who is 17 years of age, is a resident of this State, and will be at least 18 years of age at the time of the next general election to register to vote and to vote in any intervening primary or special election that occurs after the person registers to vote.	8/10/20 LC recommends support position to BoS 9/1/20 BoS Adopts support position 9/1/20 Support letter to Asm. Mullin and Sen. Padilla
November 3, 2020 Election Proposition 21	Proposition 21 would allow local governments to enact rent control on housing that was first occupied over 15 years ago, with an exception for landlords who own no more than two homes with distinct titles or subdivided interests.	9/14/20 LC recommends support position to BoS 10/6/20 BoS adopts support position 10/6/20 Support registered with Prop 21 website
California LifeLine Proposed Decision	California LifeLine proposed decision that focuses on improving affordable broadband offerings without raising California LifeLine subsidy levels. This proposed decision also prioritizes access to emergency services through voice and bundled wireline services.	9/21/20 Letter to CPUC Expressing Support
California LifeLine Participation	In Monterey County, similarly to the State as a whole, the California LifeLine program is significantly underutilized. This letter urges the County's Internet Service Providers (ISPs) to participate in the program.	9/29/20 Letter to ISPs Urging Participation

MONTEREY COUNTY



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

LUIS A. ALEJO, *District 1*
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CHRIS M. LOPEZ, *Chair, District 3*
JANE PARKER, *Vice Chair, District 4*
MARY ADAMS, *District 5*

December 17, 2020

The Honorable Cecelia Aguiar-Curry
California State Assembly
State Capitol
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: AB 14 (Aguiar-Curry) Communications: broadband services: California Advanced Services Fund - SUPPORT

Dear Assemblymember Aguiar-Curry:

The County of Monterey is pleased to support your bill AB 14, which would authorize local educational agencies to report to the department their pupils' estimated needs for computing devices and internet connectivity adequate for at-home learning. The bill would require the department, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission, to compile that information and to annually post that compiled information on the department's internet website.

The ongoing COVID pandemic has laid bare the massive gaps in internet connectivity at sufficient speeds for too many Californians. As more families have struggled to conduct distance learning, virtual work, access telehealth services, and safeguard small business participation in the virtual marketplace, the need to connect the State at sufficient speeds with adaptable technology has reached crisis proportion.

The 'Internet for All Act of 2021' prioritizes the deployment of broadband infrastructure in California's most vulnerable and unserved rural and urban communities by extending the ongoing collection of funds deposited into the California Advanced Services Fund (CASF) to provide communities with grants necessary to bridge the digital divide. AB 14 provides a vital pathway to connect California's workforce to gainful employment, harness the life-saving technology of telemedicine, democratize distance learning, enable precision agriculture, and sustain economic transactions in the 21st Century E-Marketplace.

The Act extends eligibility for grants administered by the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) to local and tribal governments, who are willing and able to quickly and efficiently connect households, community anchor institutions (including educational institutions, fairgrounds for emergency response, and healthcare facilities), small businesses, and employers. AB 14 offers a measured and meaningful approach to building a statewide fiber middle-mile network that will provide higher speeds and access to connectivity to all those who are unserved along the path of deployment.

For these reasons, Monterey County strongly supports AB 14 (Aguiar-Curry). Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact Monterey County's Public Policy Advisor, Ashley Walker of Nossaman LLP at 916-442-8888.

Sincerely,

DRAFT

Chris M. Lopez
Chair, Board of Supervisors

CC: Hon. Anna Caballero, 12th Senate District
Hon. John Laird, 17th Senate District
Hon. Mark Stone, 29th Assembly District
Hon. Robert Rivas, 30th Assembly District
California State Association of Counties (CSAC)
Rural County Representatives of California (RCRC)

MONTEREY COUNTY



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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JANE PARKER, *Vice Chair, District 4*
MARY ADAMS, *District 5*

December 17, 2020

The Honorable Anna Caballero
California State Senate
State Capitol
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: SB 59 (Caballero) Cannabis licenses. – SUPPORT

Dear Senator Caballero:

The County of Monterey is pleased to support your bill SB 59, which would extend the repeal date of provisional cannabis license provisions to July 1, 2028.

The Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MAUCRSA), until January 1, 2022, authorizes a licensing authority, like the County, to issue a provisional cannabis license if an applicant has submitted a completed license application to the licensing authority, including evidence that compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) or local cannabis ordinances is underway.

Monterey County is working to get applicants, properties and businesses permitted, however it is proving to take much longer for various reasons. SB 59 would be very helpful to ensure the County can get applicants permitted for provisional cannabis licenses.

For these reasons, Monterey County strongly supports SB 28 (Caballero). Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact Monterey County's Public Policy Advisor, Ashley Walker of Nossaman LLP at 916-442-8888.

Sincerely,

DRAFT

Chris M. Lopez
Chair, Board of Supervisors

CC: Hon. John Laird, 17th Senate District
Hon. Mark Stone, 29th Assembly District
Hon. Robert Rivas, 30th Assembly District
California State Association of Counties (CSAC)
Rural County Representatives of California (RCRC)

MONTEREY COUNTY



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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JANE PARKER, *Vice Chair, District 4*
MARY ADAMS, *District 5*

December 17, 2020

The Honorable Anthony Portantino
California State Senate
State Capitol
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: SB 45 (Portantino) Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022 – SUPPORT

Dear Senator Portantino:

The County of Monterey is pleased to support your bill SB 45 (Portantino) which would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022. The bond would be placed on the November 2020 ballot and if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$5,510,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.

California's changing climate creates increased risks of catastrophic wildfire, drought, floods, severe heat events, intense rain events, and sea level rise that will impact California's residents, agriculture, water supply, water quality, and the health of forests, watersheds, fish and wildlife, our biodiversity, and our economy. Climate change threatens and undermines California's ability to provide access to clean, safe, and reliable drinking water. These risks and impacts vary by region and can overwhelm the resources of local governments and communities that must cope with changing conditions and severe climate change-related events. Reducing vulnerability to fire, flood, drought, and other climate change-related events, and building the trained workforce needed to accomplish this goal requires statewide investment to save lives and increase climate resilience of communities and natural systems.

An integrated statewide investment that prevents wildfires and other natural disasters, reduces near-term climate change risks, and increases long-term resilience to climate change will save local and state agencies and California residents billions of dollars by preventing or reducing the amount of damage that would otherwise occur.

For these reasons, Monterey County strongly supports SB 45 (Portantino). Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact Monterey County's Public Policy Advisor, Ashley Walker of Nossaman LLP at 916-442-8888.

Sincerely,

DRAFT

Chris M. Lopez
Chair, Board of Supervisors

CC: Hon. Anna Caballero, 12th Senate District
Hon. John Laird, 17th Senate District
Hon. Mark Stone, 29th Assembly District
Hon. Robert Rivas, 30th Assembly District

California State Association of Counties (CSAC)
Rural County Representatives of California (RCRC)



Monterey County

Board Report

Legistar File Number: 20-1061

Item No.

Board of Supervisors
Chambers
168 W. Alisal St., 1st Floor
Salinas, CA 93901

December 17, 2020

Introduced: 12/14/2020

Version: 1

Current Status: Agenda Ready

Matter Type: General Agenda Item

Presenter: Ashley Walker (Nossaman LLP)

5. Receive reports, provide direction, and consider positions and/or recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on:
 - a. California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) - State Budget Funding for Interlake Tunnel
 - b. San Lucas Drinking Water Project
 - c. Prop 68: Statewide Parks Program
 - d. Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program
 - e. Grant Track



TO: Monterey County Legislative Committee

FROM: Ashley S. Walker, Senior Policy Advisor

DATE: December 17, 2020

RE: Strategic Grant Services Program: Grants Update

Summary of Recent Program Efforts

- a. California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) – State Budget Funding for Interlake Tunnel:** The WRA has continued to meet regularly with CDFW regarding the grant agreement needed in order to secure the funding that was allocated in the 2019-20 State budget for the Interlake Tunnel Project. The County provided CDFW a draft grant agreement and CDFW has provided feedback. It is expected that there will be a final agreement for approval by the Board in early 2021.
- b. San Lucas Drinking Water Project:** Nossaman participated in an internal meeting with the County and stakeholders to discuss next steps on a safe drinking water project for the community of San Lucas. Nossaman coordinated a meeting with the County, stakeholders, and the State Water Board to discuss project alternatives and funding opportunities. The County will be providing the State Water Board updated information regarding the alternative project proposal to be approved for a Drinking Water State Revolving Fund grant. The County will submit the additional information to the State Water Board before the end of 2020, and will be meeting with the State Water Board again in January 2021 to discuss next steps.
- c. Proposition 68 Statewide Parks Program:** This program funds projects that will create new parks and new recreation opportunities in underserved communities across California. Applications are due March 12, 2020. The IGLA-Nossaman team will meet with the Public Works, Facilities and Parks Department on December 17, 2020 and will provide a verbal update on the status of the Proposition 68 funding program and proposed County applications at the Legislative Committee meeting.
- d. Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program:** The County's Sustainability Program Manager took the lead on drafting and submitting an application for funding through the Sustainable Agricultural Land Conservations Program. The IGLA-Nossaman team provided a review of the application. The application is expected to be awarded on December 17, 2020 for \$175,000 to undertake a Community Climate Action and Adaptation Plan (CCAAP) that will address the importance of agricultural lands to our economy and environment and set strategies for reducing County-wide emissions by 40% by 2030.
- e. Grant Track:** See attached.

2020 County of Monterey – Grant Tracking Report

Active Applications

Department	Grant Program	Project Summary	Request	Role	Status
WRA	2019-20 State Budget Earmark – California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW)	Interlake Tunnel fish screen costs.	\$17 Million	Successfully lobbied for the funding in the 2019-20 State budget, including testifying in hearings, meetings with Member of the Legislature, and meetings with the Administration. Coordinated several meetings with CDFW to discuss drawing down funds and grant agreement details.	WRA is working with CDFW on a grant agreement to be completed by June 30, 2021.
PWFP	Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	Planning for safe, clean drinking water project in San Lucas.	\$1,288,600	Meet with staff to discuss potential funding opportunities. Continue to coordinate several meetings with the State Water Board. Provide strategic advice to PWFP.	PWFP will provide the State Water Board information on a new project alternative in December 2020 and next meet with the Water Board in January 2021 regarding next steps to update the application and securing funding.
PWFP	CalOES Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	Address flood management and floodplain habitat loss within the lower Carmel River Basin by improving the natural and historic functions and values of the lower Carmel River and Carmel Lagoon through the hydraulic reconnection of the Carmel River, its southern floodplain, and the lagoon.	\$28,954,000	Reviewed the first draft, along with comments from the Big Sur Land Trust, and the final application.	Awards will be made after environmental for the projects are complete. Expected Award: 2020-2021

Past Applications – Awards Funded/Not Funded

Department	Grant Program	Project Summary	Request	Role	Status
IGLA – Sustainability Program	Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program	Preparation of a Community Climate Action and Adaptation Plan (CCAAP) that will address the importance of agricultural lands to our economy and environment and set strategies for reducing County-wide emissions by 40% by 2030.	\$175,000	Reviewed the application prepared by the County’s Sustainability Program Manager.	Recommended for funding. Approval expected on December 17, 2020.
IGLA – Cannabis Program and Health Dept.	Proposition 64 Public Health & Safety Grant Program	Address improving coordination between County departments, the illicit market, and increase public education and community relations through a county-wide cannabis initiative.	\$996,545	Participated in meetings with County departments to discuss the program and potential projects. Assisted in reviewing the application.	Successfully awarded on August 5, 2020.
Sheriff	BJA Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding	Local grants to assist Sheriff’s Office for COVID-19 response costs no reimbursable by Cal OES.	\$58,000	Reviewed application.	Successfully awarded on August 6, 2020.
IGLA	Cannabis Equity Grant Program	Create a new cannabis equity assessment program.	\$150,000	Meet with staff to discuss potential funding opportunity. Reviewed initial draft application and provided feedback.	Successfully awarded on April 21, 2020.

Funding Research Requests

Status	Department	Project
Researching	Supervisor-elect Askew	3CE grant funding availability to governments for uninterrupted power supply.
Ongoing	PWFP	BMX/Skate Park
Ongoing	WRA	Deep Water Aquifer
Ongoing	HCD	Housing and Homelessness related grants
Ongoing	PWFP	Carmel Lagoon
Ongoing	PWFP	CRFREE
Ongoing	PWFP	Court Construction - Greenfield Courthouse
Ongoing	PWFP	Old Jail – State Budget Request
Ongoing	PWFP	San Lucas Water Supply Replacement
Ongoing	WRA	Interlake Tunnel & Fish Screens <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CDFW - Cost Reduction Options - WIIN Funding - WaterSMART Grant Program
Ongoing	WRA	San Antonio and Nacimiento Dam and Spillway <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Climate Resiliency Bond - I-Bank
Complete	PWFP	Big Sur Cell Service – USDA Grant Program
Complete	PWFP	Salinas Soccer Complex
Complete	PWFP	San Lucas / San Ardo Parks

Notices of Funding Opportunities Sent

Date	Department	Program/Summary	Due Date
10/23/19	Housing	Local Housing Trust Fund	TBD, Spring 2020
10/30/19	Housing	Infill Infrastructure Grant	February 18, 2020
11/15/19	Housing	Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program	February 11, 2020
1/10/20	RMA	Proposition 68 Regional Park Program	Spring/Summer 2020
1/10/20	RMA	Proposition 68 Rural Recreation and Tourism Program	Spring/Summer 2020
1/10/20	DA, CAO, Health, Sheriff	Increased Access To Services (KU) Program	March 2, 2020
1/14/20	Housing	Veterans Housing and Homelessness Prevention Program	February 13, 2020
2/24/20	Housing	Local Early Action Planning Grants	July 1, 2020
2/29/20	Housing	Emergency Solutions Grants	May 28, 2020

3/3/20	Housing	Housing for a Healthy California	June 25, 2020
3/5/20	RMA	Explore the Coast Grant Program	March 30, 2020
3/5/20	RMA	Youth Community Access Program	TBD, Draft Solicitation Comments Due March 27, 2020
4/2/20	Sheriff's Office	Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding (CESF) Program	May 29, 2020
4/8/20	RMA, Sustainability Manager	Climate Adaptation and Resilience Program	Pre-App Due April 13, 2020
5/18/20	RMA, WRA	Defense Community Infrastructure Program	June 26, 2020
5/28/20	RMA	SAFER Fund Expenditure Plan	Comments due June 16, 2020
6/11/20	RMA, Housing	HCD: Transit Oriented Development	June 30, 2020
7/15/20	WRA	WaterSMART Drought Resiliency Program	August 5, 2020
7/28/20	Housing	Multi-Family Housing Program	September 15, 2020
8/25/20	Housing/RMA/OES	California Wildfire FEMA Personal Assistance – Crisis counseling, housing and unemployment assistance, and legal services.	12 months from the date you apply with FEMA to submit your insurance settlement records for review
9/2/20	Elections	Center for Tech and Civic Life – COVID-19 Grant	Over-the-Counter Beginning September 8, 2020
9/21/20	Ag Commissioner	Specialty Crop Block Grant Program	October 23, 2020
10/19/20	RMA	Statewide Parks Program	December 14, 2020
12/11/20	911 Center	Several 911.gov federal funding opportunities	Varies
12/14/20	WRA / Community Services	Sustainable Groundwater Management Grant Program, Prop 68, Implementation Round 1	January 8, 2021
12/14/20	Behavioral Health / Health	Investment in Mental Health Wellness Grant Program for Children and Youth	January 29, 2021
12/14/20	Community Services	Division of Boating and Waterways Shoreline Erosion Control Program	February 1, 2021
12/14/20	Community Services	Division of Boating and Waterways Public Beach Restoration Program	February 1, 2021
12/14/20	Agriculture Commissioner	Pest Management Alliance Grant	February 5, 2021
12/14/20	Community Development and Housing	Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Grants	February 11, 2021
12/14/20	Community Services	OHV Trail Grant, Grants and Cooperative Agreements Program	March 1, 2021
12/14/20	Agriculture Commissioner	California Farmland Conservancy Program	March 15, 2021
12/14/20	Health	Addressing Racial and Ethnic Disparities to Improve Health	March 31, 2021
12/14/20	Library	California State Library High-Speed Broadband Grant	June 20, 2021

Grant Support Letters Secured

Date	Requesting Entity	Project	Funding Program	Supporting Entity
1/14/20	Los Angeles – San Diego – San Luis Obispo (LOSSAN) Rail Corridor Agency	A valuation study that will support the implementation of additional passenger rail services planned for the Central Coast.	Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program	Monterey County Board of Supervisors
1/28/20	Monterey County	Carmel River Floodplain Restoration and Environmental Enhancement Project (CRFREE)	FEMA Hazard Mitigation Program	Congressman Panetta
5/1/20	TAMC	SR 156 Castroville Boulevard Interchange Project	Better Utilizing Investments to Leverage Development (BUILD) Program	Monterey County Board of Supervisors
5/26/20	TAMC	SR 156 Castroville Boulevard Interchange Project	SB 1 Funding	Monterey County Board of Supervisors
6/29/20	City of Salinas and Monterey One Water	Stormwater project capturing wet weather stormwater flows and capturing dry weather flows.	Prop 1 Stormwater Grant Application	Monterey County Board of Supervisors
09/01/20	Monterey County Resource Conservation District	Salinas River Arundo Eradication Project	Wildlife Conservation Board's California Stream Flow Enhancement Program	Monterey County Board of Supervisors
09/08/20	TAMC	Fort Ord Regional Trail and Greenway (FORTAG) – California Avenue Segment	Caltrans Active Transportation Program	Monterey County Board of Supervisors
09/08/20	TAMC	Fort Ord Regional Trail and Greenway (FORTAG) – Cal State Monterey Bay North Segment	Caltrans Active Transportation Program	Monterey County Board of Supervisors



Monterey County

Item No.

Board Report

Board of Supervisors
Chambers
168 W. Alisal St., 1st Floor
Salinas, CA 93901

Legistar File Number: 20-1062

December 17, 2020

Introduced: 12/14/2020

Current Status: Agenda Ready

Version: 1

Matter Type: General Agenda Item

Presenter: Annette D'Adamo

6. Receive report and provide direction on the development of the 2021 Legislative Workshop.

MEMORANDUM



COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE INTERGOVERNMENTAL & LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION

December 17, 2020

TO: Legislative Committee

FROM: Annette D'Adamo, Legislative Coordinator (MAIII)

RECO: Receive a report and provide direction on the development of the 2021 Legislative Workshop.

Date Selection

For the past two years the Board of Supervisors has hosted an annual Legislative Workshop with the County's state and federal legislative representatives. The last Legislative Workshop was held in February 2020 and included the Board, Congressman Panetta, Senator Monning, Senator Caballero, Assemblymember Stone, Assemblymember Rivas, and representatives from the offices of Senator Feinstein and Senator Harris. Select County department heads presented priority legislative issues and the legislative representatives shared priority issues they would be working on during the state/federal legislative session which would impact the County.

We have reached out to the County's state and federal legislative delegation and to the Board of Supervisors regarding their ability to participate in a two-hour virtual Legislative Workshop on January 22nd or 29th. Results are included in the chart below and it appears that the best date/time is Friday, January 29th from 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon. Staff requests direction regarding booking this date/time.

Availability for Annual Legislative Workshop

	Friday, Jan. 22 10:00-noon	Friday, Jan. 22 1:00-3:00 p.m.	Friday, Jan. 29 10:00-noon	Friday, Jan. 29 1:00-3:00 p.m.
Sen. Caballero	Yes – Holding	No	Yes – Holding	No
Sen. Laird				
Asm. Stone	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding
Asm. Rivas	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding
Rep. Panetta	No (in DC)	No (in DC)	No	Yes – Holding
Sen. Feinstein				
Sen. TBD				
Sup. Alejo	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding
Sup. Phillips	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding
Sup. Lopez			Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding
Sup. Askew	No	No	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding
Sup. Adams	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	Yes – Holding	No

LEGISLATIVE WORKSHOP AGENDA

Staff seeks direction regarding the Legislative Workshop agenda format. **A draft agenda** based on the agenda from last year's workshop is provided below.

Call to Order

Roll Call

1. Welcome and Introductions (Board Chair)
2. Review of Agenda and Objectives (Legislative Committee Chair)
3. County Priority Presentations
 - a. TBD
 - b. TBD
 - c. TBD
 - d. TBD
 - e. TBD
4. Remarks by Monterey County's Legislative Delegation Regarding State and Federal Legislative, Budgetary or Regulatory Efforts
 - a. Congressman Jimmy Panetta
 - b. Senator Anna Caballero
 - c. Senator John Laird
 - d. Assemblymember Marks Stone
 - e. Assemblymember Robert Rivas
 - f. Office of Senator Dianne Feinstein
 - g. Office of Senator TBD
5. Remarks by Monterey County Board of Supervisors Regarding State and Federal Legislative, Budgetary or Regulatory Efforts
 - a. District 1 – Supervisor Luis Alejo
 - b. District 2 – Supervisor John Phillips
 - c. District 3 – Supervisor Chris Lopez
 - d. District 4 – Supervisor Wendy Root Askew
 - e. District 5 – Supervisor Mary Adams
6. Roundtable Discussion
7. Public Comment
8. Board Direction to Staff

Adjournment

SUGGESTED COUNTY PRIORITY PRESENTATIONS

Staff seeks direction on County priority presentations at the Legislative Workshop. Last year the Board focused on five (5) topics. Based on feedback from Board members in developing the County's 2021-22 Legislative Program, the following County priority topics are suggested for consideration:

- COVID-19
- Housing and Homelessness
- Closing the Digital Divide
- Disaster Preparedness, Response and Resiliency
- other



Monterey County

Board Report

Legistar File Number: 20-1063

Item No.

Board of Supervisors
Chambers
168 W. Alisal St., 1st Floor
Salinas, CA 93901

December 17, 2020

Introduced: 12/14/2020

Version: 1

Current Status: Agenda Ready

Matter Type: General Agenda Item

Presenter: Annette D'Adamo

7. Receive report and provide direction on the development of the 2021-22 Legislative Program.

MEMORANDUM



COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE INTERGOVERNMENTAL & LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION

December 17, 2020

TO: Legislative Committee
FROM: Annette D'Adamo, Legislative Coordinator (MAIII)
RECO: Receive a report and provide direction on the development of the 2021-22 Legislative Program

Background

Monterey County maintains a long-standing and successful Legislative Program, ensuring that the interests of the County are well represented in Sacramento and Washington, D.C. The Program provides the County a voice in funding and policy decision-making in the state and national capitals and ensures that County leaders are fully apprised of evolving state and federal initiatives impacting the County and its residents. The Legislative Program is managed in accordance with a series of legislative principles and priorities which are designed in support of the Board of Supervisors' Strategic Initiatives. The Strategic Initiatives lay out a forward-looking vision for planning and management of County resources across programs to secure maximum return and benefit for County residents.

In the fall of each year, the County Administrative Office – Intergovernmental and Legislative Affairs (IGLA) Division works with County departments, the County's state and federal legislative and funding advocates (Nossaman LLP & Ballard Spahr LLP), under the direction of the Board's Legislative Committee, on updates to the Legislative Program.

Summary of Major Changes

A redline version of the draft 2021-22 Legislative Program is attached so that you can view all proposed changes in the document. Below is a summary of major changes:

Page 8-15 – Special Section on COVID-19 Pandemic Disparate Impact Legislative Strategies

Page 22-25: Cannabis: War on Drugs – and – Provisional Licenses

Page 28-29: Broadband

Page 31-33: 2020 Census and Redistricting

Page 47: Resilient and Sustainable Communities - Additional focus on climate

Page 47-48: Preserve and Enhance Water Supply - Regional Approach to Water Solutions

Page 49: Safety and Security of Water Supply Facilities

Page 52-53: Access to Justice

Pages 53-54: Emergency Preparedness, Response and Recovery

Policies Governing Legislative Activities

The Board of Supervisors has adopted policies pertaining to the legislative activities of the Board, department heads, staff, the County's legislative advocates, and County advisory boards and commissions. Staff will review the policies and bring any proposed changes to the Legislative Committee for approval at the January 2021 meeting.

These policies can be found in the Board Policy Manual:

[G-122 Legislative Program: Policies Governing Legislative Activities](#)

Next Steps

Staff is continuing to work with County departments to further refine the Legislative Program document. A final draft of the program will be presented to the Legislative committee at the January 11, 2021 meeting.

January 11, 2021

Legislative Committee

- Consider recommendation to the Board of Supervisors for approval of the 2021-22 Legislative Program

January 26, 2021

Board of Supervisors - Consider recommendation from Legislative Committee to:

- Approve the 2021-22 Legislative Program
- Receive annual reports from Nossaman LLP and Ballard Spahr LLP regarding 2020 state and federal legislative advocacy efforts.

Attachment

DRAFT 2021-22 Legislative Program (redline version)

MONTEREY COUNTY

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM



DRAFT ~~2019~~

2021-22~~0~~

Adopted by the Board of Supervisors on x/xx/21~~1/28/20~~

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ABOUT MONTEREY COUNTY

Monterey County is located on the beautiful Pacific Coast of California, south of San Francisco and north of Los Angeles. The County is comprised of 3,771 square miles and includes 12 incorporated cities and 16 unincorporated areas. The County seat and largest municipality is Salinas.

Demographics:

The California Department of Finance projects the County's population at 448,732 in 2020 ~~in 2019 at 450,946~~: 59% Hispanic, 30% White, 5% Asian, 2% Black, and 3% other. The County population is relatively young: 44.3% under the age of 30, 36.7% age 30-59, and 20% age 60+. At 21.7%, Monterey County has the highest percent of noncitizens of any California County (2018-2020 Census Research by the Public Policy Institute of California ~~report~~). There are 210,112 ~~193,512~~ registered voters in Monterey County.

Labor Force:

The California Employment Development Department (Labor Market Information Division Historical Unemployment Rate and Labor Force Data Tables 2019) lists the County labor force at 224,100, with 6.3% unemployment (2018 annual averages). The County of Monterey is the largest employer with 5, 402 ~~359~~ employees and a \$1. 65 billion budget (Fiscal Year 2020-21 ~~19-20~~).

Economy:

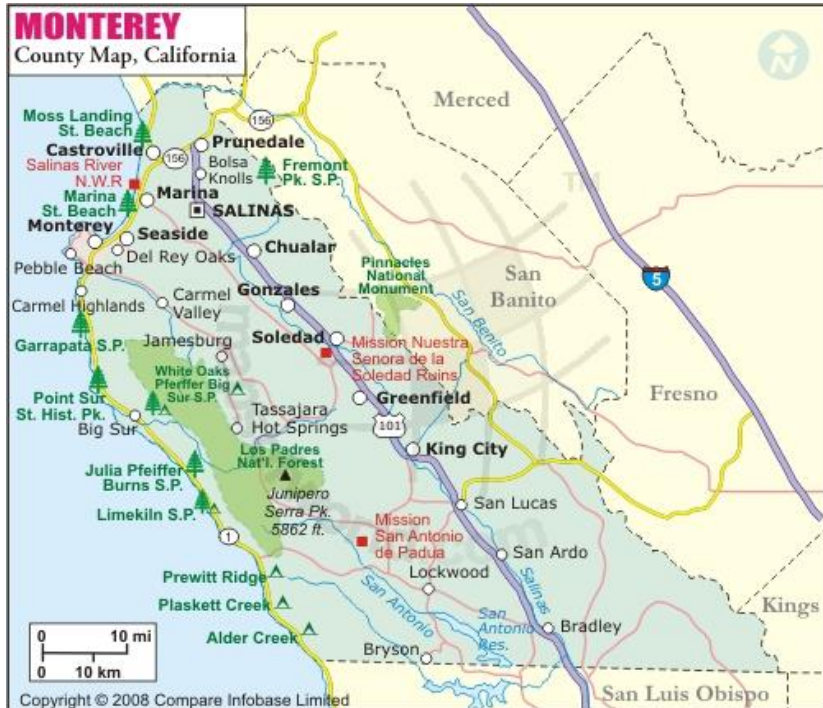
Monterey County's economy is primarily based on agriculture in the Salinas Valley and tourism in the coastal regions. It is home to an extensive array of education, research and military institutions. The health care, non-profit, and government sectors are also among the County's largest economic drivers.

Agriculture:

Monterey County is one of the nation's top agricultural producers. Agriculture is the County's largest economic and employment sector generating \$ 11.78 ~~1~~ billion annually and providing 70,000 ~~6,054~~ jobs (*Economic Contributions of Monterey County Agriculture, 2018* 4). Unlike most agricultural crops across the United States that are machine harvested, the crops grown in Monterey County are dependent upon a highly skilled labor force. The vast majority of companies based in the County are family-owned and operated.

Hospitality:

Monterey County has long been a tourist destination attracting 4.6 million visitors annually and generating \$2.8 billion in spending which supports 25,220 jobs (2016-17 Annual Report Monterey County Convention and Visitors Bureau). With a worldwide reputation, visitors delight in destinations such as the Monterey Bay Aquarium, the National Steinbeck Center, 17-Mile Drive, Cannery Row, Fisherman's Wharf, Pinnacles



National Park, and the Monterey Wine Country. Visitors enjoy a wide range of recreational activities and nearly 300 annual special events.

Higher Education, Research, and Military Institutions:

The County has a strong concentration of higher education and research institutions, particularly related to foreign language study, marine research, and international policy, contributing approximately \$1.9 billion to the local economy, including more than \$316 million in research and grant funding. More than 15,000 faculty, staff and researchers are directly employed, and 83,000 students are enrolled annually. The County has a long and proud military history and is home to ten military missions, providing significant local economic benefits.

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

Monterey County maintains a long-standing and successful Legislative Program, ensuring that the interests of the County are well represented in Sacramento and Washington, D.C. The Program provides the County a voice in funding and policy decision-making in the state and national capitals, and ensures that County leaders are fully apprised of evolving state and federal initiatives impacting the County and its residents. The Legislative Program is managed in accordance with a series of legislative principles and priorities which are designed in support of the Board of Supervisors' Strategic Initiatives. The Strategic Initiatives lay out a forward-looking vision for planning and management of County resources across programs to secure maximum return and benefit for County residents.

Strategic Grant Services Program

The Board of Supervisors created the Strategic Grants Services Program to concentrate funding efforts on the County's highest priority needs, and projects which require a high level of collaboration among County departments and community partners. The Strategic Grant Services Program works in alignment with the Board of Supervisors' Strategic Initiatives and in close collaboration with the Legislative Program to advocate for maximum funding for state and federal programs which translate into locally available grant funding opportunities.

Board of Supervisors – Legislative Committee

The Board of Supervisors has a two-member Legislative Committee, staffed by the County Administrative Office – Intergovernmental & Legislative Affairs Division. The Committee meets regularly to review and make recommendations to the Board of Supervisors regarding legislative, budgetary, and regulatory issues which could impact Monterey County, and to direct the efforts of the Strategic Grant Services Program. On an annual basis, the Legislative Committee recommends a Legislative Program and Strategic Grant Services Program Work Plan to the Board of Supervisors. The Legislative Committee also directs the legislative activities of the Committee staff, County departments, and the County's state and federal legislative advocates and grant consultants.

Community Priorities

In ~~early~~ 2018, the Board of Supervisors hosted a community engagement process to identify local priorities. The process included telephone and online surveys as well as five community forums to understand how potential cannabis tax revenues could help meet community needs. The top funding priorities across the County were: education (especially early education and preschool), quality health and mental health services, homeless services, crime and violence prevention and reduction; affordable housing and displacement prevention. Additional concerns included preservation of existing services, equitable and culturally relevant programs, reparations and expungement, library funding, and animal shelter funding. These results were largely consistent with previous studies (e.g., Impact Monterey County). These community identified priorities have been used to help shape this Legislative Program.

COVID-19 Disparate Impacts Legislative Advocacy Priorities

In August 2020, the Board of Supervisors received the *COVID-19 PANDEMIC DISPARATE IMPACT REPORT: Strategies for Addressing the Disparate Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on Communities of Color in Monterey County*. The report identifies the underlying conditions that have contributed to the racial disparities present in the data and statistics of those most impacted by the pandemic in Monterey County, and proposes strategies to address these disparate impacts.

Legislative Policies

The Board of Supervisors has adopted policies pertaining to the legislative activities of the Board, department heads, County staff, the County's state and federal legislative advocates, and County advisory boards and commissions. These policies can be found in the Board Policy Manual:

[G-122 Legislative Program: Policies Governing Legislative Activities](#)

COVID-19 PANDEMIC DISPARATE IMPACTS

Legislative Priorities

In August 2020, the Board of Supervisors received the COVID-19 PANDEMIC DISPARATE IMPACT REPORT: Strategies for Addressing the Disparate Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on Communities of Color in Monterey County. The report identifies the underlying conditions that have contributed to the racial disparities present in the data and statistics of those most impacted by the pandemic in Monterey County, and proposes strategies to address these disparate impacts.

LEGISLATIVE ADVOCACY **COVID-19 DISPARATE IMPACT**

Even before the pandemic, Monterey County's Legislative Program focused on numerous legislative priorities in the areas of health, human services, economic development and public safety. The County has adopted a strategy of "Health in All Policies" as part of its efforts to eliminate social, racial, economic, and environmental inequities that impede the attainment and maintenance of good health, including health care access.

Since the pandemic began the County has engaged in numerous legislative advocacy efforts to ensure that state and federal administrations, agencies, and legislators are aware of the challenges and needs facing our community. Given the pandemic's disparate toll on communities of color, in particular low-income communities, legislative advocacy efforts have been aimed at: increasing testing; provision of personal protective equipment (PPE) for essential workers; helping to meet basic needs like providing food, wage supports and temporary housing for people who get sick or exposed to the virus; access to communications and guidance in Spanish; support for all-mail elections; support for school and business reopening; and closing the digital divide.

2020 CENSUS AND REDISTRICTING

Billions of dollars hang in the balance for essential programs, services, and infrastructure – and government representation from the Congressional level to local county supervisorial districts.

<u>2020 Census and Redistricting</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ <u>Support efforts with the state and federal governments and community groups to achieve a complete count, especially in hard-to-count communities.</u>➤ <u>Support efforts to ensure undocumented residents are included in the Census.</u>➤ <u>Support efforts to extend the Census deadline to allow additional time to continue or restart enumeration efforts.</u>➤ <u>Support efforts to ensure the integrity of the Census process.</u>➤ <u>Support legislative and administrative policies that ensure the accuracy and completeness of collected census data that reflects the total resident population in each state, including noncitizens</u>
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INCREASED STATE AND FEDERAL SUPPORT AND INVESTMENT

Despite recent investments, counties cannot continue to meet the unprecedented demands in public health, emergency response, and other vital services without additional state and federal support. Declining local revenues, coupled with the increasing demands on county delivered safety net services

makes our situation unsustainable, and puts the health and security of the public, especially communities of color, at risk.

<u>State / Federal Investment</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support additional direct fiscal relief to counties.</u> ➤ <u>Support maximum flexibility in the usage of federal funds allocated to counties to mitigate direct and indirect COVID-19 costs, revenue losses, and temporary expansion of benefits.</u> ➤ <u>Support an extension of the expenditure deadline to utilize federal funds allocated to counties.</u>
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HEALTH

Access to quality healthcare is a fundamental human right. Communities of color have higher rates of underlying health conditions (e.g., diabetes, heart disease, lung disease, etc.) linked to more severe cases of COVID-19. Communities of color also often have less access to quality health care and are disproportionately represented in essential frontline jobs that cannot be done from home, increasing their exposure to the virus.

<u>Health Care for All</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support efforts to create equity and eliminate racial disparities by expanding access to health care through universal coverage and other steps to improve the quality and affordability of health care (e.g., Medi-Cal expansion to undocumented seniors).</u> ➤ <u>Support efforts to ensure employers help H-2A Temporary Agricultural Workers apply for health insurance through Covered California.</u> ➤ <u>Support policies and funding that preserve and expand primary prevention, essential public health functions, and that foster social/racial equity in the areas of community health, health care access (including telehealth), education, and disease prevention.</u>
<u>Public Health Departments</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support funding for public health departments to conduct essential activities including testing, case investigation, contact tracing, surveillance, epidemiology, infection control, mitigation, communications, and other preparedness and response measures.</u> ➤ <u>Support efforts and funding to enhance public health workforce staffing, infrastructure, and capacity.</u>
<u>Testing</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support increased funding to test individuals that are not connected to a primary health care provider to minimize access barriers for underserved communities and increase capacity to support outbreaks in congregate living settings.</u> ➤ <u>Support increasing production of testing supplies to increase the supply of testing kits for hospital-based testing services.</u> ➤ <u>Support funding to deploy testing resources based on the needs of impacted communities.</u> ➤ <u>Support reimbursement for the full cost of specimen collection and testing.</u>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support efforts to streamline the process to utilize presumptive eligibility for Medi-Cal for testing purposes.
Case Investigation and Contact Tracing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support funding to develop and maintain electronic data collection and reporting systems. ➤ Expand funding for income replacement and other types of isolation and quarantine support.
Surveillance, Epidemiology, Infection Control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Expand shared data collection and improvement of reporting standards for workplace infections ➤ Support efforts for state Health and Human Service Agency to alter the Confidential Morbidity Report form to produce more consistent occupation data (currently a write-in response).
Preparedness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support policies that prioritize vaccine distribution through a health equity lens. ➤ Support policies that prioritize certain groups to gain access to medications and vaccines based on documented higher risk for serious illness and death. ➤ Support efforts to establish and maintain adequate distribution, storage, and administration of vaccines. ➤ Support efforts to establish and maintain adequate supply chains for personal protective equipment.
Public Health Laboratories	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support increased funding for state and local public health laboratories.
Commercial Laboratories	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support increased oversight and enforcement of commercial lab responsibilities to ensure compliance with state mandates, state and local health officer orders, and adherence to reporting requirements.
Alternative Housing Access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support efforts to expand eligibility for alternate housing to adequately isolate infected or exposed populations to prevent virus transmission (e.g., hotels, emergency rental assistance, etc.).
Isolation Housing Supports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support expanded funding for income replacement and other types of isolation and quarantine supports.
Health Literacy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support state level policy that documents be produced in the language of our California residents. ➤ Continue to request that the State provide pandemic related communications associated with public health, safety, or business guidance in both English and Spanish.
Access to Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support changes to continue the ability for healthcare to provide services using virtual services. ➤ Support the expansion or continuation of elimination of cost-sharing payments by insurers for plan members treated for COVID-19. ➤ Create an emergency health aid program to raise eligibility thresholds beyond Medi-Cal expansion levels and increase federal matching funds to

	<p><u>help cover people who lost their jobs or remain uninsured during the pandemic.</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Expand testing and treatment (including clinical trials) to cover immigrants and temporary workers, including providing much needed funding for community health centers and removing barriers to permitting coverage under Emergency Medi-Cal.</u> ➤ <u>Expand Medi-Cal to include reimbursement for mild to moderate mental health needs related to the COVID-19 pandemic.</u>
<u>Worker Support and Protections</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support creation of Workforce Safety Councils that build on partnerships between labor, government, and business to work with employers to implement safety protocols, develop and distribute educational materials, and support and fund Workforce Safety Officers to implement health orders and guidance.</u>
<u>Sick Leave and Family Care Protections</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support policies that expand sick leave and family leave to support workers and their families.</u> ➤ <u>Support Statewide campaigns for immediate cash assistance for families, such as young child tax credits.</u>

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FOR BASIC NEEDS

Safety net services are a critical element of community well-being that help struggling households survive and thrive.

<u>Safety Net and Employment Support Resources</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support funding for basic assistance to households who work in lower wage jobs, are underemployed, or are unemployed through CalFresh/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), the Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) program, childcare programs, Community Action programs and the CalWORKs/Temporary Assistance to Needy Family (TANF) programs.</u> ➤ <u>Support funding for programs that help prevent homelessness and rapidly secure housing (HUD Homeless Assistance, CalWORKs Housing Support, CalWORKs Family Stabilization, Housing Disability Advocacy Program).</u> ➤ <u>Support improvements to the CalWORKs/TANF program to modify work participation requirements to better match individual family needs and local economic circumstances and to recognize additional costs to communities as a result of ongoing funding stagnation.</u> ➤ <u>Support expansion of wage subsidy programs for households served by both CalFresh/SNAP and CalWORKs/TANF – these programs have proven to be effective local resources for promoting self-sufficiency and establishing a positive work history.</u> ➤ <u>Support the continuation of virtual interviews, self-attestation verifications, and other virtual means of submitting required documents for Medi-Cal, CalWORKs and CalWORKs employment services, CalFresh, and general assistance.</u> ➤ <u>Support efforts to increase CalFresh/SNAP, Medi-Cal, CalWORKs, CalWORKs employment services, and general assistance benefits, and</u>
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	eliminate eligibility barriers (e.g., residency and citizenship status, household size, income and property limits).
Food Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support funding for local food banks. ➤ Support funding for meal delivery programs (e.g., Great Plates, Meals on Wheels, Congregate Meals for Seniors). ➤ Support policy changes to make Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) cards eligible for online use through web-based marketplaces such as Amazon Pantry and Wal-Mart for food purchases.

HOUSING

[Available and affordable housing is integral to the health and well-being of County residents and an important element for social/racial equity, environmental justice and economic development. Lack of housing or dense, multi-generational housing conditions make communities more susceptible to the spread of the virus.](#)

Housing Stability / Homeless Prevention	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support efforts to provide protections from eviction, foreclosure, and speculation. ➤ Support efforts to fund continued and expanded emergency rental and utility assistance programs. ➤ Support efforts to fund additional city and county emergency housing and ongoing operations. ➤ Support policies and funding to sustain and transition short term emergency COVID housing to long term housing use (travel trailers), and to fund ongoing operations. ➤ Support the continued provision of fair housing tenant/landlord services (e.g., CDBG Program). ➤ Support an increase in housing vouchers for transitional and permanent supportive housing and affordable housing. ➤ Support programs that allow for a variety of homeless housing types such as additional permanent, supportive, and shelter housing. ➤ Support the continuation of employer housing and food requirements under the H-2A Temporary Agricultural Worker program.
Affordable Housing Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support efforts to fund the planning and development of housing – especially affordable housing and affordable rental housing – for low-income residents and those with special needs (e.g., farmworkers, the disabled, and the homeless). ➤ Support efforts to streamline policies and processes that create barriers or delays to the development of affordable or special needs housing projects and incentivize providing more than the minimum inclusionary requirement (e.g., CEQA exemptions for farmworker housing projects). ➤ Support non-profit housing developments through additional/expanded tax credit programs.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support changes to the tax credit program to incentivize development of mixed income housing projects. ➤ Support regional approaches to affordable housing development which allow cities/counties to share in Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) credits. ➤ Support efforts to provide incentivize affordable housing development for migrant farmworkers and H-2A Temporary Agricultural Workers.
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ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

[Communities of color are over-represented in essential jobs that increase their exposure to the virus. High rates of poverty and low wages create greater risks of economic disruption.](#)

Individual Supports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support the continuation/reinstatement of increased unemployment benefits by the federal government – including extending benefits to undocumented workers. ➤ Support additional economic stimulus payments to individuals – including funding to undocumented residents (e.g. Disaster Relief Assistance for Immigrants (DRAI)). ➤ Support expansion of the Earned Income Tax Credit to provide more relief to low-income Californians, including those that file taxes with Individual Tax Identification Numbers. ➤ Support funding and policies that protect workers through the provision of personal protective equipment (PPE) and educational materials on how to prevent virus contraction and transmission. ➤ Support efforts to address disparate impact of COVID-19 pandemic on women of color, exacerbating existing disparities and further undermining family economic stability and survival (including efforts to address childcare, loss of wage earnings due to COVID-19, wealth gap, and access to income supports).
Business Supports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Support efforts aimed at supporting women and minority owned businesses impacted by the pandemic. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Small business grants, loans, and/or no-interest loans ○ Workforce development programs ○ Entrepreneurship programs ○ Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) ○ Payroll Protection Program (PPP) ➤ Support efforts to establish an emergency loan program through the state’s Small Business Disaster Relief Loan Guarantee Program ➤ Support efforts to provide protections from eviction, foreclosure, and speculation for small businesses.

PROTECTING YOUTH AND FAMILIES

The pandemic has added major stressors to children and families, especially in communities where there is a higher incidence of the virus. Economic challenges, school closures, and social isolation further add to the problem and place additional stress on family units.

<u>Protecting Youth and Families</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support efforts to expand eligibility for isolation spaces (e.g. hotels) for people experiencing domestic violence.</u> ➤ <u>Support efforts to protect youth at heightened risk for abuse and mistreatment.</u> ➤ <u>Support efforts to strengthen social programs and family resources to keep families connected to county support systems and services (e.g., mental health).</u>
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CHILDCARE

Local economic recovery from the COVID-19 crisis hinges on the ability of many county residents, especially those who work in industries deemed essential, to access childcare so that they can return to work.

<u>Childcare</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support improved access to safe, high-quality childcare.</u> ➤ <u>Support the classification of front-line workers as “essential” to receive county level and state level free childcare benefits.</u>
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LANGUAGE ACCESS

Since the pandemic began there has been a lack of communications and guidance documents in languages other than English. It is essential that these written and verbal communications be provided in non-English languages for communities where English is not the primary language.

<u>Translation of Communications/ Guidance for Threshold Languages</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Continue to request that the State provide pandemic-related communications associated with public health, safety, or business guidance in both English and Spanish.</u>
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VIRTUAL ACCESS

As a result of the need for social distancing during the pandemic, some requirements have temporarily been waived to allow access to County services by virtual means and to increase virtual participation in government. Making these changes permanent will increase the public’s access to County government.

<u>Increased Internet and Virtual Access</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ <u>Support policy changes to permanently increase access to virtual connection, learning, and public participation opportunities.</u> ➤ <u>Support policy changes to continue participation and access of virtual public meetings governed by the Brown Act.</u> ➤ <u>Support policy changes which allow County services to be provided by virtual means.</u>
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BROADBAND EXPANSION

A lack of internet access disproportionately effects some County residents because internet access is not available in their area or is unaffordable. Expansion of broadband services would benefit economic activities, access to healthcare (e.g.: telehealth); and education (e.g.: distance learning).

<u>Broadband Expansion</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ <u>Support efforts to secure funding for the expansion of broadband and cellular services to underserved areas of Monterey County (e.g., state universal broadband bond).</u>➤ <u>Support efforts to reform existing state programs to expand internet access, generate needed revenue, and make it easier for local governments to obtain funding to move local projects forward.</u>➤ <u>Support efforts to regulate broadband/internet access as a utility by the Federal Communications Commission and California Public Utilities Commission.</u>
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EDUCATION

Schools are facing significant challenges which disparately impact students of color. Nearly 7,000 students/families do not have access to the tools they need for distance learning (e.g., laptops or tablets), and over 10,000 students do not have internet access in their home because internet access is not available in their community or is unaffordable to their families.

<u>Internet Access and Technology Needs</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ <u>Support efforts that ensure quality distance learning through expanded broadband access and technology supports, especially in rural and underserved communities.</u>
<u>In-Person Learning</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ <u>Support the safe transition, when appropriate, to in-person learning through increased state funding for testing, rapid results, and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for students and teachers.</u>

LEGISLATIVE PRINCIPLES

To ensure that Monterey County proactively supports, defends, or opposes any legislative or budget actions that impact County resources, operations, or the goals set forth in the Strategic Initiatives, the following legislative principles will guide County decisions and actions:

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

General:

Support the County's ability to enhance the quality of life, well-being, prosperity, health, safety, livelihood, art, libraries, culture, recreation, housing, and education (e.g., early childhood development, cradle to career initiative) of Monterey County residents. Support policies and programs that protect consumers and help families achieve self-sufficiency. Support job training, and public or private efforts, to stabilize and enhance jobs and economic growth. Support policies and programs that promote health, equity, and neighborhood sustainability, safeguard the preservation of prime agricultural lands and natural open spaces, and improve the environment and protect environmentally sensitive areas in order to ensure a diversified and healthy economy. Support funding, policies, and programs that remove barriers to local industries reaching their full economic potential and acting as regional economic generators.

Sustainable Job Growth:

Support efforts to fund development of regional countywide economic development plans that balance environmental and economic considerations in furtherance of jobs key to the pillar industries of economic development in the County: agriculture, tourism, small business, higher education, and marine research. Support efforts to promote a strong state and county economy, and provide a healthy environment to retain, expand, and attract business and economic development. Support efforts to expand broadband infrastructure to provide high-speed internet to underserved areas of the County, and to retain local authority to assess fees and control placement of new wireless facilities. Support legislative, policy or regulatory efforts that provide local governments with economic and community development tools and encourage compliance with state-mandated regional planning strategies. Support efforts that promote ecotourism and wellness, Edu-tourism, Blue Economy research and development, and Agri-Technology that further economic and employment growth. Support efforts to clarify/modify independent contractor law (i.e., AB 5).

Workforce Development and Working Families:

Support efforts to fund workforce development initiatives (e.g., youth and veterans' employment and leadership programs) to ensure the continuity of employment, and training programs to stimulate economic growth through the creation of a trained and skilled workforce. Ensure public investments in roads, transit, sewers, and other community infrastructure are made in ways that create job opportunities for people residing in Monterey County who are underemployed and unemployed. Support efforts to prepare youth for future self-sufficiency and prevent youth violence and crime. Support working family initiatives that balance work and care-giving obligations such as: workplace flexibility and access to paid leave; affordable, quality child/elder care; and equal pay.

Housing & Homelessness:

Support efforts that create affordable housing policies and fund the creation of housing – especially affordable housing and affordable rental housing – for low-income county residents and those with special needs (e.g., farm workers, veterans, seniors, the disabled, and the homeless). Work to streamline processes which create barriers or delays to the development of affordable housing projects. Support efforts to address the unique needs of homeless individuals and families, and equitably allocate funding to address homelessness.

Military Installations:

Support efforts to assist in military base reuse, especially the redevelopment of lands on the former Fort Ord, and to replace jobs lost because of the base closure. Support efforts to strengthen and expand the missions of military institutions in Monterey County (i.e., Monterey Bay Defense Alliance), and oppose Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) or other proposals which aim to close or reduce programs or missions and have negative impacts on the County.

ADMINISTRATION

General:

Support legislative and regulatory efforts that protect and enhance local governments' revenues, maximize County access to state and federal funding sources and increase local funding flexibility. Support efforts to increase local authority and control over revenues, governance, and service delivery – as well as protect the County against federal and state mandates that constrict its ability to manage its own affairs. Support efforts to provide funding or reimbursement at the actual cost of doing business for County administered programs, projects, and responsibilities. Support efforts to recruit and retain a highly skilled and professional county workforce, provide staff opportunities for professional development, and promote the recognition of employees as professionals in their fields. Protect the attorney-client privilege. Support full funding for mandated programs and oppose unfunded mandates and the imposition of unreasonable or unnecessary legislative, administrative, or regulatory burdens that add costs or risks to County and local operations. Support efforts to provide increased training opportunities to County staff to ensure public health and safety.

Local Revenue Generation:

Support efforts that preserve the County's autonomy as the fiscal manager, administrator, and policy-making entity related to County funds. Support expanded authority to generate voter approved revenues at the local level. Protect the County's revenue sources, especially property, sales, [commercial cannabis business](#) and transient occupancy taxes. Oppose efforts to restrict, limit or eliminate local taxing authority and policies that have the effect of reducing revenues to state and local government (e.g., the tax-exempt status of municipal bond interest, and the deduction for state and local taxes). Support the County's authority to engage in public-private partnerships and other alternative financing mechanisms for infrastructure development.

Government Efficiency & Privacy:

Support efforts to modernize the governance structure of County divisions and agencies or enter into strategic partnerships to improve the efficient delivery of government services. Support efforts to streamline operations, enhance access and use of digital and other information technologies, and add flexibility and discretion for counties to manage programs in the most efficient and cost-effective manner possible. Support policies that promote net neutrality and open access to information in any format. Support efforts to increase data privacy, limit third party access to data, safeguard against data breaches, and guard against election interference.

Civil Rights & Civic Engagement:

Support efforts that respect civil rights, provide equal opportunity for all, and pursue equity in all operations by developing a culture of diversity and inclusion. Support efforts to improve services to Limited English Proficiency (LEP) persons by providing services in the language spoken by our residents, including indigenous languages [and American Sign Language](#). Support efforts to increase access to government for persons with different abilities using adaptive or assistive devices. Support efforts to improve the Department of Fair Employment and Housing's discrimination, harassment, and retaliation investigative process. Support efforts to increase diversity and inclusion in government boards,

commissions, and committees. Support efforts to protect the constitutional rights and voting rights of County residents, the integrity of the election process, and equitable access to voter registration and voting. Support efforts to reform the election process and fund election administration to ensure reform efforts can be implemented. Support policies that create efficiencies and reduce costs in elections administration.

Strategic Collaboration:

In matters where legislative pursuits align or are consistent with the interests of Monterey County, support other agencies' efforts. Collaborate with neighboring cities, counties, and other agencies on large-scale projects and regional planning efforts. Maintain effective relationships with the California State Association of Counties (CSAC), [Rural County Representatives of California \(RCRC\)](#) and National Association of Counties (NACo).

HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

General:

Assure that adequate protections are in place to provide equitable opportunities for all individuals to realize their full potential and provide for needed public health, safety, and social service programs. Support state and federal actions that promote the health and welfare of the County's most vulnerable residents. Support efforts to fund, expand, coordinate, and improve the County's health care safety net system, [including COVID response funding](#). Support reforms to fully fund comprehensive health care programs, providers, and facilities for every resident, without adversely affecting the local economy and business community. Oppose funding cuts to critically important health and human service programs, such as Medicaid (Medi-Cal in California), Medicare, and Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) funding, and efforts that reduce local flexibility in the implementation of such programs. [Support initiatives that eliminate or indefinitely delay implementation of DSH cuts](#). Oppose policies that limit access to private health insurance. Support state efforts to negotiate ~~renewed a~~ [waivers extension and a new five-year waiver](#) with the federal government that enhances [matches](#) or provides [additional](#) Medicaid (Medi-Cal) funding to California counties. ~~Support funding for, and policies that, assure parity for mental health and substance use disorder prevention and treatment.~~ Oppose attempts to require website posting of hospital contracts which would affect the hospital's ability to compete, increase potential lawsuits, and place an undue burden on County business. [Oppose federal surprise billing initiatives that will severely impact hospitals' ability to be adequately reimbursed for the provision of services. Support efforts to terminate price transparency rules that are effective January 2021.](#) Support efforts to fund electronic health records integration and implementation so health information exchange efforts can expand. Support changes in federal substance abuse confidentiality rules to allow for streamlined information sharing.

Public Health:

Support policies and funding that preserve and expand primary prevention and essential public health functions. Support efforts that foster social equity in the areas of community health, health care access, education, and disease prevention. Support efforts to create safe neighborhoods and invest in affordable housing to assure the environment is supportive of making healthy choices that lead to healthy lifestyles, with a focus on early childhood development, prevention of childhood obesity, promotion of maternal and child health, and youth violence prevention. Support efforts to create climate resilient communities. Support efforts and policies that promote environmental health regulations that require businesses and individuals to follow public health principles that protect people and the environment. Support efforts to allow streamlined information sharing across multi-sector entities to improve coordination of care and client outcomes.

Social Services:

Support efforts to preserve and advance social services by providing the authority and resources required to promote the social and economic self-reliance of individuals and families, and for the protection of children, elders, and dependent adults. Support efforts to restore funding and clarify state/county responsibilities for county provided social services. Encourage and support the State's efforts to secure funding and federal waivers resulting in additional resources for counties and community-based social service providers. Support efforts to provide funding and policies to address the unique needs of veterans and their families.

INFRASTRUCTURE

General:

Support efforts to identify and secure funds for local transportation, water, energy, technology, government facility, housing, and community infrastructure projects, in particular where such improvements contribute to clean energy and green building. Support funding efforts to repair, upgrade or modernize transportation, wastewater collection and disposal systems, and other infrastructure projects or systems, particularly in areas where the associated infrastructure is aging and there is insufficient financial capacity to fund necessary improvements.

Environmental Review:

Support efforts to reform environmental processes such as the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) to retain environmental protections while reforming the legal process to reduce abuses. Support efforts to align state and federal requirements, and to obtain, streamline and coordinate state and federal permit processes for public infrastructure and safety projects.

Water Resources:

Support efforts to fund, manage and protect the County's water rights, water quality, water supply, groundwater sustainability, storm water, flood protection, and mediate the effects of climate change (e.g., drought, sea level rise).

Energy:

Monitor the potential Federal lease of lands for oil and gas exploration and the potential effects of these activities on water quality and dam safety. Support efforts to ensure appropriate oversight and funding for State regulation and monitoring of energy extraction activities (e.g., hydraulic fracturing). Support efforts to allow the County to manage an adequate renewable energy program (e.g., fees on oil, commercial solar).

Land Preservation:

Support efforts to protect and preserve the federal, state, county, and regional parks within Monterey County, including the promotion of park designations and the preservation of resources of historical or cultural significance. Support efforts to manage County open space lands (e.g., Fort Ord, Odello East, Hatton Canyon, Jack's Peak) including partnerships with or transfers to Monterey Peninsula Regional Parks District, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), or other public land management agencies. Maintain and protect rural resources, coastal areas, ~~and~~ bio-diversity, park facilities and recreation features.

Agriculture:

Support efforts to protect and promote agriculture, farm worker health and safety, the protection of public health and the environment, and the assurance of a fair marketplace. Support efforts to provide agricultural research and education activities. Support efforts to protect and preserve prime agricultural lands (e.g., Williamson Act funding). Support pest detection and pest management programs and invasive

weed prevention programs. Support efforts to ensure the success of the local cannabis and industrial hemp industries, while addressing the tax, regulatory, policy, enforcement, education, health, environment and safety of our communities as related to both cannabis and hemp.

PUBLIC SAFETY

General:

Support efforts to protect life and property through the delivery of emergency response, law enforcement, custody, and rehabilitation services that provide a high level of safety to residents and visitors. Support funding for programs that assist the County with efforts aimed at reducing crime, enhancing public safety through community partnerships and multi-jurisdictional efforts, providing alternatives to incarceration, ~~and~~ increasing access to justice by providing the community with adequate and accessible facilities (e.g., proposed Greenfield Courthouse), and to provide court security services. Support justice policy reforms that advance racially equitable public safety. Support efforts to fund public safety facilities, equipment, training and programs. Support funding for programs that assist the County with broad based Emergency Management (response, mitigation, prevention and recovery), emergency, disaster, and homeland security preparedness, ~~response and recovery~~, including efforts at achieving communications interoperability. Support collaborative efforts to maintain and increase public safety, prevent and reduce the frequency, severity, and impact of fire and other natural or man caused disasters.

Violence Prevention:

Support collaborative efforts to maintain and increase public safety, prevent and reduce the frequency, severity, and impact of criminal behavior on the community, and the long-term effects of violence, especially youth violence, and trauma. Support federal gun control actions to prevent death and injury. Support evidence-based approaches and services for the rehabilitation and community re-entry of juvenile and adult offenders, and strategies to deter criminal behavior and promote law-abiding lifestyle choices, and a healthy family environment. Support efforts to recognize and protect victim's rights and the restoration of justice (e.g., work of the Restorative Justice Commission) while promoting healing. Support efforts to fund County and collaborative efforts aimed at preventing and reducing violence (e.g., gang violence, domestic violence) and other law offenders (e.g., human exploitation/trafficking), recognizing a public health approach to the prevention of violence and in support of the strategies outlined in the *Building Safe & Thriving Communities Action Plan (2015)*.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Enhancing the Well-Being and Prosperity of Monterey County Residents

IMMIGRATION

The County strives to support and defend the civil and human rights of all of its residents, including those that are foreign-born. Immigrants comprise over 30% of the total population, and at 21.7% Monterey County has the highest percentage of non-citizens of any California county. The County's immigrant population, including undocumented immigrants, is a critical component of the local labor force, especially for the County's two largest industries – agriculture and hospitality. The contributions of immigrants to the economic, cultural, and social well-being of our community are a source of pride for the County, and the County recognizes the importance of maintaining an environment of trust and safety for immigrants who choose to make Monterey County their home.

The Board of Supervisors has proudly supported the County's immigrant community by supporting comprehensive immigration reform which includes a pathway to citizenship for undocumented immigrants; removing Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) from the County jail and declaring Monterey County a "Welcoming County"; supporting reinstatement of the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) program and becoming the first "Dreamers County" in the nation; supporting the Farm Workforce Modernization Act; denouncing the Trump Administration's family separation policy; opposing the addition of a citizenship question on the 2020 Census; and opposing the Trump Administration's "public charge" rule.

Key Objectives:

Support policies that provide permanent legal status and a path to citizenship for Dreamers. [Support policies that extend Temporary Protected Status for qualifying individuals.](#) Support policies that establish effective nonimmigrant visa programs that address the workforce needs of the agriculture and hospitality industries. Oppose legislative and executive actions that seek to punish local governments for failure to assist with federal immigration enforcement actions. Oppose legislative and executive actions that unlawfully discriminate against immigrants based on their country of origin. Oppose legislative and executive actions that restrict public benefits to immigrants. Support comprehensive immigration reform legislation that addresses the County's labor force needs and provides a path to citizenship for the nation's undocumented immigrant population. Support efforts to increase language access, ensure access to health care, facilitate naturalization, extend voting rights, and build leadership development pipelines for immigrants.

LABOR FORCE

The availability of skilled and unskilled labor is critical to the maintenance and enhancement of economic development activities across all sectors. Monterey County's economy is primarily based on agriculture and tourism, both of which are highly dependent on an adequate labor supply. An aging worker population and current immigration policies make it increasingly difficult to meet these workforce needs. The lack of agricultural workers is the largest challenge facing our local industry today. The agriculture industry contributes \$8.1 billion and 76,054 jobs, and the hospitality industry provides 25,200 jobs and contributes over \$2.87 billion to the local economy. However, industry sources report that they are increasingly affected by labor shortages that jeopardize the local economy, the hospitality industry, and the availability of agricultural goods for national and international shipment. The California Farm Bureau reports that over half of the farmers in California are experiencing labor shortages and that fewer potential employees are applying for seasonal harvest jobs despite increased recruiting efforts, higher wages offered and other incentives. Additionally, the Central Coast is experiencing a significant shortage

of skilled medical personnel, and this shortage is expected to grow over the next 15 years, especially for primary care clinicians

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to implement comprehensive federal immigration reform to ensure that Monterey County has an adequate labor supply for all economic sectors. Oppose efforts to implement restrictive immigration policies that threaten the economic well-being of Monterey County residents. Support policies that promote a greater investment in training and retaining health care professionals to meet the workforce needs of our local health care industry.

AGRICULTURE

Agriculture is the cornerstone of prosperity in Monterey County. Support for agriculture is critical to the economic vitality of the region, State, and nation. The Salinas Valley is known as the “salad bowl” of the world and produces diverse vegetable crops, strawberries, and is a major producer of high-quality varietal wine grapes. Adequate transportation system maintenance and capacity, along with the security of County water supplies (e.g., water rights, storage, reuse, and financing) is critical to the health of the local agricultural economy.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to secure and enhance Monterey County’s water resources for agriculture (e.g., water rights, storage, reuse, financing); secure funding for transportation infrastructure that supports the agricultural industry; protect prime agricultural lands (i.e., Williamson Act, conservation easements); and promote agriculture and agritourism.

CANNABIS

According to the most recent California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) Cannabis Licensing Office ListServ, Monterey County is ranked fourth in California cannabis cultivation. The County Cannabis Program provides a local framework for successful leadership and management of commercial cannabis through coordination and collaboration with multiple County departments, state agencies, and local governments to address taxation, regulation, policy, enforcement, education and protection of the health, environment, and safety of our communities. There are outstanding federal and state policy issues that need to be addressed in order for the Program to be successful. The Program ~~will be updated~~^{ing} its Strategic Plan and Implementation Plan in the spring of 2020.

Banking: The conflict between federal and state law over marijuana use severely limits the cannabis industry’s ability to access banking services. As the industry continues to grow, the County is increasingly concerned with the large amounts of cash that cannabis businesses are required to store on site and the risk it poses for violent crime. The County collected \$~~5235.1~~^{5235.1} million in tax revenue between July 2016 and ~~October 2020~~^{November 2019}.

The County also is concerned that its tax assessment, collection and audit functions will be needlessly complicated in a “cash only” environment, and the potential revenue loss could negatively affect other County programs. A new federal policy is needed to permit financial institutions to serve the cannabis industry in accordance with state law. The County supports legislation that creates a safe harbor for individuals and entities from federal marijuana laws if they act in compliance with state law.

Legalization: Legislation was reintroduced in the 116th Congress to amend the federal Controlled Substances Act to exempt state-legal marijuana activity from its provisions. The bill, known as the Strengthening the Tenth Amendment Entrusting States (STATES) Act, would also protect banks and credit unions that work with legal cannabis businesses. The County supports this type of limited legalization

that allows each state to determine how best to address commercial cannabis activity within its own borders.

Funding for Enforcement: The 2018-19 State Budget included monies from the General Fund for a Department of Justice proposal for cannabis-related enforcement aimed at the illegal cannabis market and protecting against intrastate and interstate diversion activity by criminal organizations. None of this funding was provided directly to local enforcement agencies. [The Cannabis Program was awarded a Proposition 64 three-year grant beginning October 2020 under the Board of State and Community Corrections that focuses on public education and enforcement of unlicensed cannabis.](#) The County supports additional funding provided directly to local law enforcement agencies for cannabis related enforcement activities.

Cannabis Industry Stabilization: ~~In order to~~ To gain industry stabilization in the next ten years, a commitment to continuous improvement needs to evolve. [In 2020, the state undertook the process of combining the three regulatory bodies for the oversight of the cannabis industry. The three regulatory bodies are the Bureau of Cannabis Control \(BCC\), California Department of Food and Agriculture \(CDFA\), and the California Department of Public Health \(CDPH\). The three agencies utilize California Cannabis Authority \(CCA\) needs to be integrated with the California's Cannabis Track-and-Trace \(CCTT\) system that uses implemented through Metrc to track cannabis moving through the supply chain from seed to sale. Metrc is a compliance management solution that produces raw data that is currently only available in real time to the state agencies.](#) ~~used by the three regulatory bodies for the oversight of the cannabis industry. The three regulatory bodies are the Bureau of Cannabis Control (BCC), California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA), and California Department of Public Health (CDPH). The need for Metrc to be integrated with the CCA is to reduce workflow. The County's only access to Metrc is through data produced to enable efficient regulation at the local level. In 2020, the County amended its ordinances to require cannabis operators to provide a copy of their Metrc API key to the CCA which eliminated duplicative compliance burdens on operators and to delivered significant value to the County in data access to Metrc incremental value that is not currently being realized by the industry or state and local jurisdictions.~~ State and local tax escalators may also impact efforts to stabilize the industry. [In fiscal year 2019-2020, the County delayed implementation of a local tax escalator and provided a delayed third quarter payment without penalty to enable the industry to navigate market changes due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The](#) A continued commitment to reduce barriers to entry will encourage continued investment in an industry which has recently seen layoffs and retreating stock prices. ~~If the increase in state cannabis taxes takes effect in 2020, consideration should be given to establishing a cannabis control/education program, funded by cannabis tax revenues, like what was established with tobacco and nutrition to expand health education for the industry.~~

~~Additionally,~~ The Governor's Office is seeking input from local jurisdictions and stakeholders to continuously improve licensing agency services. To that end, the Office of Innovation under the California Health and Human Services (CHHS) Agency held workshops to gain input from stakeholders. Priority areas identified in one of the workshops were: 1) state and local communication; and 2) standardization of processes between the three agencies including online applications and databases.

[The Cannabis Program entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with CDFA as a pilot participant to "test" CCTT monthly reports. The reports are very limited in nature and do not provide real-time data. The County supports an expanded format for local jurisdictions to access their industry's Metrc data to further enhance compliance and enforcement efforts.](#)

Cannabis Statute of Limitations: In November 2016, when California voters passed Proposition 64, the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act, section 26038 of the Business Professions Code did not specify a statute of limitations for civil penalties brought against persons engaging in commercial cannabis activities without a state license. As such, it defaulted to a one-year statute of limitations under section 340(b) of the Code of Civil Procedure. Due to the time required for these prosecutions, the

Monterey County District Attorney's Office is seeking an increase in the statute of limitations from one to three years under this code section. Extending the statute of limitations for these cases would allow for better prosecution of black-market cases which is crucial to the successful implementation of Proposition 64 and which will in turn allow the legal cannabis industry to thrive.

[War on Drugs: Monterey County recognizes that the War on Drugs has had a disproportionate effect on low income communities and communities of color, especially in regard to infractions for cannabis possession. As a result, the County supports policies that work to rectify these historical impacts.](#)

[Department of Cannabis Control – Provisional Licenses:](#)

[AB97: AB 97 gives licensing offices authority to issue citations to licensees or unlicensed persons for any act or omission that violates or has violated any provision of the Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act \("MAUCRSA"\). Second, a provisional license can qualify without having held a temporary license if you have submitted a completed license application to the licensing authority, including evidence of compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act and with city and county ordinances. These provisional licenses are valid for one year and can be renewed for one-year terms until January 1, 2022. Third, no later than July 1, 2021, the Department of Food and Agriculture will establish a certification program that will allow labels for products considered "organic." Last, local equity programs can receive technical assistance to equity applicants or licensees. There is growing concern over the provisional license sunset clause that expires on January 1, 2022. As of December 2020, Monterey County has approximately 117 operators holding 26 annual licenses and 516 provisional licenses. There is concern that our licensees holding provisional licenses will not be eligible for the annual license because they may not be fully permitted at the local level. Monterey County requires a land use permit \(entitlement\), and the business operator must gain approval of the Cannabis Business Permit and the Annual Business License. Approximately 58 cannabis operators participated in two CEQA group studies. The larger study was approved by the Board of Supervisors in December 2020 with anticipating of reviewing eligible land use permits immediately. The remaining 39 applications will need to have a determination made if CEQA is required or how they will meet CEQA before July 1, 2021.](#)

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to change Federal regulations which restrict the use of federally insured banks and credit unions for cannabis revenues. Support legalization efforts that allow states to determine how to address commercial cannabis activity within their borders, and to declassify cannabis as a Schedule I drug. Support additional funding for local law enforcement agencies to aid in enforcement activities. Support efforts that promote cannabis industry stabilization. Support efforts to extend the statute of limitations from one to three years to more effectively prosecute violators of commercial cannabis regulations.

Support efforts to preserve local government authority and control over taxation, revenues and fees, land use, and local regulatory control over sale, distribution, production, and cultivation. Support efforts to stall state tax escalators to allow for industry stabilization. Support efforts to develop uniform pesticide and other contaminant standards for adult use and medical cannabis, to develop uniform potency standards for cannabis products, and to develop enforceable standards for impaired driving to ensure public health and safety. Support policies and regulations to develop packaging which does not appeal to children, and to require childproof containers. Support efforts to develop effective public health campaigns and resources to address the impacts of cannabis on public health. Support efforts to implement a statewide track and trace technology system ~~compatible with~~ [accessible to](#) local programs [in real time](#). Support efforts to develop state standards governing worker safety and security in the cannabis industry. Support efforts to establish funding to manage the impacts of cannabis growth including enforcement, monitoring, inspections, and health education. Support efforts to reduce environmental degradation and ensure the responsible use of resources including water and electricity in cannabis cultivation. [Support efforts to extend provisional licenses currently set to sunset January 1, 2022.](#)

[Support Cannabis Equity Programs. Support policies and programs that focus on job placement, mental health treatment, substance use disorder treatment, system navigation services, legal services to address barriers to reentry, and linkages to medical care for communities disproportionately affected by past federal and state drug policies, also known as the War on Drugs.](#)

INDUSTRIAL HEMP

Recent legislation made the cultivation of industrial hemp for fiber, seed, and extracts legal at the federal and state levels. Industrial hemp production includes cultivation of cannabis sativa plants, the same species of plant cultivated for the ~~still federally illegal~~ cannabis market. What differentiates legally between industrial hemp and cannabis varieties is the amount of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) present in the flowering tops - under 0.3% THC is defined as hemp, and greater than 0.3% THC is defined as cannabis.

Monterey County Board of Supervisors adopted Ordinance No. 5314, effective August 31, 2019, establishing a pilot program for the cultivation and processing of industrial hemp in the inland unincorporated areas of the County. This ordinance added Chapter 21.49 to Title 21 (non-coastal zoning) of the designation (HMP district) establishing industrial hemp cultivation as an allowed use subject to certain restrictions under the pilot program and development of new industrial hemp processing plants with a use permit. The ordinance requires approval of registration by the Monterey County Agricultural Commissioner, limits the number of industrial hemp cultivation registrations that may be issued (not to exceed 30), provides for a maximum cultivated area of 100 acres [per registration](#), and requires a three mile setback from existing legal commercial cannabis cultivation sites unless the setback is reduced or waived by mutual consent of the industrial hemp cultivator and the cannabis cultivator.

[Funding for Enforcement:](#) The County is under contract with the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) to perform work under the CDFA Industrial Hemp Cultivation Program. Maximum funding under the contract is ~~\$49,2502,000, although CDFA has indicated that could be increased~~. CDFA recognizes this funding level will not cover all costs incurred by counties for enforcement activities. The County may consider establishment of a fee for Industrial Hemp cultivation pursuant to Food and Agricultural Code Section 81005. (c) which provides that: "The board of supervisors of a county may establish a reasonable fee, in an amount necessary to cover the actual costs of the commissioner and the county of implementing, administering, and enforcing the provisions of this division, except for costs that are otherwise reimbursed pursuant to subdivision (b), to be charged and collected by the commissioner upon registrations or renewals required pursuant to Section 81003 or 81004 and retained by the commissioner or the county, as appropriate. (Amended by Stats. 2019, Ch. 838, Sec. 9. (SB 153) Effective January 1, 2020.)"

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to increase funding for enforcement activities. Support efforts to develop uniform pesticide and other contaminant standards. Support efforts to fund local research of industrial hemp cultivation especially research of pollen travel and contamination.

FORT ORD REUSE AUTHORITY (FORA)

The Fort Ord Reuse Authority (FORA) was created by State law in 1994 following closure of the former Fort Ord military training base in 1992. FORA is charged with responsibility to plan, finance, manage and oversee conversion of the former military land for community reuse. When established FORA was envisioned to sunset in 2014, but due to the Great Recession and other factors, redevelopment didn't occur at the pace expected and in 2012 state legislators extended FORA's sunset date to June 30, 2020.

As required as part of the extension, FORA submitted a Transition Plan to the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCo) of Monterey County in December 2018, which lays out how FORA assets and liabilities will be assigned to its member jurisdictions – Monterey County and several cities – when FORA ceases to exist. LAFCo staff continues to advise the Commission of its implementation. FORA and its member jurisdictions are working to resolve key policy issues relating to the dissolution.

Key Objectives:

Support expedited approvals required by the U.S. Army necessary to achieve FORA dissolution by June 30, 2020. Support legislative or other efforts to ensure the smooth dissolution/transition of FORA assets and liabilities to its member jurisdictions, while safeguarding revenue streams (e.g., property tax distribution, special district fees) that support community reuse objectives (e.g., blight removal, habitat conservation planning) and minimize liabilities to the member jurisdictions.

FEDERAL OPPORTUNITY ZONES

An Opportunity Zone is an economically-distressed community where new investments, under certain conditions, may be eligible for preferential tax treatment. Localities qualify as Opportunity Zones if they have been nominated for that designation by the state and that nomination has been certified by the Secretary of the U.S. Treasury. As of December 2018, the U.S. Treasury Department has identified a total of 8,761 opportunity zones across all 50 states, the District of Columbia and five U.S. territories. Each area will retain that designation through 2028.

In California, the U.S. Treasury Department has designated 879 census tracts as Qualified Opportunity Zones, including nine census tracts in Monterey County in Salinas, Seaside and Marina. Investments made by individuals through special funds in these zones would be allowed to defer or eliminate federal taxes on capital gains.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to [promote Opportunity Zones as a tool for economic development in Monterey County, including projects that support renewable energy and affordable housing](#)~~streamline and coordinate economic development resources across different federal agencies~~. Support efforts to expand Opportunity Zone designations in Monterey County. Support efforts to assess the effectiveness of Opportunity Zones in alleviating poverty and promoting job creation.

TOURISM

Monterey County has an abundance of open or undeveloped space and unique natural environments which lend themselves to tourism, eco-tourism, sustainable-tourism, and cultural-heritage tourism (e.g., Pinnacles National Park, Fort Ord National Monument, and numerous State, Regional and County parks). With proper marketing these assets can attract visitors for longer stays and more frequent visits, which benefit the local economy through increased visitor spending on lodging, food, retail, and other services. The attraction of recreational enthusiasts encourages the establishment of manufacturing, retail and service businesses which cater to the recreational equipment needs of visitors and residents. Tourism benefits can also be gained by collaborating with the Monterey County Convention and Visitors Bureau and national organizations such as Brand USA, the Jobs Originated through Launching Travel (JOLT Act), and the State of California Travel Program. Traffic congestion acts as a deterrent to tourist, exacerbating the need to support transportation and infrastructure projects which improve public safety, enhance roadway capacity, provide for more public transportation, and improve coastal and trail access for residents and visitors.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts which promote tourism, eco-tourism, sustainable-tourism, and cultural-heritage tourism, including support for federal, state, and local conservation and recreation areas; partner with other agencies to leverage the benefits of tourism to increase economic growth, create jobs, generate tax revenue and boost U.S. exports; fund infrastructure improvements and capital projects that support visitor travel and tourism.

ARTS & CULTURE

Through a 2018 community engagement process sponsored by the Board of Supervisors – which was conducted through phone, online and community forums – community members identified libraries as one of their top priorities.

Strengthening arts and cultural assets is vital to community development and can significantly contribute to economic development. Assets include those related to entertainment (e.g., theaters, performing groups), personal development (e.g., community centers, libraries, bookstores), education (e.g., schools, museums), and communities (e.g., cultural events/festivals). A flourishing arts and culture sector can affect where workers want to live and as such is important for workforce recruitment and retention. Arts and cultural activities also promote economic development by attracting visitors and increasing the length of time and money they spend.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts that expand, strengthen, and support art and cultural activities and facilities, which improve the education, health, and well-being of both visitors and those who live in our communities.

EDUCATION, RESEARCH & MILITARY

The Monterey Bay Area has a diverse concentration of higher education, research and military institutions, particularly related to foreign language study, marine research, and international policy. The County is also home to the greatest collection of foreign language assets in the world and is directly involved in over 25% of the nation's post-secondary learning in languages other than English. In 2014, the Library of Congress approved a trademark for Monterey County as *"Language Capital of the World."*

Strengthening Monterey County's Military Missions: Monterey County has a long and proud military history and is honored to support the ten military missions located here which provide many local jobs. Safeguarding and strengthening local military missions is critical to our national security and local economic strength. In recent years, certain missions have been threatened with reductions or closures due to proposals such as Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC). The County supports efforts which work to enhance, grow, and protect national security assets in the Monterey Bay Area.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to protect, strengthen and expand the missions of the military installations located within Monterey County. Oppose Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) and similar Department of Defense proposals, which would diminish local missions, negatively impacting our regional economy.

OLD MONTEREY COUNTY JAIL

The Old Monterey County Jail located in Salinas, California, was built in 1931 in the Gothic Revival architectural style during the Art Deco period. It served as the County's primary jail until a new jail was completed in 1977. In 2004, the building was listed on the U.S. National Register of Historic Places

reflecting its architectural significance and for areas where Cesar Chavez was imprisoned during the 1970 Salinas Lettuce Boycott – raising national attention. After extensive evaluation of multiple alternatives, the Board of Supervisors selected three preferred alternatives [redevelopment/rehabilitation project](#). ~~and seeks~~ [The County needs](#) funding ~~from the State in order~~ to implement a capital project and repurpose of the historic jail/site.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to secure [local](#), [State](#) [and/or federal](#) funding ~~in 2020~~ for a capital project to repurpose the Old Monterey County Jail.

BROADBAND & TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES

A major impediment to business attraction is the lack of reliable County broadband coverage. [Digital access is also linked with social equity, connecting with services, and democratic participation.](#) The Central Coast Broadband Consortium is a broad-based ad hoc group of local governments and agencies, economic development proponents, education and health organizations, community groups and private businesses, dedicated to improving service in Monterey, Santa Cruz, and San Benito Counties. Expanding broadband service throughout the region is important to the County's [social and](#) economic health – and supports the education, medical, military, and research industries.

[The COVID-19 pandemic has underscored the critical utility of broadband infrastructure. From the homework gap and workforce adaptations, to essential healthcare services and e-commerce — broadband is now the keystone to our nation's response to the global pandemic and imperative to building resilient and future-ready communities. The lack of reliable broadband is a major economic barrier and a leading driver of socioeconomic inequality.](#)

[A lack of internet access disproportionately effects some County residents because internet access is not available in their area or is unaffordable. Expansion of broadband services would benefit economic activities, access to healthcare \(e.g.: telehealth\); and education \(e.g.: distance learning\).](#)

[In August 2020, a photo of two girls sitting on the sidewalk with their laptops outside a Taco Bell restaurant in the City of Salinas to use the restaurant's Wi-Fi went viral, shining the national spotlight on the digital divide which exists in Monterey County and many other communities in the state and nation.](#)

[Schools are facing significant challenges which disparately impact students of color. According to the Monterey County Office of Education nearly 7,000 students/families do not have access to the tools they need for distance learning \(e.g., laptops or tablets\), and over 10,000 students do not have internet access in their home because it is not available in their community or is unaffordable to their families. There is also a need for digital literacy programs.](#)

[The State's non-partisan Legislative Analyst's Office \(LAO\) reports that the Federal Communications Commission standard for internet speed is 25 megabits per second \(mbps\) download and 3 mbps upload, however a majority of underserved households are in rural areas where internet speeds are significantly slower, 6 mbps upload and 1 mbps download.](#)

Additionally, there is a need to develop telecommunication services (cellular services) particularly in remote highly trafficked tourist destinations such as Big Sur. Reliable access to cellular service in these areas is important for both economic and public safety reasons.

Key Objective:

Support efforts to fund the expansion of broadband and cellular service to underserved [and digitally redlined](#) areas of Monterey County [\(e.g., state universal broadband bond\)](#) and [increase internet speeds.](#)

[Support efforts to reform existing state programs to expand internet access, generate needed revenue, and make it easier for local governments to obtain funding to move local projects forward. Support efforts to regulate broadband/internet access as a utility by the Federal Communications Commission and California Public Utilities Commission. Support efforts that ensure quality distance learning through expanded broadband access and technology supports, and digital literacy programs especially in rural and underserved communities. Support efforts to fairly and equitably regulate access to telecommunications services, removing barriers and providing adaptations for all ages and for those with disabilities. Support expansion of broadband and telecommunications community hubs such as schools and libraries. Support affordable and flexibly connectivity options and opportunities.](#)

HOUSING

Through a 2018 community engagement process sponsored by the Board of Supervisors – conducted through phone, online and community forums – community members identified affordable housing, displacement prevention, and services for homeless individuals and families as some of their top priorities.

Available and affordable housing is integral to the health and well-being of County residents and an important element for social equity, environmental justice and economic development. It is critical that people have the option to live near their workplace, particularly those workers most essential to the local economy (e.g., teachers, emergency service workers, nurses), many of whom find that housing is priced beyond their reach. When people can afford to live close to their jobs, entire communities reap the benefits. Commute times and traffic congestion ease, neighborhoods are more diverse and provide the opportunity for families to live and grow in one place, and economies strengthen by helping employers attract and retain essential workers. Therefore, Monterey County supports policies, funding, and programs that support additional multi-family, farmworker, disabled, senior, veterans, and workforce housing opportunities to assure an adequate supply of low-cost and affordable housing stock are needed.

HUD – CDBG & HOME Programs: State and Federal programs are important sources of funding to help local communities develop affordable housing. Currently Monterey County receives \$1.2 million annually in Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Funds through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) which supports community development and infrastructure needs ancillary to housing development, and services for low-income and moderate-income persons. Increasing CDBG funding and expanding the program to allow funding to be used for new housing construction would be a powerful tool for local governments. HUD also offers the HOME Investment Partnership Program which funds new housing construction. An increase in HOME funding is needed for the County, as part of a consortium, to consider participating. New permanent financing sources are needed to address housing needs at all income levels and to provide adequate housing subsidies for households. Policies

Housing Vouchers: In order to build more affordable housing and assist residents in need of subsidized housing opportunities, increased access to public housing and vouchers programs is needed. Voucher programs need to meet the high cost of rent in Monterey County and the area Fair Market Rents (FMR).

Flexible Housing Subsidy Programs: The State can assist communities to implement flexible housing subsidy programs, intended to provide housing stability to those at risk of experiencing homelessness. Subsidy pools centralize the management of housing resources under a single operator to match resources to eligible households, provide housing navigation and placement services, and provide flexibility in funding that can be utilized in several ways to close the funding gaps that serve as barriers to securing housing.

Low-Income Housing Tax Credit: Increasing access to the Federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) Program is needed to provide funding opportunities to developers. Currently, the LIHTC Program can take developers several rounds and years of delays to fund low-income multi-family housing developments.

Barriers to Housing Production: Some of the biggest barriers to affordable and market rate housing construction are the development of necessary infrastructure, California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and development impact fees, and the threat of litigation over CEQA and land use issues. Major infrastructure is needed for the development of housing (e.g., sewer, water, roads, transit and other infrastructure). Supporting the expansion of CEQA exemptions for affordable housing infill projects and policies which provide protections for affordable housing and market rate developers (e.g., litigation) would help alleviate these concerns.

Housing Fund Opportunities: Housing funding opportunities are critical to get developers the funding they need to kick start local projects. Tools that assist in affordable housing production (e.g., Local Housing Trust Fund); and affordable housing preservation (e.g., Community Land Trust) would greatly enhance these efforts.

RHNA Credit Allocation: State law requires cities and counties to meet housing production goals as defined by the Housing Elements Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA) or to face penalties. New state housing funding (e.g., Healthy Homes California, No Place Like Home) is geared to incentivize housing production and collaboration as the funds can be spent anywhere countywide. However, if the housing is built within city's boundaries – not the urban county unincorporated area – the city receives the full RHNA credit, while the county which put extensive effort into the development of the project, receives no direct RHNA credit. Monterey County is supportive of efforts to share RHNA credits in collaborative housing development.

Farmworker Housing: The 2018 Farmworker Housing Study and Action Plan for Salinas Valley and Pajaro Valley, prepared by the California Institute for Rural Studies, estimated that in 2016 the number of workers in the region employed in agriculture was 91,433, and stated that farmworker housing in the region is severely overcrowded. Based on the data, 45,560 additional units of farmworker housing are needed to alleviate critical overcrowding in farmworker households. Additionally, state funding programs and resources (e.g., Joe Serna, Jr. Farmworker Housing Grant Program) are needed to build affordable farmworker housing. Infrastructure funding opportunities are needed to ensure farmworker housing is built in locations that are close to communities and existing transit and other opportunities.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts and funding to increase the supply of affordable and accessible housing production to meet County needs, especially rental housing, and housing for special need populations, with a preference for infill projects. Support efforts to fund infrastructure (e.g., water, sewer) to support affordable housing development. Support the expansion of CEQA exemptions for affordable housing infill projects with infrastructure. Support policies which provide protections for affordable housing developers (e.g., litigation). Support increased in tax credits for affordable housing developers to help spur affordable housing production. Support funding for programs that help get people into affordable housing and avoid displacement or homelessness (e.g., Flexible Housing Subsidy Program). Support reform of housing element laws, and changes to eliminate or reduce school impact fees for employer sponsored housing projects. Support the development of tools that assist in affordable housing production (e.g., Local Housing Trust Fund); and affordable housing preservation (e.g., Community Land Trust). Support regional approaches to affordable development which allow cities/county to share in Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) credits. Support an appropriate balance between statewide goals for housing production and affordability while maintaining appropriate discretion for Counties in implementing these policies through locally driven plans.

WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

The Workforce Development Board coordinates and leverages local workforce strategies with education and economic development stakeholders to ensure that workforce development and job training

programs meet the needs of employers. Investments in workforce development create a comprehensive system to provide our community with a highly skilled workforce that competes in the local, regional, and global economy. Monterey County receives funding through the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) to manage programs to assist with local workforce investment needs.

Key Objectives:

Support funding through the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA), including expanded funding for a business-led Workforce Development Board governed and supported by local leaders. Support the America's Job Center of California's centers in Monterey County, which focus on the needs of job seekers and businesses to ensure workers have access to critical employment programs, services, and training opportunities. Support funding for personal financial management education services. Support funding for career pathways for existing local and potential new industries.

YOUTH EMPLOYMENT

Youth employment programs are nationally recognized for preventing youth violence and bringing hope and opportunity to communities. Such programs are highlighted as one of the five strategies in the Office for Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention's Comprehensive Gang Prevention Model. In Monterey County gang issues, violence and crime steal the futures of all too many young people. Providing local youths with employment opportunities goes a long way toward ending youth violence and criminal gang involvement, and is a priority for the County and its many city and community partners. A cradle to career initiative (Bright Futures) is developing connections across the County to support children, youth, and adults to attain their educational goals and find gainful local employment. Summer and year-round youth employment and leadership programs prepare youth for future self-sufficiency, prevent youth violence and crime, and support businesses and organizations.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts such as Bright Futures to improve access to high quality and affordable education, foster progress in educational outcomes for local students from cradle to career and improve the pipeline of quality talent in Monterey County. Support efforts to enhance funding for summer youth employment and training programs and expand funding for year-round programs to better prepare youth for future self-sufficiency and prevent youth violence and crime.

ADMINISTRATION

Efficient and Effective Government Operations

2020 CENSUS AND REDISTRICTING

The U.S. Constitution mandates that the federal government conduct a decennial census. Census data is used to determine federal funding levels to states for a variety of critical programs including health care, social services, transportation, public safety, and more. Based on 2010 Census data, California receives over \$76 billion dollars from the federal government for more than 70 programs. **Only 70%** of Monterey County's population completed the 2010 Census questionnaire, resulting in a significant undercount. Locally, an inadequate Census count in 2020 would greatly disadvantage the County's ability to serve vulnerable residents who rely on federal programs.

Monterey County has formed a Complete Count Committee (CCC) which includes a broad spectrum of government and community leaders from education, business, healthcare, and other community organizations. These trusted voices developed and implemented a 2020 Census awareness campaign

based upon their knowledge of the local community to encourage response and worked to ensure access to the online questionnaire is available in census tracts with the highest rates of Hard to County (HTC) populations in Monterey County.

[The National Urban League Litigation](#)

[2020 Census Operations began on March 12, 2020. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, in April 2020, the U.S. Census Bureau implemented a “COVID-19 plan” extending its operations to account for this delay. Census activities were temporarily suspended until June 1, 2020, and the window for field data collection and self-response was extended from July 31, 2020 to October 31, 2020, allowing for apportionment counts \(the numbers used for dividing up congressional seats among the states\) to be delivered to the President by April 30, 2021 instead of the statutory deadline of December 31, 2020. But on August 3, 2020, the Secretary of Commerce announced a new schedule under which the Bureau greatly compressed, as compared both to the original schedule and to the COVID-19 Plan, the time allocated to various stages for completing the census. The Census Bureau scheduled its field operations to end September 30, 2020 and its apportionment counts to be completed by December 31, 2020.](#)

[Leading a coalition of counties, cities \(including the City of Salinas\), advocacy organizations, and individuals, the National Urban League filed a federal lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California \(San Jose\) to challenge the Trump administration’s decision to abandon the U.S. Census Bureau’s COVID-19 plan and rush the data-collection and data-processing timelines for the 2020 Census. On September 24, 2020, the U.S. District Judge issued a preliminary injunction, preventing the Census Bureau from operating on the timeline it laid out in its rush plan. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals granted a partial stay of the preliminary injunction, under which the Census count had to continue until October 31, 2020. The federal government appealed these decisions to the Supreme Court. On October 13, 2020, the U.S. Supreme Court stayed the preliminary injunction in its entirety, thereby allowing the Census Bureau to cease its Census operations on October 16, 2020 at 2:59AM.](#)

[On November 13, 2020, the National Urban League and other plaintiffs appeared before the U.S. District Judge requesting that the court compel the Census Bureau to revert to its COVID-19 plan pushing back from December 31, 2020 to April 30, 2021, the deadline for turning in apportionment counts. The plaintiffs stated that the Census Bureau’s rush to finish the count in order to meet the shortened deadline violated its duties under the Constitution and forced census takers to cut corners, jeopardizing the accuracy of the count and leading to an undercount of Black, Latinx and Native American communities. The parties are headed for trial in early 2021.](#)

[Field Data Collection and Self-Response in Monterey County](#)

[The Census Bureau and California Complete Count Committee provide periodic updates on the Self-Response Rates \(SRR\). As of October 27, 2020, California has an SRR of 69.6% and Monterey County at 65.6% \(Final 2010 rate 64.4%\).](#)

Challenges in Obtaining an Accurate Census Count in Monterey County

[Hart to County \(HTC\) Communities:](#) County HTC communities are well-documented by the U.S. Census Bureau, with an estimated 35% of the population living in HTC neighborhoods comprised of populations historically missed in the census at disproportionately high rates (e.g., people of color, young children, immigrants, and renters). According to a recent report by the Public Policy Institute of California, Monterey County has the highest percentage of noncitizens of any California county, 21.7%. The U.S. Census Bureau is at a 40% national recruitment rate for Partnership Specialists, Recruitment Assistants and Enumerators. The limited bandwidth of Census personnel and need for enhanced coordination between local and federal efforts is being felt in Monterey County. The impact that an inadequate number of Census Bureau personnel and poor coordination between federal and local effort could be detrimental to certain census count operations such as group quarters and homeless populations.

Citizenship Question: The 2020 Census proposed inclusion of a question about citizenship. The County joined the State of New York and other government entities from around the country in litigation against the U.S. Department of Commerce and the U.S. Census Bureau regarding inclusion of the citizenship question. While the Supreme Court ruled that the U.S. Department of Commerce’s decision to add a citizenship question violated federal law, the threat of the question exacerbated fears of sharing personal information and filling out the Census, particularly among immigrants and people of color. While the citizenship question will not appear on the 2020 Census, the Complete Count Committee has learned through outreach activities that many in Monterey County are still uninformed of the Supreme Court ruling, fear and mistrust of the federal government remains at an all-time high. The Census Bureau’s 2020 Census Barriers, Attitudes and Motivators Study Survey Report revealed that nearly half of the study participants expressed concern about the confidentiality of their responses. Almost one quarter of participants were “extremely concerned” or “very concerned” that their responses would be used against them.

Digital Census: The federal government is relying more heavily of digital resources for the 2020 Census. This could create issues for rural households without, or with unreliable, internet connectivity. The U.S. Census Bureau will not provide Questionnaire Assistance Centers (QAC) or Questionnaire Assistance Kiosks (QAK) as they did for the 2010 Census. Monterey County will provide a minimum of 26 QACs/QAKs throughout the HTC census tracts to make the online survey more accessible.

Language Barriers: The online and telephone Census will be provided in English and 12 other languages, while the paper form will be in English and Spanish only. This creates a challenge in Monterey County where English, Spanish, Tagalog, Arabic, and indigenous languages from the Oaxacan region of Mexico are spoken – increasing the need to focus outreach efforts in linguistically and culturally relevant materials.

Data Security: While significant steps are taken to protect the privacy of data collected, doubt may remain among some participants about personal information being used for non-census related purposes or access by other agencies, such as law enforcement.

Apportionment and Redistricting: Under Article I, Section 2 of the Constitution, seats in the House of Representatives are apportioned among the states by population, as determined by the census conducted every ten years. The apportionment results ~~will~~were expected to be submitted to the President by December 31, 2020 and redistricting data ~~will be~~ submitted to the states by April 1, 2021. However, the COVID-19 pandemic and federal litigation have created uncertainty in the timeline for processing census data that will be used in the apportionment and redistricting process. The anticipated involvement and responsibilities of the County will be determined at that time but will include a redistricting process for County Supervisorial districts.

Key Objective:

Support legislative and administrative policies that ensure the accuracy and completeness of collected census data that reflects the total resident population in each state, including noncitizens. ~~Support additional funding to ensure a complete Census count. State funding for this effort of \$401,996 is insufficient. Without adequate distribution of funding for Census outreach and other activities, the County is at significant risk for an undercount of its population. Support increased resources for the U.S. Census Bureau to make certain there is adequate staffing specifically dedicated to Monterey County to ensure an accurate and complete Census count and improve coordination between local and federal efforts.~~

SOCIAL, HEALTH, AND RACIAL EQUITY

Monterey County supports policies and practices that promote equity and reduce disparities based on race, ethnicity, national origin, immigration status, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, disability, and socioeconomic status. Policies should address all forms of racism, particularly institutional

and structural racism, which have historically played a central role in creating and perpetuating persistent social and health inequities. Despite progress in addressing explicit discrimination in these policy areas, inequities continue across the nation. These inequities exist across all indicators for success, including education, criminal justice, jobs, housing, public infrastructure, and health, regardless of region. Identifying and addressing the root causes of these disparities is needed to understand the unintended consequences of policies, systems and institutional biases which may marginalize certain communities.

Monterey County has developed a Governing for Racial Equity Action Plan that will move a theory of change into action to achieve a collective vision of equity and drive institutional and structural change across County departments.

Key Objective:

Support efforts, policies and practices that eliminate disparities based on race, ethnicity, national origin, immigration status, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, disability, and socioeconomic status, to ensure equitable opportunities and better futures are available to all Monterey County residents. Support efforts to fund and implement proven Governing for Racial Equity practices across County departments.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FUNDING AND AUTHORITY

It is essential that the County work to protect and enhance local government revenues, maximize access to State and Federal funding sources and increase local funding flexibility. Local authority and control over revenues, governance, and service delivery – as well as protection against mandates that constrict the County’s ability to manage its own affairs is essential. Efforts must be supported which provide funding or reimbursement at the actual cost of doing business for County administered programs, projects and responsibilities and vigilantly oppose unfunded mandates and the imposition of unreasonable or unnecessary legislative or regulatory burdens that add costs or risks to operations.

Federal and State Aid: Monterey County receives funding from the Federal and State government to administer health, welfare, and public safety programs. The County also receives revenue from competitive grant programs. **Total Federal and State aid for Fiscal Year 2017-18 is estimated at 33%** of total financing. Social service and health programs rely heavily upon and are the largest recipients of this aid. However, funding to counties to deliver required services has not kept pace with costs.

Discretionary Revenues: The County’s primary discretionary revenue sources are property, sales, **commercial cannabis business taxes** and transient occupancy taxes. These revenues support most County services and basic functions (e.g., public safety, criminal justice, health, public assistance, land use, recreation, environment, administration).

Targeted Federal and State Advocacy: The County’s state and federal legislative advocacy efforts work to support or defend legislative, regulatory or budget actions that impact resource, operation, revenue or funding opportunities for County projects and programs. The Board of Supervisors has a Legislative Program and Strategic Grant Services Program to aid County departments in legislative efforts and priority project grant applications. These programs work in close collaboration to advocate for maximum state and federal program funding which translates into locally available funding opportunities. The County’s lobbyists and grant consultants are key to these efforts, working with state and federal agency staff to shape rulemakings and guidance for programs that impact County finances and operations.

Local Authority: The County must have adequate authority, operational flexibility, and resources to meet its role as an agent of the State and local service provider. The County supports efforts to ensure local discretionary control over governance issues and the delivery of services. The County opposes the transfer of programs from the State to counties unless program control and flexibility are also shifted, and adequate State funding is guaranteed.

Transparency: The County supports transparency in its operations and business decisions, open government, and freedom of information as it executes its responsibilities. The County believes that the transparency of public spending strengthens democracy, promotes fiscal responsibility, and bolsters public confidence.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to secure and enhance State and Federal revenues and funding for local government operations and programs; preserve the County's autonomy and local authority as the fiscal manager, administrator, and policy-making entity related to County funds; and to expand authority to generate voter approved revenues at the local level. Support efforts to increase transparency in the way the County conducts its business, modernize the governance structure of County divisions and agencies, and enter into strategic partnerships to improve the efficient delivery of government services. Support efforts to enhance and equitably distribute constitutionally guaranteed funds to counties for realigned public safety, health, and human services programs. Oppose administrative and regulatory burdens which unnecessarily add risks or costs to County business activities. Oppose federal efforts to eliminate or limit local taxing authority, the state and local tax deduction, the tax-exempt status of municipal bonds, and other tax policies that have the effect of reducing revenues for state and local governments.

HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

Health Equity and Wellness for Monterey County Residents

PUBLIC CHARGE DETERMINATIONS

In October 2018, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) proposed a new rule for ~~making~~ “public charge” determinations, making it harder for immigrants to enter the U.S. and to apply for a green card. Public charge is a concept under U.S. immigration law that refers to an immigrant who is likely to become primarily dependent on the government for subsistence. Immigration officials can deny applications for a visa or legal permanent resident status if they determine an individual is likely to become a public charge. Individuals deemed to be a public charge can be denied a visa or green card, which could lead to their falling out of legal immigration status and becoming deportable.

Under long-standing Federal policy ~~Currently~~, the only benefits that count towards the public charge test are cash assistance programs such as Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) and Supplemental Security Income (SSI), and long-term institutionalization at the government’s expense. The proposed rule would include: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (food stamps/CalFresh); Medicaid/Medi-Cal (other than emergency medical services and certain disability services provided by schools); Section 8 housing vouchers and Section 8 project-based rental assistance; subsidized housing assistance under the Housing Act of 1937; and Medicare Part D premium and cost sharing subsidies.

Consequences if the Proposed Rule Goes into Effect:

- It will increase the risk that vulnerable residents, especially children, will not have adequate access to medical care (i.e., Medi-Cal) and adequate food resources (i.e., CalFresh).
- Immigrant families may be forced to choose between using public benefit programs that help keep them stay healthy and remain stable but could jeopardize their immigration application or forgo vital services like preventive care and food assistance. The Fiscal Policy Institute estimates the public charge proposed rule would extend to 24 million people in the U.S., including 9 million children.
- In Monterey County, staff providing community benefits have reported customers requesting to have their benefits terminated or applications withdrawn specifically due to concerns with the proposed rule change. Customers are sharing heightened levels of fear and advisement from legal representation as reasons why they no longer desire to receive services such as Medi-Cal, CalFresh and CalWORKs.
- Monterey County residents receive approximately \$75 million in CalFresh benefits to supplement their nutrition budgets. A 10% reduction in enrollment for just this program could result in a \$7.5 million reduction in federal funds for Monterey County’s economy.
- Emergency services provided by the County would be impacted by an increase in uncompensated care because individuals will not want to apply for Medi-Cal. These individuals will likely wait until they are severely ill to seek treatment. Unfunded inpatient days could increase because patients cannot be discharged to outpatient care, dialysis or home health. The number of self-pay patients and bad debt will increase, putting an increased burden on hospital programs.
- Monterey County could experience an increase in communicable diseases such as tuberculosis, influenza, chicken pox and measles because residents will not seek treatment, vaccinations and/or immunizations.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to block the rule from going into effect. Oppose any changes or policies that add additional programs to the assessment for visa or green card applications or that make receiving qualified benefits

more difficult. Advance policies that strengthen, rather than undermine, health and nutrition programs that impact the healthy development of children.

PUBLIC HEALTH, HEALTH CARE COVERAGE, ACCESS & INTEGRATION

Through a 2018 community engagement process sponsored by the Board of Supervisors – which was conducted through phone, online and community forums – community members identified quality health and mental health services as some of their top priorities.

California counties play a critical role in serving those most in need through the provision of public health, communicable disease control, behavioral health, social services, and a strong public safety net health care system. Funding cuts during the great recession left significant underfunded infrastructure needs for public health and communicable disease control. Restoration of these funds in particular are needed for a comprehensive infectious disease control system in California to combat emerging and reemerging diseases.

Additionally, the reduction of health inequities is a critical need that can be accomplished through intentional systems change to improve the social determinants of health and increasing the proportion of county residents covered by health insurance. System changes include fostering the promotion of health and prevention strategies, developing multi-sector coalitions using collective impact to address complex issues, expanding health care coverage, and partnering health care delivery with public health. These efforts are an intentional move up-stream from the treatment of illness associated with communicable and chronic disease to advance a policy, systems and organizational change approach to address the underlying environmental factors and conditions that influence health and health behaviors.

Monterey County faces numerous health-related issues (e.g., childhood obesity, youth violence, and adult onset diabetes). The County has adopted a strategy of “Health in All Policies” as part of its efforts to eliminate social, racial, economic, and environmental inequities that impede the attainment and maintenance of good health, including health care access. The County supports a broad system-wide and public health prevention approach to reduce risk factors that exacerbate health inequities, maintain, and strengthen the County’s role in health care reform, and the health of the public safety net health care system.

The safety net health care system and access to it provides residents with opportunities for routine care. Those opportunities include comprehensive health care insurance coverage, continued support for those with pre-existing conditions, reimbursement mechanisms that cover the costs of providing health care, and support for [a twelve month extension of the Medi-Cal 2020 waiver](#), [and](#) the five-year renewal of California’s Section 1115 [new](#) Medicaid waiver.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts that reduce health inequities, improve health care access for all (e.g., Esperanza Care), promote primary public health prevention, fund interventions to prevent emerging and reemerging communicable diseases, and strengthen communities (e.g., social support networks, community design, clean energy, public transportation, access to education, employment practices, alternatives to incarceration, restorative justice, etc.). Support funding and policy changes to support population-based chronic disease prevention efforts such as the creation of funding of a State Wellness Trust with allocations to counties and other key partners to implement programs, policies, and strategies to prevent chronic illness.

Support efforts promote and fund health prevention efforts, address Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs), behavioral health, communicable and chronic disease, positively impact current and future health outcomes, promotes the integration of cognitive and physical health, mental health, behavioral health, and other types of preventive services and healthcare in unified service delivery models.

Support efforts to improve the design and care of built and natural environments to be culturally supportive of healthy living throughout the county. Support increased information and resources to empower community members to choose healthy eating, active living, and drug free lives.

Oppose efforts to repeal or diminish funding or services under the Affordable Care Act, or to limit the scope of the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). Oppose efforts that reduce funding for public health, shifts costs to local health departments, or create unfunded mandates. Oppose legislative and executive actions such as the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) proposed rule or Medicaid Fiscal Accountability Rule (MFAR) that could limit Medicaid supplementation payments and other financing arrangements which would limit the County's funding sources for federal government programs. Support efforts to stabilize and strengthen public safety net health care systems and pharmacy benefits. Support efforts to provide higher Medi-Cal and Medicare reimbursement levels for inpatient and outpatient services, and substance abuse disorders. Support expansion of coverage for low-income individuals, families and seniors through Medi-Cal and Medicare programs, regardless of legal status. Support the continued implementation of Medi-Cal 2020 and development of the new Medi-Cal Waiver for California and its public health care systems to lead the nation towards care for low-income and vulnerable patients that emphasizes preventative and patient-centered care in the right place at the right time.

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

Counties provide specialty mental health and substance use disorder services on behalf of the state through county-run mental health plans. The various and complicated funding streams that support behavioral health services include such sources as the 1991 and 2011 Realignments, the Mental Health Services Act, and new homeless funding. The Affordable Care Act has improved behavioral health service delivery, but additional funding and reforms are needed. The development of an integrated and comprehensive system of care that includes supports for behavioral health prevention and treatment programs will lead to reduced costs, improved equity for behavioral health care, enhanced patient outcomes, reduced mental health stigma, and reduced treatment delays and safety issues.

The County needs expanded mental health beds and program space in its adult detention and mental health facilities. Due to the limitations of the detention facility, mentally ill inmates are housed in a variety of locations which creates challenges and security issues. Funding is needed for the construction of dedicated mental health beds for adults and juveniles, individual and group mental health therapy and program space, safety cells, and in and out of custody offender programming needs. The County's only locked 5150 mental health facility is located at Natividad Hospital. There has been a significant increase in the demand for inpatient mental health beds. Funds are needed to expand beds and program space to better serve the adult and juvenile population, and to engage in behavioral health community outreach and education.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to enhance the comprehensive behavioral health system, including broader support to expand transitional and permanent housing for the homeless and disabled. Support local control over spending priorities for the Mental Health Services Act (MHSA)/Proposition 63 funds, inclusive of the innovation component for funds. Support efforts to prohibit the funds currently allocated to counties from being re-directed by the State for other purposes. Support efforts to require coverage and increase reimbursements for mental health and substance use disorder services; give counties flexibility to blend mental health, alcohol and drug treatment funds and direct funds to areas of greatest need; and increase availability of services to the uninsured. Support efforts to secure funding to construct mental health beds and program space for residents of all ages.

PUBLIC GUARDIANS, ADMINISTRATORS AND CONSERVATORS

Public Administrators, Public Guardians and Public Conservators act under the authority of the California Supreme Court but are solely a County function and mostly funded with County General Funds and some fees collected through the conservatee's estate. These funding sources have not kept pace with the increasing demand for services and there has been a rise in interest in conservatorships as vehicles to help manage criminally involved and homeless populations.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts that would provide adequate and sustainable funding for public guardians, conservators, and administrators to ensure quality safety-net services including securing and safeguarding financial assets for all who qualify. Oppose additional duties, mandates, and requirements for public guardians without the provision of adequate funding to carry out these services. Support efforts to enhance placement capacity for public guardians, as California severely lacks safe and secure housing for the majority of residents under conservatorship.

Support efforts to create a suitable designation for persons with traumatic brain injury or dementia, or co-occurring mental illness and dementia; and extend Medi-Cal Managed Care or private insurance coverage to provide appropriate coverage, placement, and treatment options for these individuals.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND PREVENTION POLICIES: CANNABIS AND TOBACCO

Legalization of recreational cannabis may exacerbate existing health disparities such as low birth weight, poor mental health outcomes, or lower high school graduation rates for children and youth. Increased cannabis use may lead to cannabis dependency and attendant health and social harms. While tobacco use has declined in Monterey County for the past few decades, lung cancer is the number one cause of cancer deaths, the use of electronic smoking devices and other smokeless tobacco products has been on the rise, and smoking rates among youth are increasing. The proliferation of tobacco product categories, flavored products, and the evolution in tobacco marketing appear to be fueling teens switching from traditional cigarettes to a new generation of tobacco products. And the use of electronic smoking devices is linked with cannabis as well as tobacco. In a 2016 National Youth Tobacco Survey, 9% of students surveyed said they had used an e-cigarette device with marijuana, THC (tetrahydrocannabinol) or hash oil or THC wax.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts that increase funding for cannabis and tobacco education programs and to study the impacts of cannabis use and legalization on public health. Oppose efforts to exempt electronic nicotine delivery systems, such as e-cigarettes, from tobacco control laws and regulations. Support legislation regulating the sales and marketing of smokeless tobacco products, restrict sale of flavored nicotine-containing products, and establish a minimum price or minimum package size for all tobacco products.

EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT

Through a 2018 community engagement process sponsored by the Board of Supervisors – which was conducted through phone, online and community forums – community members identified early learning and preschool programs as some of their top priorities.

There are a total of 47,545 children ages 5 and under in Monterey County, accounting for 7.4% of the population. Using measures that supplement federal poverty data (e.g., cost of living), Monterey County (combined with San Benito County) has the highest child poverty rate in the state, at 31%, with 25.5% of children being food insecure. Monterey County has one of the highest rates of children living in overcrowded housing in the state, at 36.3%.

Research clearly shows that for children to thrive they need good health and quality early learning experiences that unfold within strong family environments. Without early intervention children for whom these statistics are a reality are likely to experience adverse consequences into adulthood - resulting in higher health care costs, a poorly educated workforce, and lifelong dependence on public assistance. Targeted interventions to improve conditions during early childhood offer a greater return on investment than interventions later in life. With a strong investment in early childhood development, all children will be able to contribute to the local economy through increased human productivity.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to ensure that parents and primary caregivers are well-informed and capable of supporting their children physically, emotionally, mentally, intellectually, and financially (e.g., preschool for all, increase opportunities and access to culturally relevant, trauma informed care, education, and services, along with timely and appropriate information to support families). Support efforts to strengthen families' equitable access to quality early childhood services that meet a variety of family needs (e.g., early childhood workforce development, improved access to quality and developmentally appropriate early care, increase number of quality childcare providers, improved reimbursement rates for licensed childcare providers) with an emphasis on families with children ages birth-three. Support efforts to ensure children are physically, mentally, socially, and emotionally healthy (e.g., increased availability and equitable access to social determinants of health: healthy food, affordable housing, trauma and special needs services, minimize harmful environmental health risk factors, child friendly work places). Support efforts to ensure that the early childhood development system is comprehensive, cohesive, and navigable (e.g., increase coordination, collection and sharing of data and best practices, increase coordination of whole family services and support for children and families, increased early childhood investments, immigration reform that benefits children and families, quality infrastructure development or improvement). Support efforts to increase funding for early childhood development systems, programs, and First 5 Monterey County.

Bright Beginnings Early Childhood Development Initiative: Framework & Strategy Priorities

- ☆ An equitable system that supports all children and families.
- ☆ Families surrounded by support: implement an integrated, holistic, family-centered support system of screening, care coordination referrals and services; scale up home visiting programs for families with young children; expand paid family leave, protect and support breastfeeding, and implement other family-friendly business practices
- ☆ Empowered and Resilient Families: improve support for parent's and caregiver's mental health; expand access to parent-child play groups.
- ☆ Caregivers support children's growth and learning: embed parenting and child development supports in health and other public services; establish capacity support for family, friend and neighbor caregivers; scale up effective parenting programs.
- ☆ Transform early care and education systems to increase access and improve quality.
- ☆ Design coherent public policies that will improve the lives of children and families.
- ☆ Cross-cutting strategies: generate sustainable funding for early childhood services; engage families with young children in shaping local and regional policies, budgets and services; capacity development and awareness raising.

PROMOTE CHILD WELL-BEING AND PREVENTION OF CHILD ABUSE

Monterey County continues to pride itself in having a strong child welfare system that invests substantial local discretionary funds into child abuse prevention and early intervention programs. The County has one of the lowest foster care entry rates in the state, further reflecting our prevention efforts. With the statewide implementation of Continuum of Care Reform (CCR) the County is putting an ever-increasing emphasis on keeping children with kin whenever possible, to include a formal foster care setting. This includes doing an extensive search for family and supporting kin caregivers as formal resource families. Monterey County continues to struggle with challenging community demographics ranging from

overcrowded and unstable housing to co-occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders, along with youth and family violence.

In 2016, the Monterey County Department of Social Services began a community dialogue to develop a Roadmap to Child Well-Being. The dialogue is being facilitated by the American Public Human Services Association (APHSA) with the support of the staff to the National Commission to Eliminate Child Abuse and Neglect Fatalities, and includes national, state and local stakeholders. In 2018, the formalized work was complete and next steps were outlined by the team. This has included a comprehensive review and update of our local mandated reporter training, collaborating to bring forth evidence-based Nurse Family partnership with the Health Department, and work on providing more grass root supports for the community by those in the community.

Key Objectives:

Support policies that expand funding for child abuse prevention services to meet collaborative next-steps outlined through the work with APHSA. For children and youth who enter foster care, locate kin to be trained and supported as caregivers along with recruiting and preserving Community Resource Families (formally known as foster families). Support policies to improve the integration of data among youth serving agencies, including child welfare, public assistance, behavioral health, physical health, education, and public safety. Support funding to assist with housing for children, families and emancipating foster youth. Support funding for social work workforce development and education programs. Support funding to sustain and expand primary prevention efforts such as the Nurse Family Partnership and relative support programs. Support the gathering of community through Child and Family Teams as best practice to get the individual needs of the family met. Support funding and programs for parenting education, domestic violence prevention, and child care training for family, friends and neighbors who provide unlicensed care. Support resources to expand life skill training for pre-teens and teens. Support staff and community coaching around the Child Welfare Core Practice Model to best serve those who are in need of services. Support funding for the recruitment foster parents for probation foster youth and children-family teams.

SUSTAIN AND STRENGTHEN SAFETY NET AND EMPLOYMENT SUPPORT RESOURCES

Safety net services are a critical element of community well-being that help struggling [families and individuals](#)~~households~~ survive and thrive. According to the 2016 American Community Survey 16% of all Monterey County residents have incomes below the federal poverty level (FPL) and 24% of children live in poverty. When the high cost of living in Monterey County is taken into consideration – the effective poverty rate climbs. The FPL represents a bare minimum threshold. A better standard is the self-sufficiency standard budget which considers average costs for various household budget items (housing, food, childcare, etc.). Using this standard, 59% of households with children in Monterey County have annual incomes below the self-sufficiency standard.

Key Objectives:

Support funding for basic assistance to [individuals](#)~~households~~ who work in lower wage jobs, are underemployed or are unemployed through CalFresh and the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), [CalWORKs Employment and Training Services](#), the Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) program, child care programs, Community Action programs and the CalWORKs/Temporary Assistance to Needy Family (TANF) programs. [Support efforts that ensure a living wage for all Monterey County residents.](#) Support funding for programs that help prevent homelessness and rapidly secure housing (HUD Homeless Assistance, CalWORKs Housing Support). Support improvements to the TANF program to modify work participation requirements to better match individual family needs and local economic circumstances, [the need for wrap around services for families struggling through crises](#), and to recognize additional costs to communities as a result of ongoing funding stagnation [and high unemployment caused by job loss due](#)

[to the COVID-19 pandemic](#). Support expansion of wage subsidy programs for households served by both CalFresh/SNAP and CalWORKs/TANF, [and CalWORKs Employment Training Services](#) – these programs have proven to be effective local resources for promoting self-sufficiency and establishing a positive work history.

ASSURE SAFE & LEGAL SHELTER FOR ALL

Through a 2018 community engagement process sponsored by the Board of Supervisors – which was conducted through phone, online and community forums – community members identified affordable housing, displacement prevention, and services for homeless individuals and families as some of their top priorities.

California’s poverty and homeless rates remain among the highest in the nation, affecting all Californians including children, adults, veterans, seniors, and families. The deepening homelessness crisis [not only](#) takes a toll on those who live without ~~adequate~~[appropriate](#) shelter ~~or~~[and](#) housing, ~~as well as~~[but it also diminishes](#) the community as a whole.

The Governor and Administration have invested and proposed additional significant resources to address homelessness and homelessness prevention, [including resources for local governments to house the homeless population during the COVID-19 pandemic](#). The Governor’s Council of Regional Homeless Advisors created a Comprehensive Crisis Response Strategy that outlines proposed next steps to further California’s homeless related public policy goals aimed at: dramatically reducing street homelessness; breaking down barriers to accessing mental health and substance abuse services; reducing the cost and increasing the supply of housing options; and preventing people from becoming homeless. [In addition to focusing on implementing and funding these next steps, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic](#) ~~the Governor has proposed an investment of \$750 million in state funds to help housing and service providers bring more affordable housing units to fruition, provide rent and operating subsidies, and support board and care facilities. And Legislature created Project Roomkey. The goal of this program is to provide non-congregate shelter options for people experiencing homelessness, to protect human life, and minimize strain on the health care system.~~

The 2019 Monterey County Homeless Point-In-Time Census and Survey identified 2,422 homeless individuals, 76% of which were unsheltered. According to the California Department of Education, 9.6% of K-12 students met the broader definition of homeless used by education. This staggering figure is matched by data from the American Community Survey which states that 39.8% of children live in crowded housing. The McKinney-Vento Act, which provides states with funding for the education of homeless students, defines homeless children and youth as those who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence. Under this definition, Monterey County’s student homeless population is approximately 9,900. Rapid response to the unsheltered homeless and public encampments is necessary, as are midterm strategies such as establishing low-barrier transitional housing and bridge communities. The long-term goal is to provide safe, healthy, accessible, affordable housing for all.

Key Objectives:

Support the fair and equitable calculation and distribution of State and Federal funds to counties to provide services to all homeless populations. Support the proposed goals of the Governor’s Council of Regional Homeless Advisors aimed at: reducing homelessness; increasing access to mental health and substance abuse services; reducing the cost and increasing the supply of housing options; and homeless prevention. [Support resources for local government to house the at-risk homeless population during the COVID-19 pandemic](#). Support efforts to provide on-going funding to support services and operations that would utilize the new facility and maintain high quality services that assist homeless individuals and families navigate the continuum of care. Strengthen “by right” permitting or CEQA streamlining for safe parking programs. Support efforts that address the homelessness issue in all California communities,

ensuring that counties, as the social services providers, are at the forefront of all solutions addressing homelessness. Support efforts to expand housing subsidies to prevent loss of housing and provide long-term assistance to sustain housing. Support efforts that encourage and facilitate the production of housing that is attainable to households at or below 30% of average median income. Support innovative approaches to increase affordable housing availability (e.g., rent control, facilitating construction of accessory dwelling units). Support additional resources for local shelter, transitional, and permanent supportive housing programs. Support efforts to prevent homelessness and to assist the current homeless population with coordinated services, health services, health access, and other health supports. Support an increase in student homeless funding under the McKinney-Vento Act.

STRENGTHEN RESOURCES FOR SENIORS AND PEOPLE LIVING WITH DISABILITY

Long-term services and supports help all individuals ~~challenged by age, illness, and disability to~~ live successfully while maintaining dignity and independence in their homes and communities ~~through end-of-life care~~. Years of funding erosion has taken a toll on service capacity and strains the ability of local agencies to provide ~~financial~~ fiscal, health and social supports to older adults ~~seniors~~, people with disabilities, and caregivers. It is increasingly difficult for the Aging and Disability Services Network to maintain existing safety net services. Reports to Adult Protective Services continue to increase, and Demand for services is rising as families struggle to support and care for older relatives. The number of older adults who struggle to make ends meet, face food insecurities, and homelessness continues to ~~is~~ increasing. Out of pocket medical expenses, lack of sufficient assets, dramatically rising housing costs ~~forcing an increasing number of older adults into homelessness~~, and fixed budgets are major causes of economic insecurity. Without additional resources to address these growing needs, local communities are unprepared to adequately respond to the needs of this growing population. The population of people who are 60 years old or older is growing – 16% of County population in 2014 and projected ~~at to be~~ 24% by 2030. The Federal Poverty Level (FPL) for these seniors is 8.2% (2015). ~~However the Elder Economic Security Standard Index (Elder Index) which accounts for cost of living differences and more accurately estimates the County's senior poverty rate at 27.6% (2011) - ,three times the~~ number captured by the FPL.

Key Objectives:

Support funding for programs and services ~~which improve that promote~~ the living conditions ability of older adults and people with disabilities to live ~~successfully, safely and~~ with dignity ~~and independence, and safety at home, in an environment of their choice~~ where they can eat well, stay healthy, and avoid unnecessary and costly institutional ~~long-term~~ care. Key legislation supporting these efforts (e.g., are the Elder Justice Act, Older Americans Act, and the Older Californians Act. Such legislation provides funding for food programs, legal services, caregiver and family supports, and ombudsman initiatives. County programs requiring additional support include Adult Protective Services, In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS), Public Authority, SSI Advocacy, and the newly formed Aging and Disability Resources Connection (ADRC). The ADRC model is one that combines the efforts of the aging and disability networks to create a streamlined, "no wrong door" approach to the provision of person-centered resources. and housing support programs for seniors and people living with disability, and transportation programs).

Support funding ~~for coordinating efforts to support clients, families and caregivers, to minimize~~ health care costs at end of life, ~~and options for avoid~~ spending ~~one's last months end of life~~ in ~~a non-hospital institutional settings and. Support efforts to~~ create livable communities for all ages. Support ~~efforts funding to ensure an adequate number of social workers are available to meet the needs of the growing number of older adults and people with disabilities in our community. provide sustaining wages to IHSS workers while maximizing state funding contributions to the program. Support initiatives developed for the Master Plan on Aging (December 2020). Support efforts to enable all County agencies,~~

[services, and facilities to offer access and options tailored to the needs of this growing County demographic.](#)

HONOR OUR VETERANS

Monterey County is home to more than 178,000 veterans and an estimated 25,000 spouses and dependents whom the Monterey County Military & Veterans Affairs Office (MVAO) is in place to assist in obtaining a variety of state and federal benefits. MVAO provides free-of-charge assistance in filing claims with the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) for the benefits they have earned by their service in defense of our nation, and information and referral to other federal, state and local programs. Currently only 35.27% of Monterey County veterans are accessing VA Compensation and Pension Benefits.

Veterans and members of the military have made tremendous sacrifices, and some have paid the ultimate sacrifice for the protection of our country and the well-being of people facing tragedy and injustice around the world. Expanded local resources are needed for veterans and their families to assist in successful reintegration into civilian life (e.g., family reintegration, employment, housing, education, child care, and services to address a multitude of disabilities including post-traumatic stress and traumatic brain injury).

To this end, the County supports improved access to U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) benefits and service expansion (e.g., dental); the Veterans Drop-In Center (VetCenter); Major General Gouley VA-DoD Outpatient Clinic; Veterans Stand Down events and other outreach efforts; expansion of Veterans' Treatment Courts and Veterans' Justice Outreach programs. The County also supports increased funding for County Veterans Service Officers (CVSOs) and increased access for CVSOs to VA Veteran Benefits Management Systems (VBMS), which will aid in developing and monitoring various claims and appeals submitted on behalf of veterans, surviving spouses and eligible dependents resulting in better, timelier services to claimants.

The County supports efforts to obtain increased County Subvention Program funding from the California Department of Veterans Affairs (CalVet). This program funds a group of programs mandated by the Legislature to reimburse counties for a portion of the costs of "presenting and pursuing any claim the veteran may have against the VA and in establishing the veteran's right to any privilege, preference, care, or compensation provided for by the laws of the United States or of this state" (Military & Veterans Code 971).

The County supports efforts to establish a Veterans Memorial Building to serve as an anchor and testament of gratitude to the Veterans of Monterey County. The building would serve as a central meeting place for veteran organizations (e.g., Veterans for Foreign Wars, American Legion, The Retired Enlisted Association, [Military Officers Association of America](#), etc.). Additionally, the building could house the County's Military and Veterans Affairs Office. The County supports efforts to obtain [continued](#) state funding to maintain the Central Coast Veterans Cemetery at the former Fort Ord and [continued further development with regard to](#) ~~establish~~ in-ground burial; and to establish a State Veterans Home in Monterey County.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to improve and expand veterans' access to U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) and California Department of Veterans Affairs (CalVet) benefits. Support local assistance outreach efforts to discharging military members, reservist and National Guard members, veterans, surviving spouses and eligible dependents. Support increased subvention funding from CalVet. Support the growth and sustainability of the Central Coast Veterans Cemetery at the former Fort Ord. Support efforts to establish and maintain a Veterans Memorial Building. Support efforts to establish a CalVet Veterans Home, independent living, intermediate nursing care, memory care, residential care or skilled nursing care facilities. Support efforts to strengthen and expand the missions of military institutions in Monterey

County (i.e., Monterey Bay Defense Alliance), and oppose Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) or other proposals which aim to close or reduce programs or missions and have negative impacts on the County.

INFRASTRUCTURE

Meeting our Facilities, Water, Technology and Transportation Needs

RESILIENT AND SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES

[Monterey County is experiencing the negative consequences of climate change with increasing regularity; catastrophic wildfire and flooding, prolonged drought, and sea level rise are the new normal.](#) Monterey County is planning for long term resiliency and sustainability of County infrastructure to support our communities, the economy, natural resources, clean air quality, and transportation options. The County supports the development of renewable energy generation and energy efficiency efforts to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, mitigate the impacts of climate change, and increase energy security throughout the region. The County supports policies and programs that increase clean commute opportunities and vehicle trip reduction that increase walking and biking mobility and safety for all users, promote traffic calming, promote mass transit, and improve regional transportation demand management. The County supports the development and expansion of electric vehicle deployment and charging infrastructure, vehicle to grid technology, and stationary battery storage. The County is working on several complete street and active transportation projects that provide access for all users regardless of age, ability, or transportation mode through development of bicycle infrastructure, pedestrian amenities, and public transit systems and facilities. The County supports actions that prioritize the preservation and restoration of our [climate and natural](#) environment to help ensure the long-term health, social well-being, and economic vitality of the communities we serve while improving the quality of life for all.

Key objectives:

Support efforts that advance policies to [reverse and](#) plan for the impacts of climate change while building resilient and sustainable communities (e.g., energy, water, and resource efficiency; clean energy; pollution control and toxics reduction; and climate protection). Support efforts to increase California's waste management infrastructure, ensure the County's ability to comply with recycling and waste management goals, and support the development of domestic market solutions. Support efforts [by the County's Sustainability Program](#) ~~outlined in the Go Green! Monterey County Work Plan~~ to promote resources conservation, climate adaptation, and pollution reduction including but not limited to evaluating energy alternatives (e.g., solar) for County facilities. Support housing, transportation, land-use, and community development policies and projects that create diverse neighborhoods, promote healthy and greener lifestyles, [develop green jobs](#), and protect local and global ecosystems. Support efforts to protect, conserve, and maintain healthy coastal and ocean ecosystems and the thriving economy it supports in the County. Support efforts to act as stewards and provide sustainable management of the County's ocean and coastal resources in the areas of: sustainable fisheries and aquaculture; sea-level rise adaptation and coastal resilience; coastal sediment management; marine pollution; and marine renewable energy. Support policies that bring environmental justice to all, and keep our citizens safe from the physical, economic, and the health effects of environmental degradation, while creating pathways to economic prosperity and strong local economies. [Support redundancy and resiliency in County facilities and enable facilities to act as Community Hubs in a disaster, emergency, or utility disruption.](#)

TRANSPORTATION

The transportation infrastructure is the backbone of all economic activity and is in vital need of funding for capital, maintenance, safety, and operations of local roads, bridges, pedestrian/bike facilities, transit, and rail. Transportation systems should meet industry and societal needs, provide users choices, be integrated with planned land use, be compatible with the environment by considering air quality, noise pollution, aesthetics, ecological factors, cost benefit analyses, and energy consumption measures.

Monterey County owns and operates a significant portion of the local transportation infrastructure and supports funding to local governments for system preservation, capacity improvement, and safety needs - using regional partnerships and collaborations on system planning and investment. The County's transportation infrastructure has many needs including pavement maintenance, adequate facilities for pedestrian/bike travel, transit, and rail services, and for improvements such as shoulder additions, adding vehicle lanes to roadways, repair/replacement of aging bridges, and other safety improvements.

Maintenance Improvements: The County maintains 1,200+ road miles and 175 bridges. Even with the addition of Measure X and SB 1, additional funding is needed to provide an acceptable maintenance program. Deferred road maintenance results in rapid deterioration and compromise of roadway structural integrity and exponentially increases repair costs. The current maintenance backlog is over \$750 million for roads, \$300 million for bridges, and \$500 million in road appurtenances and growing.

Capacity Improvements: Traffic congestion and inadequate roadway capacity can negatively impact the local economy through impacts to tourism, agricultural product delivery to market, and increased unproductive travel time. Efforts to increase capacity and/or movement should be supported (e.g., State Route 156, Blackie Road extension, Davis Road widening and bridge, ~~+~~ or public transportation options) to increase road safety and capacity to accommodate user needs.

Safety Improvements: Roadway safety is a top priority, and improvement efforts should be evaluated for the overall benefits provided. Recently the County was part of a public-private partnership to construct a roundabout at Holman Highway. Roundabouts have certain advantages over signalized intersections, such as safety, air quality and reduced maintenance costs of signals. The County has developed a multi-year program/cycle to maintain roadway striping and signage. In addition, the County is working with fire fuel reduction programs to help manage/reduce vegetation along roadways. Current statute states posted speed can only be enforced by radar if established by a speed survey. Recognizing that speeds are a contributing factor to the severity of collisions, the County supports legislation to reduce fatalities by modifying the Engineering & Traffic Survey (E&TS) study process that focuses on traffic safety for all modes of transportation, with attention to enforcement of speed limits.

Rail Expansion: Expansion of rail service to Monterey County provides many benefits, including: improved access and connections for local, regional, and interregional travel; decreased highway congestion; enhanced goods movement; and environmentally sound transportation serving a variety of travel markets and transportation needs. Rail expansion also promotes mixed-use, transit-oriented development, affordable housing, livable and walkable communities, and economic growth around rail stations.

Active Transportation & Safe Routes to Schools: Active Transportation and Safe Routes to Schools programs promote safe and convenient opportunities for physically active travel for daily trips to and from work and schools – and addresses health, physical activity, and traffic safety issues while tackling air pollution and climate change. Investment also focuses on infrastructure to increase the comfort of the on-road experience (e.g., for cycling) to improve the appeal of active modes to all people.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to develop and fund the capital, maintenance, safety, capacity, and operation of County transportation infrastructure: local roads, bridges, pedestrian facilities, bike facilities and trails, transit (e.g., Marina-Salinas Multimodal Corridor), and expanded public transit and rail access (e.g., Salinas Rail Extension, Coast Daylight, and Monterey Branch Line projects). Support efforts to increase funding for Active Transportation and Safe Routes to School projects. Support efforts to streamline the regulatory

process to repair and maintain public infrastructure, which reduces costs. Support proactive efforts to streamline permitting and reduce fees (e.g., take permits) for multiple pre-and post-storm maintenance activities, to allow for timely response while protecting the environment.

WATER RESOURCES SUSTAINABILITY

The Monterey County Water Resources Agency (WRA) manages, protects, stores, and conserves water resources in Monterey County for all beneficial uses, while minimizing damage from flooding to create a safe and sustainable water supply for present and future generations. WRA operates Nacimiento and San Antonio Reservoirs for flood management and water supply (groundwater recharge) purposes, and also leases land around the reservoirs to the County for park use that can benefit from sustained water levels. Additionally, WRA operates a distribution system that delivers roughly 23,000 acre-feet of river, well, and recycled water to approximately 12,000 acres of agricultural land in the northern Salinas Valley.

An estimated 95% of all water used in Monterey County is derived from groundwater wells. With nearly ~~210~~350,000 acres of land under cultivation in the Salinas Valley, agricultural pumping averages 495,000 acre-feet per year. Combined with urban and other uses, total water pumped in an average year from the Salinas Valley is about 520,000 acre-feet. Assuring that there are sufficient quantities of good quality groundwater is the most important aspect of managing water resources in Monterey County today. Major water resource management issues in the County include the preservation of water rights, protection of existing and the development of new surface and groundwater supplies for agricultural and municipal users (particularly disadvantaged communities), combating water quality issues (e.g., seawater intrusion, chromium, nitrate, and arsenic contamination), and enhancing flood protection and threatened and endangered species habitat especially along the Salinas, Carmel, and Pajaro Rivers.

The Monterey County Water Resources Agency, acting as the County's Flood Control Authority, works to ensure continued protection from flooding and to protect natural resources. The County supports efforts to increase funding for restoration projects, and the development of adaptive strategies to climate change and sea level rise. Regulatory complexities continue to hinder the effective and timely delivery of flood control projects. The multiple and redundant approval processes and long timeframes often delay delivery of projects, including environmental clearance and mitigation, design approval, right of way certification, and project financing. To this end, the County supports efforts to streamline regulatory burdens while advocating for funding support to adequate staffing at the local, state, and federal regulatory agencies.

Monterey County is also a member of the Salinas Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (SVBGSA) which was established in 2017 under California's Sustainable Groundwater Management Act. The SVBGSA is tasked with the ambitious goal of developing a comprehensive groundwater sustainability plan by 2020 and implementing the plan to achieve basin sustainability by 2040.

PRESERVE AND ENHANCE WATER SUPPLY

The sustainability of Monterey County's water resources depends on minimizing threats to supplies, ~~and~~ enhancing existing or developing new resources, and fostering a regional approach to water supply solutions. County residents and businesses rely upon multiple sources of water (groundwater, surface water, recycled water, and desalinated water), but ~~are~~is most dependent on groundwater. The County is completely dependent upon local water sources and derives no help or benefit from the State or Federal water projects. The main challenges which the County faces related to supply are contamination due to seawater intrusion or contaminants; environmental requirements from regulatory agencies/ environmentally challenging issues; development of additional supplies; and the preservation of County water rights. A top priority of the County is the preservation of a surface water permit the Monterey County Water Resources Agency holds on the Salinas River basin, Permit #11043, which would authorize the diversion of up to 135,000 acre-feet of water per year for projects intended to halt seawater intrusion into the groundwater basin, as well as provide flood control.

[Integrated Regional Water Management \(IRWM\) is a collaborative effort to plan and implement water management solutions on a regional basis. The County participates in IRWM planning as a way to take a regional approach to finding solutions that will improve water quality and supply reliability to support and meet the community's public health, agricultural, industrial and environmental water goals and needs. Regional water solutions are an efficient model for water supply and management planning. Continued regional water efforts will assist the County in providing a path forward to address many of the water challenges facing our communities.](#)

The Monterey County Health Department Environmental Health Bureau regulates 1,296 water systems with 2-199 connections through inspection, monitoring and consultation. Drinking water contamination is a widespread problem, as is adequate source capacity for many residents especially in disadvantaged communities. Primary drinking water standards for nitrates, arsenic, or fluoride in 235 of these systems exceeds primary drinking water standards and requires the use of bottled water as an interim emergency measure.

Resolving a contaminated water system is costly and residents and communities often lack the economic means to do so. Typical solutions include consolidation with a water system that meets standards, drilling a new well, or installing treatment. Consolidation is preferred, but many systems are not adjacent to other water systems with adequate supply, capacity, quality, or willingness to consolidate - or the cost of the necessary infrastructure is a barrier. A solution could be to drill a new well, but sufficient groundwater may not be available or may be contaminated. Treatment is an option, but treatment maintenance is costly and time consuming and generates waste products that may present challenges for proper disposal.

Despite the history of proactive water policies at the state level, Monterey County residents still face formidable water challenges. Disadvantaged communities disproportionately bear the health and financial impacts of contaminated water or inadequate access to safe water.

[Human Right to Water:](#) In late-2018, Monterey County became the first county in the nation to recognize the human right to safe and clean drinking water. The County adopted a resolution that requires County departments to consider this right when implementing policies and regulations pertinent to the uses of water for human consumption, cooking and sanitary purposes.

Potential Projects to Preserve and Enhance Water Supply

- ***Interlake Tunnel:*** A tunnel to connect existing facilities at San Antonio and Nacimiento Reservoirs to increase water storage capacity and achieve environmental and water conservation release efficiencies. The project needs additional funding ~~for fish screens to prevent the movement of invasive fish species. The project~~ [and](#) may require legislative or regulatory actions for completion.
- ***San Antonio and Nacimiento Dam/Spillway Rehabilitation/Replacement:*** The Department of Water Resources, Division of Safety of Dams (DSOD), has inspected the San Antonio and Nacimiento dams/spillways. The Oroville Dam spillway failure caused increased scrutiny by DSOD on [regulated facilities](#) ~~spillway—chutes~~ and will likely result in major rehabilitation or replacement of [appurtenances](#) ~~facilities~~ at San Antonio and Nacimiento.
- ***Salinas Valley Water Project, Phase II:*** This project would use the water allocated by Permit #11043. The project configuration is under development, but it could consist of two distinct pipelines pinpointing water deliveries to specific areas of the Salinas Valley to augment water supplies and combat seawater intrusion.
- ***Expansion of Existing Recycled Water Project:*** This project builds upon the success of existing recycled water usage near the coast in the Salinas Valley by expanding infrastructure to additional acreage.

- ***Destruction of Abandoned Wells:*** With the implementation of a recycled water source, wells that are in seawater intruded areas need to be destroyed so the well casings do not become conduits for seawater to move from upper to lower aquifers.
- ***Monterey Peninsula Water Supply Project:*** A project to construct a desalination plant to provide water to the Monterey Peninsula. Sizing of the desalination plant will be determined by the implementation of the Pure Water Monterey (PWM) project.
- ***Safety and Security of Water Supply Facilities:*** Projects to ensure adequate security for key dam facilities and structures against credible threats and appropriate protective measures including surveillance, site access restriction and failure warning systems.
- ***~~Pure Water Monterey (PWM) Project:~~*** ~~The PWM project would create a reliable source of water supply for northern Monterey County. The project would provide purified water for recharge of the Seaside Groundwater Basin, and recycled water to augment the existing Castroville Seawater Intrusion Project's (CSIP) agricultural irrigation supply.~~

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to provide adequate funds for efforts aimed at agricultural water supply/sustainability, safe drinking water for all County residents, especially those in disadvantaged communities, local regulation and support for ~~of~~ large and small drinking water systems and domestic wells – especially those that do not meet drinking water standards, and sufficient funding for the California Drinking Water Program. Support efforts to secure legislative, funding and regulatory approvals to advance Monterey County water supply projects, and to protect and preserve Permit #11043 water rights.

PROTECT WATER RESOURCES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

The sustainability of the County's water resources depends on protection from natural disasters and environmental hazards and threats. Monterey County has three major river systems, the Salinas, Carmel and Pajaro that are prone to flooding. In 1995, all three river systems flooded causing over 11,000 evacuations, damaging 1,500 homes and 150 businesses, and creating millions of dollars in economic damage throughout the region both in terms of agricultural production and impact to tourism. Each river has unique characteristics that make flood management complicated, especially with the need to protect species listed as threatened or endangered. On the flip side, California recently experienced a historic drought, which threatened the security of local water supplies, highlighting the need for the development of drought contingency plans and additional water sources. In the area of stormwater, the County must comply with state and federal stormwater regulations which require monitoring and abatement of stormwater entering the Monterey and Carmel Bays, which have been designated as Areas of Special Biological Significance (ASBS).

Challenges associated with protecting water resources and the environment often relate to the unpredictability and severity of uncontrollable events such as droughts or floods. Another major challenge is the lack of funding available, both locally and at the State, for appropriate resource planning and management. Currently, State funding for water related projects is tied to compliance with various State programs. To enhance funding opportunities, the County is participating in the California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM) program.

Potential Projects to Protect Water Resources and the Environment

- ***Salinas River Management Program and Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP):*** This program provides a more holistic approach to river management which incorporates watershed management principles, water delivery scenarios, and maintenance of the water course, providing increased flood and habitat protection.

- **Salinas River Stream Maintenance Program, Phase II:** This project is an expansion of the highly successful Phase I demonstration project developed by The Nature Conservancy, to provide overdue maintenance on the remaining sections of the Salinas River channel.
- **Salinas River Lagoon and Old Salinas River: Project to reduce flooding, enhance steelhead migration and promote environmental and habitat protection.**
- **Lower Carmel River & Lagoon:** Multiple projects which aim to protect infrastructure, reduce flooding, and promote environmental and habitat protection.
 - Carmel River Floodplain Restoration and Environmental Enhancement (CRFREE) Project
 - Scenic Road Protection Structure Project / Carmel Lagoon Ecosystem Protective Barrier
 - County Service Area 50 (CSA-50-1) Flood and Drainage Improvement Projects
- **Pajaro River Flood Risk Management Project:** Structural improvements to the lower Pajaro River, Salsipuedes and Corralitos Creeks to reduce flood risk in Watsonville and Pajaro - developed by the U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers in partnership with Monterey and Santa Cruz Counties.
- **Aquatic Invasive Species: Quagga and Zebra Mussel Prevention Program:** Vessel inspection and education program aimed at preventing an infestation of Lake Nacimiento and Lake San Antonio from aquatic invasive species (e.g., Quagga or Zebra mussels). Funding for the development and ongoing operation of a statewide vessel tracking database is important in this infestation prevention effort.

Key Objectives:

Support legislative and funding efforts and necessary regulatory approvals to advance Monterey County projects that protect water resources and the environment. Support efforts to provide for appropriate planning efforts (e.g., Salinas River Management Program HCP, Groundwater Sustainability). Support regional wastewater collection and recycling efforts; and the disposition of County sanitation districts to public utility purveyors.

PUBLIC SAFETY

Creating Safe Communities

VIOLENCE PREVENTION AND REDUCTION

Through a 2018 community engagement process sponsored by the Board of Supervisors – which was conducted through phone, online and community forums – community members identified crime and violence prevention and reduction as some of their top priorities.

Monterey County recognizes the devastating societal impacts of gang violence – not only on the victims of gang-related crimes, but also the lives of gang members and their families, and has identified gang violence prevention and reduction as a top priority. The County is committed to working with law enforcement, allied agencies, municipalities, and community-based organizations to prevent and reduce violence, especially gang violence, and promote healthy and safe communities.

County Violence Prevention and Reduction Initiatives: Monterey County has a full array of County-led initiatives designed to prevent and reduce gang violence utilizing a public health approach to address its underlying causes – including prevention, intervention, enforcement, and reentry initiatives (e.g., Building Safe and Thriving Communities Action Plan; Silver Star Resource Center; Striving to Reduce Youth Violence Everywhere (STRYVE); and Truancy Abatement). Monterey County hosts an annual Youth Violence Prevention and Intervention Conference (My Life Story) geared towards youth-serving organizations and hosts youth, adult and parent panelists who share of their lived experience as a result of being impacted

by gangs, violence and system involvement. Each of these areas would benefit greatly from additional federal and state support.

County Collaborative Efforts: The County is also involved in other countywide collaborative efforts such as the Community Alliance for Safety and Peace (CASP) in Salinas, Four Cities for Peace (4C4P) in South Monterey County, Seaside Youth Violence Prevention Task Force, Building Healthy Communities in East Salinas, the North Monterey County Community Alliance in Castroville, Impact Monterey County, Moms Demand Action Be SMART Monterey County Chapter, and the California Cities Violence Prevention Network.

Federal Assistance for Public Safety: Monterey County's federal advocacy program related to violence prevention is focused on supporting U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) programs that provide critical support to county courts and corrections, juvenile justice, and law enforcement agencies. These programs include, but are not limited to, the Byrne/Justice Assistance Grant Program, which helps counties across nation test emerging and evidence-based approaches to the public safety challenges facing their jurisdictions, and the State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP), which reimburses counties for costs associated with the incarceration of undocumented immigrants. These DOJ programs provide critical support to the County's efforts to safely lower jail populations, fight recidivism and combat drug trafficking while providing treatment and alternatives to incarceration.

Gun Violence: Monterey County residents are adversely impacted by gun violence that results in an average of fifty deaths every year, half of whom are youth homicide victims aged 10-24 years old, and over a hundred life threatening gunshot injuries that require trauma-level hospital care. The County is committed to supporting efforts to close gaps in the current patchwork of regulation, including those gaps that enable felons, people convicted of domestic violence, children, those found to be a danger to themselves or others, and other prohibited persons to access firearms and ammunition, and those that allow the trafficking of illegal guns.

Key Objectives:

Support federal and state efforts to fund violence prevention and reduction efforts and local law enforcement programs designed to reduce violence, especially gang violence; support a public health approach for violence prevention and community-wide collaborative efforts, including school-based violence prevention efforts; support continued participation in the California Cities Violence Prevention Network. Support efforts that increase supports for community promotion of peace and equity. Support efforts that promote community programs that prevent childhood trauma and intergenerational violence, such as parenting education programs. Support efforts to enhance data-sharing between County departments and local jurisdictions. Support federal efforts to adopt stricter controls governing the sale, transfer, possession, manufacturing, and distribution of all firearms, dangerous weapons, and ammunition; support repeal of the Dickey Amendment, which prevents public health research into the causes and consequences of gun violence by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PREVENTION

The effects of violence in the family environment, particularly on children as victims or witnesses, both short and long-term, are well documented by research. The existing efforts to provide services to children of parents on probation for domestic violence have been on-going for years through several County operated and supported programs. The Child Advocate Program (CAP) operated by the Probation Department is funded by a First 5 grant and serves children age 0 – 5 and their families. Mental health and emergency safe house shelter services to victims of domestic violence are coordinated by the District Attorney's Office Victim Witness Program in partnership with County Behavioral Health and community-

based organizations. Due to the number of domestic violence cases, the need to identify and intervene as soon as possible, focus a wider age range, additional resources are required to manage and limit the negative impact of domestic violence on children, victims, and the community at large. An expansion of CAP, mental health services and support of emergency and transitional shelters would assist in addressing these unmet needs.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts aimed at reducing multi-generational violence, including in the family and home environment, mitigating the long-term effects of violence-induced trauma, and promoting efforts and services to stabilize families, increase their self-sufficiency, and provide a healthy environment for child development.

POST-SENTENCE RELIEF AND REINTEGRATION TO REDUCE RECIDIVISM

Monterey County provides attorney services to assist persons convicted of crimes with reintegration back into our community, including services to persons seeking to obtain post-conviction dismissals of their cases under Penal Code section 1203.4, charge and sentence reductions under Proposition 47, certificates of rehabilitation, and gubernatorial pardons. These services greatly expand the social and financial opportunities of people who may have received a criminal conviction and correspondingly decrease the probability they may reoffend. Due to the large volume of people seeking this assistance, the County would benefit greatly from additional federal and state support.

~~The California Money Bail Reform Act was signed into law in August 2018. This new law changes the current money bail system to a risk-based system. It would have become effective October 1, 2019, but there is a referendum pending and which delays implementation until after the 2020 election. The County is supportive of bail reform to address the current socio-economic inequities but requires state funding to implement the risk analysis activities which are required if the new law goes into effect.~~

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to reduce reliance on incarceration without compromising public safety (e.g., bail reform efforts that address current socioeconomic inequities). Support efforts to ensure that counties have the funding necessary for planning, pre-trial assessments and supervision should the **Bail Reform Act become effective.**

ACCESS TO JUSTICE

Increasing access to justice by providing the community with adequate and accessible court facilities is a priority for Monterey County. ~~The 2018-19 State Budget included funding for the top ten Judicial Branch Courthouse Construction Program projects and directed the Judicial Council to re-evaluate and re-rank all projects in the Construction Program. The Judicial Council's original project ranking list included the New South Monterey County Courthouse (Greenfield Courthouse) project, as number 24 out of 27. The project was one of ten on the "indefinitely delayed" list due to a lack of State funding, but the project scope and cost estimate that the original ranking was based on had changed significantly.~~

~~This project is an important priority for the County, as our community members face extreme access-to-justice issues, with the next closest courthouse located on the other side of our large county boundaries. For residents of South Monterey County that could mean a 1.5 hour drive each way (3 hours total) to the Courthouse in Monterey that handles all civil and family law cases, including obtaining temporary restraining orders. Additionally, the population of the area is anticipated to grow by 16,000—20,000 new residents in the next 10 years.~~

The City of Greenfield and County of Monterey, in collaboration with the Courts, worked diligently to locally fund a portion of ~~the project locally~~ a courthouse in Greenfield that has been proposed for construction for over ten years. Locally the County and City worked to lower the overall project cost, and position the project for timely construction. The City dedicated land for the project and reduced the estimated project cost from \$49 million, to \$33 million by tightening the scope of the project. Additionally, the City has committed funding up to \$10 million toward the project. Once full funding is secured, the project is positioned to begin construction quickly and is shovel ready. In November 2019, the Judicial Council updated the Courthouse Construction Program project priority list for new courthouse construction projects statewide and adjusted the scoring process and criteria used to create the list. Under the new methodology the Greenfield Courthouse project moved down the list to number 45 or 80 total projects.

This project is an important long-term priority for the County, as our community members face extreme access-to-justice issues, with the next closest courthouse located on the other side of our large county boundaries. For residents of South Monterey County that could mean a 1.5 hour drive each way (3 hours total) to the Courthouse in Monterey that handles all civil and family law cases, including obtaining temporary restraining orders. Additionally, the population of the area is anticipated to grow by 16,000 – 20,000 new residents in the next 10 years.

Given the State's current fiscal constraints there is not an immediate opportunity for funding this project; however as the economy recovers, the Legislature will have the opportunity to revisit funding for court construction project that will enhance access to justice. review the process and scoring methodology, and either approve or suggest next steps or changes.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to authorize and secure funding to establish the Greenfield Courthouse. Support legislative efforts to examine the Judicial Council's methodology and ranking of court facility projects.

OFFENDERS WITH MENTAL HEALTH CONDITIONS

Many defendants in the criminal justice system suffer from mental health conditions. Currently, there is no distinction between mental health condition offenders and the general population. Monterey County supports funding and programs designed to divert mental health condition offenders by connecting them with treatment as opposed to incarceration. Monterey County supports funding and programs designed to safely house offenders when necessary to do so and provide acute care to address underlying mental health concerns that manifest in criminal violations. Monterey County supports collaborative efforts between state and local mental health practitioners and corrections officials to host ~~j~~ail ~~-b~~Based restoration to competency Treatment (JBCT) programs ~~(JBCTs)~~ and other measures to increase capacity for incompetent to stand trial (IST) treatment in local jails. In 2020, the County entered into a contract with the California Department of State Hospitals and began operating a JBCT Program in the Monterey County Jail. The County's JBCT is a regional model and serves inmates from Monterey, San Benito and Santa Cruz Counties.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to fund programs that assist the County in addressing the needs of offenders with mental health conditions.

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS, RESPONSE AND RECOVERY

Monterey County is vulnerable to a wide range of natural and manmade hazards that threaten the life and safety of residents and visitors, and has the potential to damage or destroy both public and private

property and disrupt the local economy and overall quality of life. Monterey County has experienced several major disaster events, and is concerned that the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) may reduce disaster related reimbursement funding and/or change the manner in which disaster events quality for reimbursement.

Additionally, the COVID-19 pandemic and projections for more frequent and severe extreme weather events demonstrate the need to ensure the County is prepared and has a coordinated system in place to respond to disasters while maintaining continuity of operations. Regional planning must take place to develop technology and communication systems that are functional in a mutual aid response situation. Funding is needed to support needed technologies for operation continuity such as alternate 9-1-1 dispatch centers, next generation 9-1-1, and enhancement of existing communications and information management systems by leveraging cloud-based technology.

Enhancing communication with respect to public safety is paramount to assisting in emergencies. This includes radio communication, Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD), interoperability with neighboring agencies, and the coordination of various data points that are used to manage the Internet of Things (IoT). Next Generation 9-1-1 ([NG911](#)) technology is currently being implemented throughout the state. This process will take time and there may be additional funding and support required as technology changes along with public demands and expectations. One milestone of NG911 that will be accomplished effective January 1, 2021 is all 9-1-1 Centers in California will accept text to 9-1-1. Monterey County began accepting text to 9-1-1 in 2017.

The COVID19 pandemic has identified new needs to increase social distancing between staff in the Emergency Communications Center. Also, it has become necessary to consider web-based emergency communications systems that can be accessed remotely to ensure continuity of emergency coordination from the 9-1-1 center.

Additionally, as the threat of wildfires has increased so has the County's need arisen to focus on fire fuel management measures and the ability to respond to Community Power Resiliency (formerly Public Safety Power Shut-off (PSPS)) events – which have significant impacts on our community and local economy, often leaving large segments of the population without power for days at a time.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts that assist the County with disaster prevention, preparedness, response, mitigation, and recovery; medical and health disaster planning; coordination, response and mitigation including infrastructure and emergency response personnel, homeland security needs, and communications service expansion and interoperability. Support efforts to fund FEMA and oppose changes that would reduce or make it more difficult for counties to qualify for FEMA reimbursements. Support efforts to provide financial assistance to local governments and private property owners to efficiently repair homes, businesses, infrastructure and the natural environment after disaster events. Advocate for additional funding for emergency operations planning, exercises to validate the planning process, trainings, and equipment; seek funding for emergency planning specifically addressing the safety of seniors and those with disabilities; and increase access to funding for local jurisdictions for disaster-related damages. Support efforts to fund wildfire prevention efforts (e.g., fuel management) and to provide adequate resources to local governments and communication to sensitive populations to mitigate the impacts of investor owned utilities power shut off events.

Support funding for programs that assist the County with broad based Emergency Management, (response, mitigation, prevention and recovery), emergency, disaster, and homeland security preparedness, including efforts at achieving communications interoperability. Support collaborative

efforts to maintain and increase public safety, prevent and reduce the frequency, severity, and impact of fire and other natural or man caused disasters.

Support funding for expanded dispatch and web-based communication systems to allow the Emergency Communications Department to operate from multiple locations in case of disaster, pandemic, or other unforeseen circumstances.

FIRE INSURANCE

An estimated 10 million Californians live in wildland-urban interface areas, leaving them especially vulnerable to the spread of wildfire. It's estimated that over 11,000 residences in Monterey County are in high or extreme fire risk zones.

California has encountered unprecedented wildfire activity over the past decade. The last major fire in Monterey County was the 2016 Soberanes Fire which over 82 days burned 57 homes, 11 outbuildings, and consumed 132,000 acres along the Big Sur coast.

As a result of the record claims paid out in recent years, insurers that operate in the state have been reevaluating their exposure in fire hazard areas. Insurance rates have been raised dramatically in certain areas and insurers are increasingly declining to write new policies and refusing to renew insurance even for longtime customers.

In August 2019, the California Insurance Commissioner released data showing that from 2015 to 2018, insurance companies dropped more than 340,000 customers across the state. Monterey County residents account for approximately 6,000 of the total. The inability to obtain insurance can create a domino effect for the local economy, affecting home sales and property taxes.

In December 2019, the California Insurance Commissioner issued a mandatory 1-year moratorium on insurance companies non-renewing policyholders within certain zip codes, however the moratorium did not include any zip codes in Monterey County.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts that provide incentives to insurance companies and reasonable and timely solutions for homeowners, renters and businesses to keep insurers writing policies in high wildfire risk areas. Support efforts that help homeowners, renters and businesses with home hardening and creation of defensible space. Support efforts to have the insurance industry reevaluate fire risk models.

COUNTY CONTROL OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

In 1980, the EMS Act empowered counties to establish local EMS agencies (LEMSAs) to develop and implement EMS systems. LEMSAs oversee and coordinate a systems approach to the delivery of EMS services by both public and private providers, hospitals, and tertiary resources. Any attempts to limit the authority or move control of local EMS systems from the counties would cause significant disruption to the coordinated care that is provided in EMS systems.

Key Objectives:

Support efforts to maintain the authority and governing role of counties and their local emergency medical services agencies to plan, implement, and evaluate all aspects and components of the emergency medical services system. Support efforts to maintain the administration and medical control of emergency medical services, pre-hospital emergency medical care, and ambulance services at the county level.



Monterey County

Board Report

Legistar File Number: 20-1064

Item No.

Board of Supervisors
Chambers
168 W. Alisal St., 1st Floor
Salinas, CA 93901

December 17, 2020

Introduced: 12/14/2020

Version: 1

Current Status: Agenda Ready

Matter Type: General Agenda Item

Presenter: Annette D'Adamo

8. Receive report and provide direction on the development of the 2021 Strategic Grant Services Program.

MEMORANDUM



COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE INTERGOVERNMENTAL & LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION

December 17, 2020

TO: Legislative Committee
FROM: Annette D'Adamo, Legislative Coordinator (MAIII)
RECO: Receive a report and provide direction on the development of the 2021 Strategic Grant Services Program

Background

The Strategic Grants Service Program assists in funding efforts on the County's highest priority project needs and projects which require a high-level collaboration among County departments and/or community partners. The Program works to support the Board's Strategic Initiatives in close collaboration with the Board's Legislative Program to advocate for maximum funding for state and federal programs which translate into local grant funding opportunities.

Working with County departments, the Program coordinates, facilitates and provides strategic expertise from the identification of a grant funding opportunity for a high priority project, through application submittal and award. Priority projects must align with the Board's Strategic Initiatives and Legislative Program goals and meet all grant requirements to submit a strong and competitive application.

Program Guidance and Administration

The Program has a limited workload capacity which is directed by the Board of Supervisors through an annually adopted Work Plan. Following Work Plan adoption, the Board's Legislative Committee provides routine Program guidance and direction. The County Administrative Office – Intergovernmental & Legislative Affairs (CAO-IGLA) Division administers the Program, which receives expert advice from the County's grant consultants at Nossaman LLP.

2021 Work Plan

The draft 2021 Work Plan was developed in a consultation and collaboration with the County departments. It identifies priority projects and potential grant programs the County will likely focus on in 2021. Due to the fluctuating nature of grant funding availability and County project modifications, this Work Plan is considered a "living document" that will be updated throughout the year as necessary.

Grant Program and Priority Project	Lead County Department
TBD project to help meet SB 1383 food waste recovery goal of 20% <i>CalRecycle Food Waste Prevention and Rescue Grant Program</i>	Sustainability Program
Carmel River Flood Reduction and Environmental Enhancement Project <i>Construction Funding</i>	Public Works, Facilities & Parks
Carmel Lagoon Adaptive Management – Scenic Road Protective Structure, Ecosystem Protective Barrier, Sandbar Management Plan <i>Planning and Construction Funding</i>	Public Works, Facilities & Parks
San Lucas Water Supply Replacement <i>Consultation Drinking Water State Revolving Fund</i>	Public Works, Facilities & Parks
Road, Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure Improvements <i>Caltrans Active Transportation Program (ATP)</i>	Public Works, Facilities & Parks
Habitat Management in County Parks <i>State Parks: Habitat Conservation Fund</i>	Public Works, Facilities & Parks
San Lorenzo Park and Lake San Antonio <i>Proposition 68: Statewide Parks Program</i>	Public Works, Facilities & Parks
De Anza Trail Implementation <i>TBD</i>	Public Works, Facilities & Parks
Playground Safety Compliance <i>TBD</i>	Public Works, Facilities & Parks
Interlake Tunnel & Fish Screens <i>California Department of Fish and Wildlife I-Bank</i>	Water Resources Agency
San Antonio and Nacimiento Dam and Spillway Improvements and Security <i>TBD</i>	Water Resources Agency
Salinas River Management Program and Habitat Conservation Plan <i>TBD</i>	Water Resources Agency

2021 Grant Needs Inventory

The comprehensive Grant Needs Inventory has been updated to provide an all-inclusive listing of County projects which require a source of grant funding. The Grant Needs Inventory guides the research of the Strategic Grant Program staff and the County's grant consultant on funding opportunities.

Policies Governing Program Activities

The Policies Governing Program Activities outlines the roles of the Board of Supervisors, CAO-IGLA staff, the County's grant consultants, and County departments in the execution of the Program. Staff will review the policies and bring any proposed changes to the Legislative Committee for approval at the January 2021 meeting.

The policies can be found in the Board Policy Manual:

[G-230 Strategic Grant Services Program - Policies Governing Program Activities](#)

Next Steps

Staff is continuing to meet with County departments to identify possible grants which will be worked on in 2021. Any updates to the draft program will be presented to the Legislative Committee at the January 11, 2021 meeting for recommendation to the Board for approval at their January 26, 2021 meeting.

Attachment

- DRAFT 2021 Strategic Grant Services Program (redline version)

MONTEREY COUNTY

STRATEGIC GRANT SERVICES PROGRAM



DRAFT - 2021

Adopted by the Board of Supervisors [x/xx/21](#)

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STRATEGIC GRANT SERVICES PROGRAM

The Board of Supervisors created the Strategic Grants Service Program to concentrate funding efforts on the County's highest priority project needs, and projects which require a high-level collaboration among County departments and community partners. The Program works to support the Board's Strategic Initiatives (Economic Development, Administration, Health and Human Services, and Public Safety), and in close collaboration with the Board's Legislative Program to advocate for maximum funding for state and federal programs which translate into local grant funding opportunities.

Purpose:

In close collaboration with County departments, the Strategic Grant Services Program coordinates, facilitates and provides strategic expertise from the identification of a grant funding opportunity for a high priority project, through application submittal and award. Priority projects must align with the Board's Strategic Initiatives and Legislative Program goals and meet all grant requirements to submit a strong and competitive application.

Typical Activities:

The level of service provided for each application is dependent upon the needs of the department, complexity of the application, level of coordination required, available department expertise and resources, and Program capacity. To facilitate priority project grant applications, Program staff engages in a number of activities such as:

- Continuously updates the Grant Needs Inventory;
- Conducts research to identify and analyze grant opportunities to meet priority needs;
- Notifies departments of funding opportunities;
- Conducts initial consultations with County departments and grantor agencies to determine project eligibility and competitiveness;
- Partners with County departments on the application process, including the development of an agreement outlining roles, responsibilities and timeline for application development and submittal;
- Partners with outside organizations on projects critical to the County (e.g. partner with the Transportation Agency for Monterey County on road, rail, and transit projects);
- Provides strategic expertise throughout the application development process aimed at putting forth a complete, compelling, and competitive application;
- Offers strategic advice related to framing the application in a way that minimizes administrative resources required for post-award grant management;
- Provides strategic advice during the development of the grant application package – including project narrative, scope, schedule, budget, and exhibits;
- Provides and coordinates internal review of the draft application, including review with the grantor agency if allowable;
- Aids with post-application adjustments as requested by the grantor agency;
- Monitors grant award announcements;
- Announces grant awards in partnership with the lead department.

Program Guidance and Administration:

The Program has a limited workload capacity which is directed by the Board of Supervisors through an annually adopted Work Plan. Following Work Plan adoption, the Board's Legislative Committee provides routine Program guidance and direction. The County Administrative Office – Intergovernmental & Legislative Affairs (CAO-IGLA) Division administers the Program, which receives expert advice from the County's grant consultants at Nossaman LLP.

Policies Governing Program Activities:

The CAO-IGLA Division executes the Strategic Grant Services Program with the assistance of the County's grant consultants at Nossaman LLP, and with a high level of collaboration with County departments. The Policies Governing Program Activities outlines the roles of the Board of Supervisors, CAO-IGLA staff, the County's grant consultants, and County departments in the execution of the Program. These policies can be found in the Board Policy Manual:

G-230 Strategic Grant Services Program - Policies Governing Program Activities

2021 Work Plan:

A result of close collaboration with County departments, the Work Plan strategically identifies priority projects and funding sources to guide Program efforts over a 12-month period. The Work Plan is designed to be flexible to adjust to the County's changing priorities and leaves approximately 20% of Program capacity unallocated in order to take advantage of new or unanticipated funding opportunities. The Work Plan presents a timeline of grant applications which the Program will assist departments with in calendar year 2021.

2021 Grant Needs Inventory:

In coordination with the Board of Supervisors and department heads a comprehensive Grant Needs Inventory has been compiled, organized by Board Strategic Initiative, to provide an all-inclusive listing of County projects which require a source of grant funding. The Grant Needs Inventory guides the research of the Strategic Grant Program staff and the County's grant consultant on funding opportunities.

PROGRAM CONTACTS

COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE – INTERGOVERNMENTAL & LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION	
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NOSSAMAN LLP · GRANT CONSULTANTS	
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STRATEGIC GRANT SERVICES PROGRAM 2021 WORK PLAN

This Work Plan was developed in a consultation and collaboration with the County departments. It identifies priority projects and potential grant programs the County will likely focus on in 2021. Due to the fluctuating nature of grant funding availability and County project modifications, this Work Plan is considered a “living document” that will be updated throughout the year.

Grant Program and Priority Project	Lead County Department
Economic Development	
Cannabis Equity Grant Program Governor's Office of Business & Economic Development (GO-Biz)	CAO – Cannabis Program
Infrastructure	
<u>TBD project to help meet SB 1383 food waste recovery goal of 20%</u> <u>CalRecycle Food Waste Prevention and Rescue Grant Program</u>	<u>Sustainability Program</u>
Carmel River Flood Reduction and Environmental Enhancement Project <i>Construction Funding</i>	<u>Public Works, Facilities & Parks</u> RMA
Carmel Lagoon Adaptive Management – Scenic Road Protective Structure, Ecosystem Protective Barrier, Sandbar Management Plan <i>Planning and Construction Funding</i>	<u>Public Works, Facilities & Parks</u> RMA
San Lucas Water Supply Replacement <i>Consultation Drinking Water State Revolving Fund</i>	<u>Public Works, Facilities & Parks</u> RMA
Road, Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure Improvements <i>Caltrans</i> <i>Active Transportation Program (ATP)</i>	<u>Public Works, Facilities & Parks</u> RMA
<u>Habitat Management in County Parks</u> <u>State Parks: Habitat Conservation Fund</u>	<u>Public Works, Facilities & Parks</u>
<u>San Lorenzo Park and Lake San Antonio</u> <u>Proposition 68: Statewide Parks Program</u>	<u>Public Works, Facilities & Parks</u>
<u>De Anza Trail Implementation</u> <i>TBD</i>	<u>Public Works, Facilities & Parks</u>
<u>Playground Safety Compliance</u> <i>TBD</i>	<u>Public Works, Facilities & Parks</u>
Old Jail Disposition State Funding TBD	Public Works, Facilities & Parks
Interlake Tunnel & Fish Screens <u>California Department of Fish & Wildlife</u> I-Bank TBD	<u>Water Resources Agency</u>
San Antonio and Nacimiento Dam and Spillway Improvements <u>and Security</u> <i>TBD</i>	<u>Water Resources Agency</u>
Salinas River Management Program and Habitat Conservation Plan <i>TBD</i>	<u>Water Resources Agency</u>

**STRATEGIC GRANT SERVICES PROGRAM
2021 GRANT NEEDS INVENTORY**

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Economic Development		
Agricultural Commissioner	Fumigation Notification Pilot Project	Continuation of Fumigation Notification Pilot Project. currently funded by the California Department of Pesticide Regulation <u>ended 6/30/20</u> .
Agricultural Commissioner	Invasive Species and Invasive Weeds Management	Projects for pesticide enforcement and permitting , plant quarantine, export certification, invasive species detection and removal, nursery and seed inspection, and animal damage control management.
Agricultural Commissioner RMA	Fast-Charger	Purchase and installation of a fast charger for electric vehicles (EV) to make the existing EV fleet more functional for staff inspection routes since current charging system is too slow.
Agricultural Commissioner	Farmers Markets	Funding for farmers market programs.
Economic Development	Affordable Housing	Affordable housing for veterans, seniors, farm workers, disabled, mental health housing, etc.
<u>CAO</u> - Economic Development	Coastal Visitor Service Improvements	Improve visitor services in Coastal Areas in Monterey County including additional restrooms, improved and safety improvements for pull out areas along Hwy 1.
Administration		
Assessor-County Clerk-Recorder	Core Assessor Tasks	General funding to expedite assessment of property taxes and replace funding associated with the reduction of State assessor funding through the SCAPAP grant program.
Auditor-Controller	Grant Life Cycle Management and Tracking Software and Grant Audit Training	Grant management add-on module for the ERP system for Federal and State grant programs. Training for County grant writers on audit issues.
Civil Rights Office	Language Access Services	Improve services to Limited English Proficiency (LEP) persons, develop a staff interpreter training program, and expand County abilities in document translation and in-person interpretation, including indigenous languages.

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Civil Rights Office	Community Engagement for Underrepresented Communities	Increase organizational capacity to develop relationships with and solicit input from traditionally underrepresented communities.
Civil Rights Office	Equitable Access to Government for Persons with Different Abilities	Increase the County's capacity to accommodate individuals with disabilities using adaptive or assistive technologies to promote equitable access to County government.
Civil Rights Office	Conflict Management and Alternative Dispute Resolution	Improve the County's ability to conduct conflict management and/or alternative dispute resolution methods for our residents and workforce by developing a peer-to-peer conflict management program by training existing County staff to manage workforce and community disputes.
Civil Rights Office	Diversity, Equity , Inclusion, and Discrimination Education	Collaborate with local school districts to develop and provide an educational program for middle and high school students regarding the importance of diversity, equity and inclusion in society and the negative effects of discrimination.
Civil Rights Office	Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Discrimination Education	Support efforts to collaborate with the Probation Department to develop and provide educational programs for youth involved in the justice system regarding the importance of diversity, equity, and inclusion in society and the negative effects of discrimination.
Civil Rights Office	Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Discrimination Training Partnerships	Collaborate with local agencies and non-profits to develop and provide training in the area of implicit biases, cultural competency and cultural humility, and governing or providing services in an equitable manner.
Civil Rights Office	Equitable Access to Government	Support and improve the County's efforts to recruit and retain a workforce that demographically represents Monterey County residents to provide better government services.
Clerk of the Board	Historic Records Preservation	Preserve and digitize up to 5,000 Monterey County ordinances that are in hard copy only, dating back to 1853. Preserve documents, and scan into searchable database.
CAO-IGLA Complete Count Committee	2020 Census Complete Count: County Outreach	Funding is needed to carry out all necessary outreach, education, and complete count activities related to the 2020 Census. Needs related to redistricting process to be determined following Census completion.
Elections	Voting System Update	Continue to update voting technology to effectively manage elections and improve service to voters.

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Elections	Wayfinding Signage	Wayfinding signage to Government Center at Schilling Place from major streets and highways (artistic and traditional).
Elections	Voter Outreach and Education	Outreach and education of voters, redesign of voting informational materials and staff training.
Elections	Public Transit for Government Center—Schilling Place Campus	Public transportation is needed to and from the Government Center at Schilling Place to accommodate voters and staff.
Elections	Art/Historical Displays	Funding to support art (may double as wayfinding) and historical displays to support outreach and education efforts for voters.
Human Resources	Improved HR Systems	Feasibility study of alternative online HR hiring systems, expansion of hiring for diverse populations, innovative employment environments to attract a wider variety of employees, and development of anti-bullying policies.
Tax Collector	Tax and Collections Improvements	Improvement of property tax collection, fine/fee collections, banking, and investment services through software and staffing improvements.
Health and Human Services		
Child Support Services	Improved Outreach	Improved outreach to reach more single parents in need of child support.
Child Support Services	Improved Ability to Pay	Programs which improve the ability of parents under court order to pay child support such as employment training.
Health Social Services	Early Childhood Development	Programming for early childhood development and anti-bullying for pre-kindergarten and kindergarten students. Bright Beginnings Early Childhood Development Initiative priority strategies.
Health	Facility Expansion and Access Improvement	Expansion of existing facilities and construction of two clinics to better serve disadvantaged areas.
Health	Caring for the Uninsured	Programming to provide care for the uninsured.
Health	Animal Services	Expanded animal shelter and adoption services, paid volunteer coordinators, technology improvements, behavioral health/therapy animals.
Health	Public Guardian	Programming to assist adult conservatorship patients and help place them.
Health	Mental Health	Construction of Residential Placement facilities for Mentally Ill Youth.

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Health	Health Integration	Integration of Primary Care, Mental Health, and Substance Use Disorders.
Health	Transportation	Changes to built environment to promote active life styles.
Health	Community Engagement	Develop a community engagement program with specialist and generalist community health workers to engage with underrepresented communities.
Health	Data Sharing	Develop data sharing mechanisms across service providers in order to proactively support clients with social determinants of health needs.
Health	Healthy Lifestyles	Support leveraging of case management and health education/lifestyle change programs to improve community conditions.
Health	Violence Prevention	Teen dating and youth violence prevention strategies.
Health CAO	Crisis Response Team	Crisis response team to better respond to crimes affecting the community. Crisis support and debriefing, service referrals, and staffing.
Library	Book-Mobile	Book mobile to deliver books and programming to more low-income rural areas in the County.
Library	Archival Preservation	Scanning, storing, digitizing, and archiving materials of County historical and archival importance. Upgrade addition, expansion, and maintenance of appropriate physical storage locations for physical materials.
Library	Automated Service Points	Material vending machines, service kiosks, hold lockers, and other automated service delivery options installed in communities not near a branch library facility.
Library	Libraries As Disaster and Emergency Community Hubs	Infrastructure upgrade, equipment, and training for Branch Libraries and Library staff to serve as community hubs and service points in a disaster or emergency including utility disruption, natural disaster evacuation, information delivery points, and recovery centers.
Library	Library Facility Remodel and Modernization	Remodels, upgrades, and modernization of Library facilities including furniture, shelving, utilities, accessibility, flexibility, energy efficiency, and expansion.
Library	Books and Supplies	New books, supplies, and technology.

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Library	Educational Programming	Expand programming for science, technology, reading, English, art, and math (STREAM). Staff to run, coordinate and expand programming.
Military & Veterans Affairs	Outreach Events	Outreach events to benefit veterans and families .
Military & Veterans Affairs	Veteran Treatment Court Mentor Program Coordinator	Funding to enhance for a veteran's treatment court and the mentorship program coordinator .
Military & Veterans Affairs	Improved Veterans Services	Improve and expand health, mental health, homelessness, veterans' treatment court support, and benefit services for veterans and their families.
Natividad	Workforce Development: Nurse Education Support	Increase number of nurses with bachelor's degrees. Get Advance Cardio Life Support (ACLS) certification for all ICU, pharmacy, and cardiopulmonary staff. Improve training for all nurses, technicians, and doctors.
Natividad	Workforce Development: Family Medicine	Improve Family Medical Residency program. Improve training and equipment. Potentially expand program.
Natividad	Medical Facility Needs and Capital Improvements	Equipment upgrades and facility expansions at emergency department, imaging department, clinics, main hospital, and other medical facilities. Capital funding for new construction to expand these facilities.
Natividad	Level II Trauma Center Improvements	Programming to support NMC's Level II Trauma Center including trauma prevention outreach, education, impaired driver prevention education, bicycling and pedestrian safety, proper use of protective equipment, and distracted driving education.
Natividad	Violence Prevention	Expansion of hospital-linked violence prevention to serve victims of violent crimes, patients with gang-related injuries, and families.
Natividad	Behavioral Health, Psychiatric Crisis Services and Outreach Improvements	Improve behavioral health services including community outreach, family support, psychiatric emergency services, and provision of additional services to the jail population.
Natividad	Patient Communication and Education Improvements	Natividad needs methods to communicate effectively with patients with limited English proficiency to better communicate treatment related information. Needs include translators, a health information exchange, and innovative approaches such as video forms.

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Natividad	Insuring the Uninsured	Expand coverage of the uninsurable or uninsured.
Natividad	Building Clinics	Construct additional clinics to serve low-income and underserved areas, especially in Salinas.
Natividad	Midwifery	Funding to provide midwifery services to pregnant and birthing women.
Natividad	Family Centered Care	Funding to provide services after an inpatient stay or emergency room visit that assists patients with social needs, chaplain services, end of life assistance, transportation, medical care not covered by insurance.
Social Services	Aging & Adult Services	Funding for Adult Protective Services, In-Home Supportive Services, the Monterey County Aging and Disability Resource Connection , affordable housing and eviction protection resources, expand adult daycare, transportation, and build upon Area Agency on Aging programs.
Social Services	Children's Services	Expansion of a consistent and thorough mandated report training, expansion of prevention and family safety efforts. Expansion of intensive, individualized services for children, youth, and families, especially those of poverty and/or high risk. Building a families first prevention infrastructure and extending foster care eligibility redeterminations.
Social Services	Community Action Programs	Expansion of community needs driven non-profit services to achieve the overall goal of moving individuals and families out of poverty and into self-sufficiency.
Social Services Housing and Community Development	Housing and Homelessness Issues	Projects benefitting the homeless, disabled, long-term illness sufferers, and emancipating foster youth. Farm worker housing, rapid re-housing, supportive housing, permanent supportive housing, workforce housing, homeless shelters, safe parking programs, transitional housing, prevention programs and outreach services.
Social Services	CalWORKs	Expansion of the CalWORKs program to provide better opportunities to enter the workforce.
Infrastructure		
Agricultural Commissioner	South County Access (Greenfield, King City, San Ardo, San Lucas)	Construction of a new office and warehouse to provide the southern region of Monterey County with a modern, secure, full-service facility. The facility will provide expanded pesticide use

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
		compliance and enforcement, and plant protection services through increased capacity.
Information Technology	Server Energy Efficiency	Server energy efficiency assessment to identify how to reduce electricity usage rates.
Information Technology	NGEN Public Safety Radio	Funding needed for NGEN microwave backhaul upgrade , tower maintenance and NGEN system upgrades to improve public safety communication and broadcast to constituents , and interoperability.
Information Technology, Health, Social Services, Public Safety	Data Exchange for Whole Person Care, Data Warehouse	Infrastructure for data warehouse or data exchange to provide a technology platform to track individuals throughout the County's various health, social and public safety services—and to improve service delivery and accessibility to technology.
Information Technology, OES, Dept. Head GIS Subcommittee	Countywide Mapping and Geographic Information Systems Data Updates	LiDAR data updates needed for the entirety of Monterey County, the southern reservoirs, and an area around the County's boundary. Data capture, data processing, infrastructure to host and serve up data, and overhead costs.
Information Technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Library 911 Economic Development Health Social Services 	Broadband	Infrastructure to build out broadband and access to technology to address the County's digital divide especially in unserved and underserved areas . Big Sur, Pajaro, Castroville, King City, and South County.
Resource Conservation District	Land Valuation	Conduct an evaluation and study of the value of the various land and natural resources in the County.
Sustainability Program Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Decarbonization of County facilities	Upgrades to building infrastructure and HVAC systems, energy efficiency projects, renewable energy generation and asset management software.
Sustainability Program Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Net Zero Facilities Energy Plan	Funding for a fellow or organization to create a net zero facilities energy plan.
Sustainability Program Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Charging Stations or Electric Vehicles for County Fleet and Employees	Installation or hardware for Electric Vehicle charging stations and electric vehicles

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Sustainability Program	Civic Spark Fellow	Graduate level fellowship to work on Climate Action Plan
Sustainability Program	Equity index Tool	Funding to assess climate action and environmental justice through an equity index tool, funding for the CBOs to attend Climate Action engagements
Sustainability Program RCD	Healthy Soils Grants and Carbon Farm Plans	Funding for the development of incentives and tools to sequester carbon in the soils on farms and ranches in the County
Sustainability Program RCD	On Farm Compost Program	Funding for the development of on-farm composting programs to reduce the burden of organic wastes on farms and assist in carbon sequestration activities.
Sustainability Program Public Works, Facilities, and Parks	Electrification Rebate Program	Rebates for retrofits or new construction with all electric infrastructure.
Sustainability Program Public Works, Facilities, and Parks	Electrification Reach Code Development	Funding for a fellow or organization to assess the feasibility of an electrification reach code
Sustainability Program Fleet Management Program	Fleet Electrification Study	Funding for a fellow or organization to create a fleet electrification plan
Sustainability Program Office of Emergency Service	Prescribed burns	Funding to assist in research and assessment for prescribed burns to reduce wildfire intensity and contain carbon in forests.
Sustainability Program	Electric Rideshare	Funding to research mobility and create an electric rideshare program for disadvantaged communities
Sustainability Program Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Bike Lanes	Funding for creating and making safe County Bike Lanes
Sustainability Program Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Electric bikes	Incentive for the purchase and installation of electric bikes in Monterey County.
Sustainability Program	Food recovery research	Funding for recovering edible food waste from the waste stream or for improving food supply chains

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Social Services		
Sustainability Program	Solar Power Generation	Solar power generating infrastructure at County facilities (e.g. Agricultural Commissioner's Office).
Resource Management Agency Housing and Community Development	Fire Fuel Mitigation	MOU with RCD to act on behalf of the County as Fire Mitigation Officer to pursue projects that reduce fire fuel loads in high fire hazard areas.
Resource Management Agency Housing and Community Development	General Plan Implementation/Updates	Implementation of the existing General Plan (Inland/Coastal) and begin work on forthcoming updates both required by new State Law (Economic Justice) and as needed due to the age of the existing General Plans.
Resource Management Agency Housing and Community Development Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Carmel Lagoon Flood Protection / Ecological Restoration	Suite of projects to protect infrastructure, public facilities, and private homes. Projects to improve water quality and restore ecological functions of the Carmel Lagoon as well as reduce flood risk of structures.
Resource Management Agency Housing and Community Development Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Carmel River Floodplain Restoration and Environmental Enhancement (CRFREE)	Project to reduce flooding hazards, restore the floodplain, provide habitat restoration, and other improvements. Includes Cooperative Agreement with Caltrans for State Route 1 improvements.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	San Lucas Water project	Design, environmental assessment, engineering, and construction work on a pipeline from King City to the disadvantaged community of San Lucas to provide a clean source of drinking water.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) and Asset Master Plans	Modern work order and time tracking tools for use by staff for better time and resource management. Asset prioritization from the master plans to help focus the County on funding and project priorities. * Note: From the Citygate Associates report on the recommendations for the former Resource Management Agency.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Former Ft Ord Lands Management	Funding and resources to maintain several thousand acres of former U.S. Army lands/base dedicated to the County.
Public Works, Facilities &	Davis Road Bridge & Lane Expansion	Replace existing bridge on Davis Road near City of Salinas and convert a segment of Davis Road from Reservation Road to Blanco Road to four lanes.

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
ParksResource Management Agency		Project will improve traffic flow, traffic safety, and stop seasonal closures due to flooding.
Public Works, Facilities & ParksResource Management Agency	Las Lomas Drive Drainage Improvements	Construct underground drainage facility to mitigate localized flooding located between Sill and Thomas Roads on Las Lomas Drive.
Resource Management AgencyHousing and Community Development -Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Homeless Navigation Shelters and Innovative Housing Solutions	Construct a a regional homeless navigation shelters and housing solutions that will expand the ability to services to the homeless population, and address emergency shelter needs, and provide navigation services to move people into permanent housing. Identify regional innovative solutions to expand housing opportunities for those experiencing homelessness.
Resource Management AgencyHousing and Community Development Public Works, Facilities & Parks Social Services	Safe Parking and Navigation Services	Identify and prepare safe designated area(s) for safe parking countywide to address emergency homeless needs and provide navigation services to move people into permanent housing.
Resource Management AgencyHousing and Community Development	Affordable Housing	Identify sites to provide additional affordable housing throughout the County. Prepare environmental analysis documents (CEQA) for identified sites. Supporting infrastructure, facilities, and programs are needed (e.g., East Garrison). Apply for funding solutions to create a Housing Trust Fund to ensure funding resources are readily available to expedite tax credit applications. Collaborate with the Housing Authority to ensure project-based vouchers are available for housing developments.
Housing and Community Development Health	Permanent Supportive Housing	Identify opportunities to partner and develop permanent supportive housing for those most vulnerable countywide to end homelessness.
Resource Management AgencyPublic Works, Facilities & Parks	South County Court Access (Greenfield, King City)	Construction of a new courthouse to provide the southern region of Monterey County with a modern, secure, full-service facility. The facility will provide expanded court services through increased judicial-proceedings capacity, returning needed civil and small claims case processing.

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	State Route 1 Corridor Improvements, Marina to Moss Landing	Work with Caltrans on safety improvements to intersections on Highway 1 (SR 1) between Marina, north to the County line, including Moss Landing.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks	G-12 Pajaro to Prunedale Corridor Study	Safety Improvements along the G-12 corridor from US 101 to the Santa Cruz County border, in the North County. Roads consist of San Miguel Canyon, Hall Road, Elkhorn Road, Salinas Road, and Porter Drive.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks	US 101 South of Salinas Corridor Study	Safety Improvements along the US 101 corridor from the southerly border of the City of Salinas to the City of Gonzales and beyond. Possible solutions include new interchanges, new intersection controls, and new frontage roads.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Elkhorn Road/Werner Road/Salinas Road Roundabout	Evaluate the intersection of Elkhorn Road, Werner Road, and Salinas Road to identify alternatives to improve traffic operations and safety in the area.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Highway 68 Improvements	Coordinate with Caltrans to evaluate roundabouts that could allow better movement and improve safety along Highway 68.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Jolon Road	County road that is frequently used by the military for maneuvers at Fort Hunter Liggett, possibly eligible for Defense Access Roads (DAR) grant. Scope is safety upgrades and road repairs.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks Resource Management Agency	Palo Colorado Road MP 4.0-7.4	County road that travels from SR 1 through Forest Service land, past a State Park, to a Boy Scout Camp. Road is only access road for constituents and visitors. Road was severely damaged by 2017 Winter Storms, and qualified for FEMA reimbursement. However, the funding gap is approximately \$7.5 million between the cost estimate and the reimbursement. Scope is to perform debris removal, slide repairs, soil nail wall construction, retaining wall construction, and culvert rehabilitation.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks Resource Management Agency	Nacimiento-Fergusson Road	Caltrans SR 1 was damaged by the 2017 Winter Storms and made impassable. While Caltrans repaired the road, highway traffic was diverted down the County road, Nacimiento-Fergusson Road, for over 1.5 years. The County road was impacted and further damaged by all the additional traffic. Scope is to repair and repave the road. Furthermore, this road has been damaged by the

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
		2020 Dolan Fire, along most of its length – now it needs emergency protective measures and stormwater enhancements for wet weather.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks Resource Management Agency	Old Monterey County Jail	Transformation of the Old Monterey County Jail. Project TBD June 2020. Pursuing potential grant opportunities to supplement any State Seek funding for allocated toward preservation and reuse of the historic Old Monterey County Jail.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks Resource Management Agency	Salinas Soccer Complex	Support City of Salinas construction of regional indoor and outdoor soccer facilities with supporting amenities.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks	BMX bike track/skate park	Funding for a BMX bike track, skate park, and sidewalk on East Laurel Drive in Salinas
Public Works, Facilities & Parks Resource Management Agency	San Lucas / San Ardo Neighborhood Parks	Construct neighborhood parks in communities where recreational amenities are currently lacking. Seek land owners willing to donate land for the purpose of constructing parks.
Resource Management Agency and Cities Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Blight Removal	Regional approach to address abandoned structures that are in need of toxic remediation and removal in former Fort Ord.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Vehicle Replacement: Public Works and Parks	Replace (purchase or lease) old heavy equipment (e.g., stripers and patch trucks) with vehicles which meet air quality standards. New light duty equipment replacement due to age and usage. New septic vacuum truck for sewer maintenance at Parks (reservoir) facilities.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Elkhorn Slough Flood Protection / Ecological Restoration	Projects to improve the ecosystem of the slough, improve Elkhorn Road from flood risk, remove the rail line from flooding, and reduce risk of rail-line spills in the slough.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Flood Prevention – Countywide Drainage Maintenance	Proactively complete maintenance work along drainage areas within Monterey County which are prone to higher than normal flood risk. Work may include locating underground services, permitting, traffic management, on-site biology monitoring, vegetation management, debris removal, flushing culverts, excavation of sediment, bank stabilization, hauling, and reporting. Includes permitting/ environmental plus implementation costs. May want to consider a Countywide flood/drainage maintenance program permitting.

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Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Litter Abatement	Supplemental funding and resources for removing illegal litter dumping in the County Road Right-of-Way.
Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Sidewalks in the South County	Projects using ATP grant funding to install new sidewalks in South County communities
Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Lockwood-San Lucas Bridge	Replacement of an aged truss bridge crossing the Salinas River. Project will enhance traffic safety.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Road and Bridge Maintenance	Projects to improve road and bridge maintenance, especially the 70% of County roads which do not meet State maintenance standards.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Improved Park Access	Road, parking, and trailhead improvements to improve access to Pinnacles National Park, Fort Ord, Toro Park, and Lake San Antonio.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Mobile Technology for Park Ranger Patrol Vehicles	Mobile computers in 12 park ranger patrol vehicles to link to the Sheriff's Department dispatch for accurate response mapping, hazardous chemical response, and critical enforcement data. Increased officer efficiency, safety, and customer service.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Road Resurfacing, Parking Lot and Drainage Repair	Lake San Antonio North Shore road resurfacing, parking lot improvements, and drainage system repairs.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Drinking Water, Storage, and Sanitation Upgrades	Water and sewer upgrades at multiple Parks locations, especially Laguna Seca, Toro Park, and Lake Nacimiento.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	ADA Transition Plan	Complete an ADA Transition Plan and initiate upgrades at multiple Parks facilities.
Resource Management Agency Public Works, Facilities & Parks	Quagga & Zebra Mussel Prevention	Quagga and Zebra Mussel prevention activities to prevent infestation of Lakes Nacimiento & San Antonio. Enforcement, education, outreach, and facility improvements.
Water Resources Agency	Quagga & Zebra Mussels	Update quagga and zebra mussel prevention plan.
Water Resources Agency	Interlake Tunnel and Spillway Modification Project	Construction of a tunnel and associated components (e.g.: fish screens) to connect existing reservoir facilities, increase storage, and provide

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
		environmental and water conservation release efficiencies.
Water Resources Agency	San Antonio & Nacimiento Dam/Spillway Rehabilitation-/-Replacement	DSOD has inspected the San Antonio and Nacimiento dams/spillways. The Oroville Dam spillway failure caused increased scrutiny by DSOD on spillway chutes and will likely result in major rehabilitation or replacement of facilities at San Antonio and Nacimiento.
Water Resources Agency	Pajaro River Flood Risk Management Project	A combination of structural measures along the lower Pajaro River, Salsipuedes Creek and Corralitos Creek to reduce flood Risk in Pajaro and Watsonville.
Water Resources Agency	Salinas River Management Program	Improve watershed management, water delivery scenarios, and maintenance of the Salinas River to reduce flooding and restore habitat.
Water Resources Agency	Salinas River Habitat Conservation Plan	Develop a habitat conservation plan for facility operations and maintenance for compliance with the Endangered Species Act.
Water Resources Agency	Salinas Valley Water Project Phase II	Develop non-groundwater sources to offset groundwater pumping, reduce seawater intrusion into the Salinas River Groundwater Basin, and improve water supply (Permit 11043).
Water Resources Agency	Destruction of Abandoned Wells	With implementation of a recycled water source, wells in seawater intruded areas need to be destroyed so the well casings do not become conduits for seawater to move from upper to lower aquifers.
Water Resources Agency	Expansion of Recycled Water Project	Expand recycled water facilities in the coastal portion of the Salinas Valley.
Water Resources Agency	Flood Reduction Projects	Improve the Moss Landing tide flood gates, reduce Santa Rita Creek flooding, and reduce flood risks at waste treatment plant near Soledad.
Water Resources Agency	Planning and Environmental Assessment Funding	Planning and environmental assessment for nearly all projects to make them eligible for construction grant funding.
Public Safety		
CAO Health	Crisis Response Team	Crisis response team to better respond to crimes affecting the community. Crisis support and debriefing, service referrals, and staffing.

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
CAO	Social Marketing Campaign for Literacy	Social marketing programs to improve literacy, especially third grade reading proficiency, and promote violence prevention.
CAO	Victim Services	Expansion of Sexual Assault Response Team and Advocacy Center to South Monterey County for forensic examinations, law enforcement interviews with victims and witnesses of sexual assault and domestic violence.
CAO	Youth Diversion	Youth diversion programs that provide youth who commit first low-level crimes the opportunity to address the root causes of their actions and prevent juvenile justice involvement.
CAO	Youth Employment and Mentorship	Funding that will create youth employment opportunities paired with mentorship support designed for gang and system impacted youth.
CAO	Violence Interrupters	Programming to assist gang members seeking a way out and intervention to reduce the incidence of gang member families joining and participating in gangs.
CAO	Training and Professional Development	Training and professional development for providers of gang and system impacted youth to increase cultural competency, implement healing and trauma informed approaches to services and programs.
District Attorney	Case Management System Interface	Update case management system to interface with the systems of other local law enforcement agencies.
District Attorney	Digital Handheld Radios	Investigators require new handheld radios with dual bank capacity.
District Attorney	Staffing for Truancy and Victims Programs	Victim's Advocate position to provide services to additional victims of crime, Legal Assistant for the truancy program to improve outreach to schools around the County.
Emergency Communications (911)	911 Continuity of Operations	Expand Mobile dispatch center to allow 911 services set up at alternative location and/or assistance with maintaining a 911 dispatch center backup location to include emergency phone lines, Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) and Radio Communication. Create more remote options for Next Generation 9-1-1 access to emergency phone lines, CAD and Radio (NGEN). The COVID-19 Pandemic has demonstrated the need for more physical distance between workstations, improved filtration, and when needed remote access.

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
Emergency Communications (911)	Security for 911/OES Center	Perimeter fencing and security cameras for the shared facility 911 Dispatch Center and the primary Emergency Operations Center (EOC) in an emergency.
Office of Emergency Services	Enhance Emergency Response to Schools, Public Buildings, and Businesses	Provide on-site personnel at schools, public buildings, and business with alerting capability to notify 911 and send localized alerts during emergency situations. School safety/anti-terrorism technology.
Office of Emergency Services	Resiliency, Planning, Emergency Preparation, Recovery	Programming for community and regional resiliency building, planning for hazards, disasters, terrorism, emergency preparation, and post-disaster recovery.
Office of Emergency Services	State Homeland Security Grant	Funding to protect against, mitigate, respond to and recover from acts of terrorism and other catastrophic events.
Office of Emergency Services	Emergency Management Program Grant	Funding for preparing for all hazards to protect life and property. This grant must go through the Operational Area identified by the state.
Office of Emergency Services	UASI Grant - Urban Area Strategic Initiative	To build, enhance, and sustain capability to prevent and protect against acts of terrorism.
Office of Emergency Services	Emergency Management Activities	Funding for other emergency management activities involving preparedness, prevention, mitigation, and recovery (e.g.; PSPS or hazard mitigation).
Probation	Silver Star Resource Center	Improve youth/family services, truancy programs, behavioral health services, mentoring programs, Partners for Peace, fund nonprofit providers. Expand service to other County locations.
Probation	Infrastructure, Facilities, and Equipment	Improve office facilities, infrastructure, equipment (computers/software for client tracking between partner departments to improve case management.
Probation	Improved Programming for Probation Population, Improved Client Services	Programs for in-custody/reentry adults/juveniles. Deputy probation officer for First 5. Expand Child Advocate Program into a Family Advocate Program.
Probation	Training	Additional training for probation staff.
Public Defender	Improved Public Defender Services	Funding for attorneys, investigators, social workers, and legal support staff to process post sentence relief, AB 1810 evaluations, Franklin hearings, social reports for serious felony matters, perform community outreach, address dramatic increase in misdemeanor filings related to Prop 47,

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT / NEED	PROJECT DESCRIPTION / NOTES
		and provide other services. Funding for equipment to transition to a paperless office.
Sheriff	Corrections Improvement Funding	Upgrades to the jail to improve energy efficiency, improve ADA accessibility, improve security cameras, add mental health beds, expand eligibility worker staffing, and staff for jail programming.
Sheriff	Anti-Drug Trafficking Boat	Interdiction boat needed for new SWAT dive team to combat drug trafficking
Sheriff	Dash Cams, Body Cams, and Bullet Proof Vests	Dashboard cameras, body cameras, data storage equipment to support cameras, and bullet proof vests.
Sheriff	Fleet Replacement	Fleet replacement vehicles.
Sheriff	Cannabis Cultivation Related Enforcement	Increase enforcement of cannabis laws with additional staffing.
Sheriff	Staffing Expansion	Staffing: Deputies for program escorts, staff for record keeping, and crime scene lab technicians.
Sheriff District Attorney Probation	Case Management System Interface	Improve information sharing between justice related departments and the Courts system for sharing client information and better case management. Improvement should include better analytics and statistical tracking.
CAO with public safety, health, social services departments	JAG Grant - Board of State and Community Corrections (BSCC)	Staffing for the Sheriff's Department, District Attorney's Office, and the Probation Department focused on prevention, education, and law enforcement related truancy, gang related crimes, and substance abuse.